YASKAWA

AC Servo Drives \[\sum_-V-MD \ \text{Series} \\ USER'S \ MANUAL \\ MECHATROLINK-III \\ Standard \ \text{Servo Profile Commands} \]

MECHATROLINK-III Communication Settings

Command Format

Main Commands

Subcommands

Operation Sequence

Function/Command Related Parameters

Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands

Common Parameters

Virtual Memory Space

MANUAL NO. SIEP S800001 03C

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Preface

This manual describes the specifications of standard servo profile commands used in MECHATROLINK-III communications for the Σ -V-MD series SERVOPACKs, the basic operations using these commands, and the parameters for these commands.

Supported Profile Version

Ver. 1.0

Targeted Readers

Users who incorporate the standard servo profile commands in controllers Users who design applications for host controllers that use standard servo profile commands directly

Related Documentation

Refer to the User's Manual for your Σ -V-MD-series SERVOPACK for information on SERVOPACK hardware, adjustment, and trial operation.

<Issued by the MECHATROLINK Members Association>

- MECHATROLINK-III Protocol Specifications (Manual No.: MMA TDEP 020A)
- MECHATROLINK-III Command Specifications for Standard Servo Profile (Manual No.: MMA TDEP 021A)



Be sure that you fully understand each command and use the commands in the order appropriate for your application.

Incorrect usage of the commands can result not only unexpected motions, but in a serious accident.

Special care and verification must be taken for usage of the commands in order to avoid accidents.

Be sure to also establish safety measures for the system.

If you use an MP-series machine controller to control a Σ -V-MD-series SERVOPACK, refer to the User's Manual for your machine controller.

Terminology

This section defines the terminology used in this manual.

[Transmission Cycle and Communication Cycle]

· Transmission Cycle:

The transmission cycle is the cycle in the MAC (Media Access Control) layer. It is the communication cycle for physically sending data to the transmission path. The transmission cycle is unaffected by the services provided by the application layer.

· Communication Cycle:

The communication cycle is the cycle for application layer. The communication cycle is set to an integral multiple of the transmission cycle.

[Synchronization Classification]

Standard servo profile commands include both synchronous and asynchronous commands.

• Synchronous Commands (Classification S):

For commands of this type, commands are sent and response are received every communication cycle.

The WDT (Watchdog Timer) in the frames are refreshed and checked every communication cycle. Synchronous commands can be used only during synchronous communications (Phase 3).

· Asynchronous Commands (Classification A):

For commands of this type, commands are sent and response are received asynchronously to the communication cycle.

Subsequent commands can be sent after confirming the completion of processing of the slave station that received the command.

The WDT (Watchdog Timer) in the frames are not checked.

[Common Commands]

Commands that are common for MECHATROLINK-III communications, independent of profiles

[Servo Commands]

Commands that are defined in the standard servo profile and specific to SERVOPACKs

[Motion Commands]

Among servo commands, the following commands are called motion commands.

INTERPOLATE
POSING
FEED
EX_FEED
EX_POSING
ZRET
VELCTRL
TROCTRL

General Precautions

Observe the following general precautions to ensure safe application.

- The products shown in illustrations in this manual are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace the cover or protective guard as specified first, and then operate the products in accordance with the manual
- · The drawings presented in this manual are typical examples and may not match the product you received.
- If the manual must be ordered due to loss or damage, inform your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the
 offices listed on the back of this manual.

Warranty

(1) Details of Warranty

■ Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereinafter called "delivered product") is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

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- 1. Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
- 2. Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
- 3. Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
- 4. Abuse of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
- 5. Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
- 6. Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

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- 2. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
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- 4. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

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- 2. The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
- 3. Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
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 - Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
 - Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
 - Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
 - Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
- 4. Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
- 5. The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
- 6. Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

(4) Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

Contents

Warranty	
Chapter 1 MECHATROLINK-III Communication Settings	1-1
1.1 Layers 1.2 Frame Structure. 1.3 State Transition Diagram. 1.4 Command and Response Timing. 1.4.1 Command Data Execution Timing 1.4.2 Monitored Data Input Timing 1.5 List of Commands. 1.5.1 Command Types 1.5.2 Main Commands 1.5.3 Subcommands. 1.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands.	1-2 1-3 1-4 .1-4 .1-5 .1-5 .1-5
Chapter 2 Command Format	2-1
2.1 Common Command Format 2.2 Command Header Section of Main Command Area 2.2.1 Command Code (CMD/RCMD) 2.2.2 Watchdog Data (WDT/RWDT) 2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL) 2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT) 2.3 Command Header Section of Subcommand Area 2.3.1 Subcommand Codes (SUB_CMD/SUB_RCMD) 2.3.2 Subcommand Control (SUB_CTRL) 2.3.3 Subcommand Status (SUB_STAT)	2-4 .2-4 .2-5 .2-5 .2-6 2-10 2-10 2-10
2.4 Servo Command Format 2 2.5 Command Header Section 2 2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL) 2 2.5.2 Servo Command Status (SVCMD_STAT) 2 2.5.3 Supplementary Information on CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL 2 2.5.4 Supplementary Information on Latching Operation 2	2-13 2-13 2-15 2-17 2-19
2.6 Servo Command I/O Signal (SVCMD_IO) 2 2.6.1 Bit Allocation of Servo Command Output Signals 2 2.6.2 Bit Allocation of Servo Command Input Signal Monitoring 2 2.7 Command Data 2 2.7.1 Data Order 2 2.7.2 Specifying Units 2 2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data 2 2.7.4 Position Data 2	2-20 2-22 2-25 2-25 2-25 2-26

Chapter 3 Main Commands
3.1 Common Commands 3-2 3.1.1 Common Commands 3-2 3.1.2 No Operation Command (NOP: 00H) 3-3 3.1.3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03H) 3-4 3.1.4 Setup Device Command (CONFIG: 04H) 3-11 3.1.5 Read Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_RD: 05H) 3-13 3.1.6 Clear Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_CLR: 06H) 3-15 3.1.7 Start Synchronous Communication Command (SYNC_SET: 0DH) 3-17 3.1.8 Establish Connection Command (CONNECT: 0FH) 3-18 3.1.9 Disconnection Command (DISCONNECT: 0FH) 3-20 3.1.11 Write Memory Command (MEM_RD: 1DH) 3-21 3.1.11 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1EH) 3-23 3.2 Servo Commands 3-26 3.2.1 Table of Servo Commands (POS_SET: 20H) 3-27 3.2.2 Set Coordinates Command (POS_SET: 20H) 3-27 3.2.3 Apply Brake Command (BRK_ON: 21H) 3-29 3.2.4 Release Brake Command (BRK_OFF: 22H) 3-30 3.2.5 Turn Sensor ON Command (SENS_ON: 23H) 3-32 3.2.7 Servo Status Monitor Command (SENS_OFF: 24H) 3-33 3.2.9 Servo OF Command (SENS_OFF: 24H) 3-33 3.2.10 Interpolation Command (SENS_OFF: 23H) 3-34 3.2.19 Servo O
Chapter 4 Subcommands
4.1 Subcommands4-24.2 No Operation Subcommand (NOP: 00H)4-34.3 Read Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_RD: 05H)4-44.4 Clear Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_CLR: 06H)4-54.5 Read Memory Subcommand (MEM_RD: 1DH)4-64.6 Write Memory Subcommand (MEM_WR: 1EH)4-74.7 Servo Status Monitor Subcommand (SMON: 30H)4-84.8 Read Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM_RD: 40H)4-94.9 Write Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM_WR: 41H)4-10

Chapter 5 Operation Sequence
5.1 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III and Communications Specifications
Chapter 6 Function/Command Related Parameters
6.1 Position Control 6-2 6.1.1 Interpolation Command 6-2 6.1.2 Positioning Command 6-2 6.2 Torque (Force) Limiting Function 6-3 6.3 Torque (Force) Feedforward Function 6-4 6.4 Software Limit Function 6-5 6.5 Latch Function 6-6 6.5.1 Setting the Latching Allowable Area 6-7
Chapter 7 Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands7-1
7.1 Communication Related Alarms. 7-2 7.2 Warnings Related to Communication and Commands 7-4 7.2.1 Communication Errors (COMM_ALM) 7-4 7.2.2 Command Errors (CMD_ALM) 7-4
Chapter 8 Common Parameters
8.1 Overview 8-2 8.2 List of Common Parameters 8-3
Chapter 9 Virtual Memory Space9-1
9.1 Virtual Memory Space9-29.2 Information Allocated to Virtual Memory9-39.2.1 ID Information Area9-39.2.2 Common Parameter Area9-49.2.3 Adjustment Operation Area9-5

Revision History

MECHATROLINK-III Communication Settings

1.1 L	Layers	1-2
1.2 F	Frame Structure	1-2
1.3 5	State Transition Diagram	1-3
1.	Command and Response Timing	1-4
	List of Commands	
	5.1 Command Types	
	5.2 Main Commands	
	5.3 Subcommands	
1.	.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands	1-7

1.1 Layers

The MECHATROLINK-III communications layers have functions equivalent to layers 1, 2, and 7 in the OSI (Open System Interconnection) reference model.

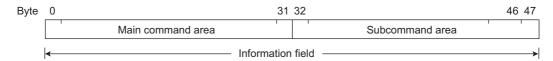
Hierarchical Organization in the OSI Reference Model

OSI	MECHATROLINK-III Protocol
Layer 7: Application layer	MECHATROLINK-III application layer
Layers 3 to 6	None
Layer 2: Data link layer	ASIC dedicated to MECHATROLINK-III
Layer 1: Physical layer	Standard Ethernet PHY IEEE 802.3u

This manual describes standard servo profile commands for the application layer.

1.2 Frame Structure

A standard servo profile command is composed of the combination of a main command and a subcommand as shown below. It is also possible to use a main command alone.

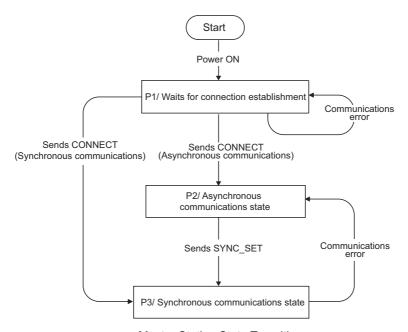


Classification	Byte	Command Response				
Information	0 to 31	sed by main commands.				
Field	32 to 47	Used by subcommands. The subcommands for Note: In some main commands, subcommand	r servo commands use byte 33 to byte 48. cannot be used.			

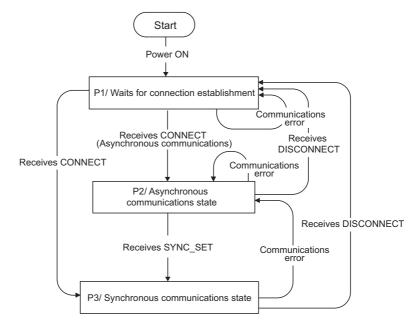
The application layer interfaces with only the information field.

1.3 State Transition Diagram

The master and slave station state transitions are shown in the following diagrams.



Master Station State Transition



Slave Station State Transition

Phase	Abbreviation	Description
1	P1	Waiting for establishment of connection.
2	P2	Asynchronous communications enabled. Only asynchronous commands can be used.
3	Р3	Synchronous communications enabled. Both synchronous and asynchronous commands can be used.

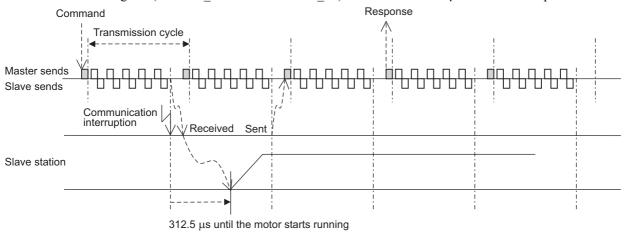
1.4 Command and Response Timing

This section describes command execution timing at the SERVOPACK and monitored data input timing at the master station.

These timings are constant, regardless of the transmission cycle and communication cycle.

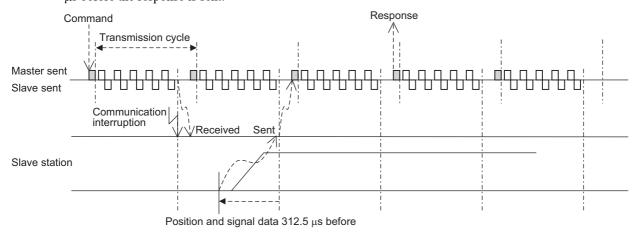
1.4.1 Command Data Execution Timing

Motion commands (such as POSING and INTERPOLATE), and the servo command control and servo command I/O signals (SVCMD_CTRL and SVCMD_IO) are executed 312.5 µs after their reception.



1.4.2 Monitored Data Input Timing

The monitor data (such as the encoder position and motor speed), I/O^* , and status data are the data from 312.5 μ s before the response is sent.



* The I/O data is from up to 2 ms before the response is sent.

1.5 List of Commands

1.5.1 Command Types

Standard servo profile commands are classified into common commands and servo commands.

Common commands: Commands that are common for MECHATROLINK-III communications, independent

of profiles

Servo commands: Commands that are defined in the standard servo profile and specific to SERVOPACKs

1.5.2 Main Commands

The standard servo profile main commands used for Σ -V series SERVOPACKs are listed below.

Category	Command Code (Hex.)	Command	Command Name	Function	Reference	
	00	NOP	No operation command	Nothing is performed.	3.1.2	
	03	ID_RD	Read ID command	Reads the device ID.	3.1.3	
	04	CONFIG	Device setup request command	Enables the current parameter settings.	3.1.4	
	05	ALM_RD	Read alarm/warning command	Reads the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	3.1.5	
Common	06	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state command	Clears the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	3.1.6	
Commands	0D	SYNC_SET	Request for establishing synchronization command	Starts synchronous communications.	3.1.7	
	0E	CONNECT	Request for establishing connection command	Requests the establishment of a connection and setting of the communication mode.	3.1.8	
	0F	DISCONNECT	Request for releasing connection command	Requests disconnection.	3.1.9	
	1D	MEM_RD	Read memory command	Reads data from virtual memory.	3.1.10	
	1E	MEM_WR	Write memory command	Writes data to virtual memory.	3.1.11	
	20	POS_SET	Set coordinates command	Sets the coordinate system.	3.2.2	
	21	BRK_ON	Request for applying brake command	Turns the brake signal OFF and applies the holding brake.	3.2.3	
	22	BRK_OFF	Release brake command	Turns the brake signal ON and releases the holding brake.	3.2.4	
	23	SENS_ON	Request for turning sensor ON command	Turns the encoder power supply ON, and gets the position data.	3.2.5	
	24	SENS_OFF	Request for turning sensor OFF command	Turns the encoder power supply OFF.	3.2.6	
Servo	30	SMON	Monitor servo status command	Monitors the SERVOPACK status.	3.2.7	
Commands	31	SV_ON	Servo ON command	Turns the servo of the motor ON.	3.2.8	
	32	SV_OFF	Servo OFF command	Turns the servo of the motor OFF.	3.2.9	
	34	INTERPO- LATE	Interpolation command	Starts interpolation feeding.	3.2.10	
	35	POSING	Positioning command	Starts positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD).	3.2.11	
	36	FEED	Constant speed feed command	Starts constant speed feeding at the target speed (TSPD).	3.2.12	
	37	EX_FEED	Positioning at constant speed by external input command	Starts constant speed feeding at the target speed (TSPD). When an external signal is input part way through, positioning to the specified position is performed from the external signal input position.	3.2.13	

1.5.3 Subcommands

(cont'd)

Category	Command Code (Hex.)	Command	Command Name	Function	Reference
Servo Commands	39	EX_POSING	Positioning by external input command	Starts positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD). When an external signal is input part way through, positioning to the speci- fied position is performed from the external signal input position.	3.2.14
	3A	ZRET	Zero point return command	Performs zero point return.	3.2.15
	3C	VELCTRL	Velocity control command	Controls speed.	3.2.16
	3D	TRQCTRL	Torque (force) control command	Controls torque (force).	3.2.17
	40	SVPRM_RD	Read servo parameter command	Reads the specified servo parameter.	3.2.18
	41	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter command	Writes the specified servo parameter.	3.2.19
	C0	S_POSING	S-curve acceleration/ deceleration positioning command	Performs positioning toward the target position (TPOS) using S-curve acceleration/deceleration.	3.2.20

1.5.3 Subcommands

The standard servo profile subcommands used for Σ -V series SERVOPACKs are listed below.

Category	Command Code (Hex.)	Command	Command Name	Function	Reference
	00	NOP	No operation command	Nothing is performed.	4.2
Servo Commands	05	ALM_RD	Read alarm/ warning command	Reads the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	4.3
	06			Clears the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	4.4
	1D	MEM_RD	Read memory command	Reads data from virtual memory.	4.5
	1E	MEM_WR	Write memory command	Writes data to virtual memory.	4.6
	30	SMON	Monitor servo status command	Monitors the SERVOPACK status.	4.7
	40	SVPRM_RD	Read servo parameter command	Reads the specified servo parameter.	4.8
	41	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter command	Writes the specified servo parameter.	4.9

1.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands

The combinations of main commands and subcommands are listed below. When an invalid combination is specified, an alarm (SUBCMD_ALM = BM (A.95E)) occurs.

			Subcommands							
			NOP (00H)	ALM_ RD (05H)	ALM_ CLR (06H)	MEM_ RD (1DH)	MEM_ WR (1EH)	SMON (30H)	SVPRM _RD (40H)	SVPRM _WR (41H)
		NOP (00H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		ID_RD (03H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		CONFIG (04H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		ALM_RD (05H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	Common	ALM_CLR (06H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	Commands	SYNC_SET (0DH)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		CONNECT (0EH)	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
		DISCONNECT (0FH)	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
		MEM_RD (1DH)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		MEM_WR (1EH)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
	Servo Commands	POS_SET (20H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		BRK_ON (21H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		BRK_OFF (22H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		SENS_ON (23H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
Main Commands		SENS_OFF (24H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		SMON (30H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		SV_ON (31H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		SV_OFF (32H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		INTERPOLATE (34H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		POSING (35H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		FEED (36H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		EX_FEED (37H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		EX_POSING (39H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		ZRET (3AH)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		VELCTRL (3CH)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		TRQCTRL (3DH)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		SVPRM_RD (40H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		SVPRM_WR (41H)	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	×
		S_POSING (C0H)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

O: Can be combined ×: Cannot be combined

Note: Even for a valid combination, a command error (A.95A) occurs if the execution conditions of the commands are not satisfied.

Example: If initialization of a parameter is attempted by the MEM_WR command while sending the SV_ON command (during the servo ON state), a command error (A.95A) occurs instead of a command interference error (A.95E).

1.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands

Command Format

2.1 Common Command Format	2-2
2.2 Command Header Section of Main Command Area 2.2.1 Command Code (CMD/RCMD) 2.2.2 Watchdog Data (WDT/RWDT) 2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL) 2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT)	2-4 2-5 2-5
2.3 Command Header Section of Subcommand Area 2.3.1 Subcommand Codes (SUB_CMD/SUB_RCMD) 2.3.2 Subcommand Control (SUB_CTRL) 2.3.3 Subcommand Status (SUB_STAT)	2-10 2-10
2.4 Servo Command Format	2-12
2.5 Command Header Section 2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL) 2.5.2 Servo Command Status (SVCMD_STAT) 2.5.3 Supplementary Information on CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL 2.5.4 Supplementary Information on Latching Operation	2-13 2-15 2-17
2.6 Servo Command I/O Signal (SVCMD_IO)	2-20
2.7 Command Data 2.7.1 Data Order 2.7.2 Specifying Units 2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data 2.7.4 Position Data	
2.1.7 1 Osition Data	2-2

2.1 Common Command Format

This section describes the specifications that are common for all commands.

The format that is common for the commands sent from the master station and the responses returned from slave stations is shown below.

The format of a command can be divided into the main command area (32 bytes) and the subcommand area (16 bytes). The subcommand area is used to supplement the main command with another command. Whether the subcommand area is used or not is determined by the setting of the number of transmission bytes. When the number of transmission bytes is 32, the subcommand area is not used.

Both the main command area and subcommand area are divided into the command header section and the command data section.

Fields in the command header section of the main command area

Command: CMD, WDT, CMD_CTRL
Response: RCMD, RWDT, CMD_STAT

Fields in the command header section of the subcommand area

Command: SUBCMD, SUB_CTRL
Response: RSUBCMD, SUB_STAT

	Byte	Command	Response	Description
	0	CMD	RCMD	• CMD/RCMD:
	1	WDT	RWDT	Command code specified for individual commands. Refer to 2.2.1 Command Code (CMD/RCMD).
	2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	• WDT/RWDT:
	3	CMD_CTRE	CMD_SIM	Refer to 2.2.2 Watchdog Data (WDT/RWDT).
	4			• CMD_CTRL:
	5			Refer to 2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL). • CMD_STAT:
	6			Refer to 2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT).
	7			• CMD_DATA/RSP_DATA:
	8			Specified for individual commands.
	9			
	10			
	11			
	12			
	13			
Main	14			
Command	15			
Area	16 17			
	18	CMD_DATA	RSP_DATA	
	19			
	20			
	21			
	22			
	23			
	24			
	25			
	26			
	27			
	28			
	29			
	30			
	31			

(cont'd)

	Byte	Command	Response	Description		
-	32	SUBCMD	RSUBCMD	• SUBCMD/RSUBCMD:		
	33			Command code specified for individual commands. Refer to 4.1 Subcommands.		
	34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	• SUB CTRL:		
	35	_		Refer to 2.3.2 Subcommand Control (SUB_CTRL).		
a 1	36			• SUB_STAT:		
Sub- command	37		CUD DCD DATA	Refer to 2.3.3 Subcommand Status (SUB_STAT).		
Area	38			• SUB_CMD_DATA/SUB_RSP_DATA: Specified for individual commands. Refer to <i>Chapter</i>		
	:	SUB CMD DATA		4 Subcommands.		
	:	SOB_CIVID_DATA	SOD_RSI_DAIA			
	45					
_	46					
	47					

2.2 Command Header Section of Main Command Area

This section describes the command header section of the main command area.

2.2.1 Command Code (CMD/RCMD)

This is the command code that defines the meaning of the messaging. Byte 0 of the command format is defined as the CMD/RCMD field. The data set in this field of the response data is a copy of that of the command data.

The following table shows the command codes.

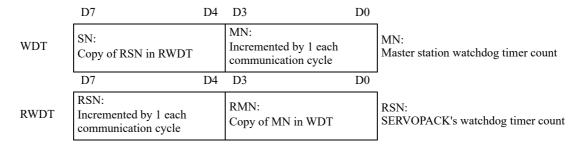
Profile	Command Code	Command	Operation	Compliance*1	Communication Phases*3			
	(Hex.)				1	2	3	
	00	NOP	No operation	0	-	0	0	
	01	PRM_RD	Read parameter	×*2	_	×	×	
	02	PRM_WR	Write parameter	×*2	_	×	×	
	03	ID_RD	Read ID	0	_	0	0	
	04	CONFIG	Device setup request	Δ	-	0	0	
	05	ALM_RD	Read alarm/warning	Δ	_	0	0	
	06	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state	0	-	0	0	
Common Commands	0D	SYNC_SET	Request for establishing synchronization	0		0	Δ	
	0E	CONNECT	Request for establishing connection	0	0	Δ	Δ	
	0F	DISCONNECT	Request for releasing connection	0	0	0	0	
	1B	PPRM_RD	Read stored parameter	×*2	_	×	×	
	1C	PPRM_WR	Write stored parameter	×*2	_	×	×	
	1D	MEM_RD	Read memory	Δ	-	0	0	
	1E	MEM_WR	Write memory	Δ	_	0	0	
-	20	POS_SET	Set coordinates	0	-	0	0	
	21	BRK_ON	Request for applying brake	0	-	0	0	
	22	BRK_OFF	Release brake	0	-	0	0	
	23	SENS_ON	Request for turning sensor ON	0	_	0	0	
	24	SENS_OFF	Request for turning sensor OFF	0	_	0	0	
	30	SMON	Monitor servo status	0	-	0	0	
	31	SV_ON	Servo ON	0	-	0	0	
	32	SV_OFF	Servo OFF	0	-	0	0	
	34	INTERPOLATE	Interpolation	0	_	×	0	
Servo	35	POSING	Positioning	0	_	0	0	
Commands	36	FEED	Constant speed feed	0	_	0	0	
	37	EX_FEED	Positioning at constant speed by external input	0	_	0	0	
	39	EX_POSING	Positioning by external input	0	-	0	0	
	3A	ZRET	Zero point return	0	-	0	0	
	3C	VELCTRL	Velocity control	0	-	0	0	
	3D	TRQCTRL	Torque (force) control	0	-	0	0	
	40	SVPRM_RD	Read servo parameter	Δ	-	0	0	
	41	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter	0	_	0	0	
	C0	s_POSING	Positioning with S-curve acceleration/deceleration	0	=	0	0	

- *1. Indicates the compliance status.
 - O: Possible, Δ : Possible with specification restrictions (Refer to the subsection describing each command for the details of the restrictions.), \times : Not possible
- *2. The standard servo command profile does not use PRM_RD, PRM_WR, PPRM_RD and PPRM_WR, but uses SVPRM_RD and SVPRM_WR instead.
- *3. O: Can be executed, Δ : Ignored, \times : Command error, -: Indefinite response data

2.2.2 Watchdog Data (WDT/RWDT)

The details of the watchdog timer (WDT) data in commands and responses are described below.

Byte 1 of the command/response format is specified as the WDT/RWDT field.



The watchdog data (WDT) is checked after establishing synchronous communications (phase 3). The watchdog data (RWDT) at the SERVOPACK will be refreshed regardless of the establishment of synchronous communications.

2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL)

The following describes the command control data.

Byte 2 and byte 3 of the command format are specified as the CMD_CTRL field.

The designation in the CMD CTRL field is valid even when an alarm specified by CMD ALM has occurred.

The CMD_CTRL field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
CMI	D_ID	Reserved	Reserved	ALM_CLR	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
Reserved							

(1) ALM_CLR: Clear Alarm/Warning State

■ Definition

Clears the alarms and warnings that have occurred in the SERVOPACK.

- 0: Clear alarm/warning disabled
- 1: Clear alarm/warning triggered

Description

Clears the alarm/warning state at the leading edge.

The same processing as when ALM_CLR_MODE = 0 for the ALM_CLR command (the current alarm/warning state is cleared) is performed.

2.2.4 Command Status (CMD STAT)

(2) CMD ID: Command ID

Definition

The master station uses the command ID to have a slave station acknowledge that the command is a new command when the master station sends the same command repeatedly to the slave station.

Applicable commands: EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET A value in the range 0 to 3 is used.

■ Description

Since the slave station returns the CMD_ID of the command being executed, the master station can decisively judge the command to which the slave station sent the response.

While CMD_RDY = 0 (while the execution process of the command is incomplete), the slave station disregards commands that have a different CMD_ID and continues the execution of the command being executed.

2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT)

The following describes the status of responses.

Byte 2 and byte 3 of the response format are specified as the CMD STAT field.

The CMD STAT field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
RCMD_ID		Reserved	Reserved	ALM_CLR_ CMP	CMDRDY	D_WAR	D_ALM
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
COMM_ALM							

(1) D_ALM

■ Definition

This bit indicates the device alarm state of the slave station.

- 1: A device-specific alarm has occurred.
- 0: Other state (normal state, or the alarm specified by COMM_ALM or CMD_ALM has occurred.)

■ Description

- When a device-specific alarm other than the alarm state specified by COMM_ALM and CMD_ALM has occurred, the D ALM status bit is set to "1."
- D ALM is independent of COMM ALM and CMD ALM.
- When a device-specific alarm has occurred and D_ALM is set to "1" in the servo ON state, the servo OFF state is established.
- When the slave station shifts from the alarm state to the normal state as a result of the execution of the ALM_CLR command or CMD_CTRL.ALM_CLR, this bit is set to "0."

[Example]

Device alarm: Excessive position error (A.D00) \rightarrow D ALM = 1

(2) D WAR

■ Definition

This bit indicates the device warning state of the slave station.

- 1: A device-specific warning has occurred.
- 0: Other state (normal state, or the alarm specified by COMM ALM or CMD ALM has occurred.)

Description

- When a device-specific warning other than the warning state specified by COMM_ALM or CMD_ALM has occurred, the D WAR status bit is set to "1."
- D_WAR is independent of COMM_ALM and CMD_ALM.
- When a device-specific warning has occurred and the D_WAR status bit is set to "1" in the servo ON state, the servo ON state is retained.
- When the slave station shifts from the device warning state to the normal state as a result of the execution of the ALM CLR command or CMD CTRL.ALM CLR, this bit is set to "0."

[Example]

Device warning: Overload warning (A.910) \rightarrow D WAR = 1

(3) CMDRDY

■ Definition

This bit indicates whether the slave station is ready to receive commands.

- 1: Command reception enabled
- 0: Command reception disabled

Description

- CMDRDY = 0 means that command processing is in progress. While CMDRDY = 0, the slave station continues to process the current command, but the slave station will discard new commands received while CMDRDY = 0.
- Only the DISCONNECT command is executed immediately regardless of the CMDRDY value.
- Completion of command execution is confirmed in accordance with the completion confirmation method of each command.
- The hold time for CMDRDY = 0 is specified for each command.
- If command execution is possible despite an alarm or warning state, CMDRDY is set to "1."

(4) ALM CLR CMP

■ Definition

This bit indicates the execution state of the ALM CLR command.

- 1: Execution of the ALM CLR command (CMD CTRL.ALM CLR) completed
- 0: Other

Description

- ALM CLR CMP is set to "1" in the following cases.
 - When the alarm clear processing executed by the ALM_CLR command has been completed ALM_CLR_CMP is set to "1" when the alarm cannot be cleared as well.
 - When the alarm clear processing time (approx. 200 ms) has elapsed after receiving the ALM_CLR command.
 - ALM CLR CMP is set to "1" when the alarm cannot be cleared as well.
- ALM CLR CMP can be cancelled by setting "0" for CMD CTRL.ALM CLR.

(5) RCMD ID

Definition

This is the echo-back of the CMD_ID in the CMD_CTRL field of the command data.

Description

- This is the identification code of the same commands that the slave station has received contiguously.
- Returns the CMD ID of the command format.

2.2.4 Command Status (CMD STAT)

(6) CMD_ALM

Definition

This bit indicates the validation result of the command.

Description

- CMD_ALM indicates whether the command is valid or not. The results of validations of the command codes, and the combinations of commands and the data in the command frame are notified.
- CMD ALM is independent of COMM ALM, D ALM and D WAR.
- If a normal command is received after the occurrence of a command error, CMD_ALM is automatically cleared.
- The phase doesn't change even if the status of CMD_ALM is not "0." The servo ON/OFF state doesn't change either.

Code		Description	Remark				
	0	Normal					
	1	Invalid data					
	2						
Warning	3		The slave station notifies the warning state, but operates at				
	4		the specified value or the value on clamping at the maximum				
	5		or minimum value.				
	6						
	7						
	8	Unsupported command received					
	9	Invalid data					
	A	Command execution condition error					
Alarm	В	Subcommand combination error	The slave station notifies the alarm state and the command is not executed.				
	С	Phase error	not executed.				
	D						
	Е						
	F						

[Example]

Command error: Invalid data (A.94B) → CMD_ALM = 9H



Check the status of CMD_ALM with the host controller for every communication cycle and perform appropriate processing because CMD_ALM will be automatically cleared.

(7) COMM_ALM

■ Definition

This bit indicates the MECHATROLINK communications error status.

■ Description

- COMM_ALM shows if the data transmission in the physical or application layer has completed normally or not.
- COMM ALM is independent of CMD ALM, D ALM and D WAR.
- COMM ALM is cleared by the ALM CLR command or CMD CTRL.ALM CLR.

Code		Description	Remark				
	0	Normal					
	1	FCS error	Occurs when an error is detected once.				
	2	Command data not received	The servo ON state is retained when an error is detected in the servo ON state.				
	3	Synchronous frame not received	Error detection method				
	4		1: FCS error				
Warning	5		The SERVOPACK detects FCS errors. 2: Command data not received				
	6		The SERVOPACK detects that command data has not				
	7		been received. 3: Synchronous frame not received The SERVOPACK detects that the synchronous frame has not been received.				
	8	FCS error	Occurs when an error is detected in the following detection				
	9	Command data not received	methods.				
	A	Synchronous frame not received	• If the system is in communication phase 3, it will shift to communication phase 2.				
Alarm	В	Synchronization interval error	Establishes the servo OFF state.				
Alailli	С	WDT error	Error detection method				
	D		8, 9, A: Set if an error is detected twice consecutively using the error detection method for warnings 1, 2 and 3				
	Е		described above.				
	F		B, C: Set immediately upon occurrence of a single error.				

[Example]

Communications error (warning): Reception error warning (A.960) → COMM_ALM = 2H Communications error (alarm): Reception error alarm (A.E60) → COMM_ALM = 9H

2.3 Command Header Section of Subcommand Area

Subcommands use byte 32 to byte 47 of the data field and function as a supplementary command to the main command. This subsection describes the command header section of the subcommand area.

2.3.1 Subcommand Codes (SUB_CMD/SUB_RCMD)

This is the subcommand code that specifies the meaning of the subcommand messaging. Byte 32 of the command format is defined as the SUB_CMD/SUB_RCMD field. The data set in this field of the response data is a copy of that of the command data.

The following table shows the subcommand codes.

Profile	Command Code Command		Operation	Communication Phases ^{*2}			
	(Hex.)			1	2	3	
	00	NOP	No operation	-	0	0	
	05	ALM_RD*1	Read alarm/warning		0	0	
	06	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state	-	0	0	
Servo Commands	1D	MEM_RD*1	Read memory command	-	0	0	
Servo Commands	1E	MEM_WR*1	Write memory command	-	0	0	
	30	SMON	Monitor servo status	-	0	0	
	40	SVPRM_RD*1	Read servo parameter	_	0	0	
	41	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter	_	0	0	

^{*1.} Specification restrictions apply (Refer to the subsection describing each command for the details of the restrictions.)

2.3.2 Subcommand Control (SUB_CTRL)

The following describes the subcommand control data.

Byte 33 to byte 35 of the command format are specified as the SUB CTRL field.

The SUB_CTRL field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

(1) SUB_CTRL Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
Rese	erved	Rese	erved		Rese	rved	
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
	SEL_I	MON4			Rese	rved	
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16
SEL_MON6					SEL_N	MON5	

(2) Details of Control Bits

The following table shows the details of the control bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting		
12 to 15	SEL_MON4	Monitor selection 4	0 to 15	Selects the monitor information with the setting value.		
16 to 19	SEL_MON5	Monitor selection 5	0 to 15	Selects the monitor information with the setting value.		
20 to 23	SEL_MON6	Monitor selection 6	0 to 15	Selects the monitor information with the setting value.		

^{*2.} O: Can be executed, Δ: Ignored, ×: Command error, -: Indefinite response data

2.3.3 Subcommand Status (SUB_STAT)

The following describes the subcommand status of responses.

Byte 33 to byte 35 of the response format are specified as the SUB_STAT field.

The SUB_STAT field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

(1) SUB_STAT Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	
Reserved		Reserved		Reserved	SUBCMDRDY	Reserved	Reserved	
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	
	SEL_	MON4			SUBCMD_ALM			
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16	
SEL_MON6					SEL_N	MON5		

(2) Details of Status Bits

The following table shows the details of the status bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting
2	SUBCMDRDY*	Subcommand ready	1	Subcommand reception enabled
	SOBCIVIDIO 1	Subcommand ready	0	Other
8 to 11	SUBCMD_ALM	Subcommand alarm	0 to 15	Refer to 2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT) (6).
12 to 15	SEL_MON4	Monitor selection 4	0 to 15	Indicates the selected monitor information. (Copy of the command)
16 to 19	SEL_MON5	Monitor selection 5	0 to 15	Indicates the selected monitor information. (Copy of the command)
20 to 23	SEL_MON6	Monitor selection 6	0 to 15	Indicates the selected monitor information. (Copy of the command)

When no subcommand is used, the SUBCMDRDY status bit is set to "1."

2.4 Servo Command Format

This section describes the specifications of the servo commands.

The servo commands are specified by the 32-byte command and response data in the communication specifications as shown in the table below.

The command/response data area can be expanded to 48 bytes by using subcommands. For the subcommands, refer to *Chapter 4 Subcommands*.

The following table shows the format of the servo command and response data.

Byte	Command	Response	Description					
0	CMD	RCMD	• CMD CTRL:					
1	WDT	RWDT	Refer to 2.2.3 Command Control (CMD_CTRL). • CMD_STAT:					
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	Refer to 2.2.4 Command Status (CMD_STAT).					
3	CIVID_CTRE	CIVID_STAT	• SVCMD_CTRL: Refer to 2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL).					
4			• SVCMD STAT:					
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD STAT	Refer to 2.5.2 Servo Command Status (SVCMD_STAT). • SVCMD IO:					
6	5 / 6/112_6 1142		Refer to $\overline{2}$.6 Servo Command I/O Signal (SVCMD_IO).					
7			CMD_DATA/RSP_DATA: Specified for individual commands.					
8			Specified for individual commands.					
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO						
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21	CMD_DATA	RSP_DATA						
22								
23								
24	-							
25								
26								
27								
28 29								
30								
31								

2.5 Command Header Section

Refer to 2.2 Command Header Section of Main Command Area for the details of the command header section (command code, watchdog data and command control fields).

2.5.1 Servo Command Control (SVCMD_CTRL)

Byte 4 to byte 7 of the command format are specified as the SVCMD_CTRL field. The control bit specifies a motion command for a slave station.

The SVCMD_CTRL field contains auxiliary data for the specified command and the control bits have no meaning with commands other than the command that specified the data.

Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD_ALM has occurred.

The SVCMD CTRL field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

(1) SVCMD CTRL Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	
Reserved (0)		ACC	CFIL	STOP_MODE		CMD_ CANCEL	CMD_ PAUSE	
		•			•		•	
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	
Reserv	Reserved (0)		SEL2	LT_SEL1 LT		LT_REQ2	LT_REQ1	
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16	
	SEL_MON2			SEL_MON1				
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24	
Reserved (0)				SEL_MON3				

(2) Details of Control Bits

The following table shows the details of the control bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing		
		Pause of Move	0	None	Level		
0	CMD_PAUSE	Command	1	Move command pause command			
	Pauses execution of the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, and S_POSING commands according to STOP_MODE.						
	CMD_CANCEL	Cancellation of	0	None	Level		
1		Move Command	1	Cancellation of move command			
	Cancels execution of the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, and S_POSING commands according to STOP_MODE.						
		Selection of Stop Mode	0	Stop after deceleration	Level		
	STOP_MODE		1	Immediate stop			
2, 3			2	Reserved			
			3	Reserved			
	Selects the stop mode for CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL.						

(cont'd)

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing			
	ACCFIL		0	No position reference filter				
		Selection of Position Reference	1	Exponential function position reference filter	-Level			
4, 5	ACCLIE	Filter	2	Movement average position reference filter				
			3	Reserved				
	To be set when specif							
	LT REQ1	Latch Request 1	0	None	Leading edge			
8	E1_KEQ1	Eaten Request 1	1	Request for latch	Leading edge			
	Requests latch by the	C phase or an external	input sigi	nal.				
	LT_REQ2	Latch Request 2	0	None	Leading edge			
9	EI_KEQ2	Euten Request 2	1	Request for latch	Deading eage			
	Requests latch by the	C phase or an external	input sigi	nal.				
			0 C phase					
	LT_SEL1	Latch Signal Select 1	1	External input signal 1	Leading edge of			
			2	External input signal 2	LT_REQ1			
10, 11		3 External input signal 3						
	Selects the C phase or the external input signal for LT_REQ1. The signals that are supported depend on the product specifications. For details, refer to the User's Manual for the specific product. Make a setting different from LT_SEL2.							
			0 C phase					
	IT CELO	1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 2	1	External input signal 1	Leading edge of			
	LT_SEL2	Latch Signal Select 2	2	External input signal 2	LT_REQ2			
12, 13			3	External input signal 3				
	Selects the C phase or the external input signal for LT_REQ2. The signals that are supported depend on the product specifications. For details, refer to the User's Manual for the specific product. Make a setting different from LT_SEL1.							
16 to 18	SEL_MON1	Monitor Selection 1	0 to 15	Monitor selection	Level			
10 10 18	Sets the monitor info	rmation.						
19 to 22	SEL_MON2	Monitor Selection 2	0 to 15	Monitor selection	Level			
171044	Sets the monitor info	rmation.	-					
23 to 26	SEL_MON3	Monitor Selection 3	0 to 15	Monitor selection	Level			
23 10 20	Sets the monitor information.							

2.5.2 Servo Command Status (SVCMD_STAT)

Byte 4 to byte 7 of the response format are specified as the SVCMD_STAT field. The status bit indicates the status of the slave station.

Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD_ALM has occurred.

The SVCMD_STAT field is specified as shown below by the communication specification.

(1) SVCMD_STAT Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	
Reserv	Reserved (0)		CFIL	Reserved (0)		CMD _CANCEL _CMP	CMD _PAUSE _CMP	
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	
Reserv	ved (0)	SV_ON	M_RDY	PON	POS_RDY	L_CMP2	L_CMP1	
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16	
	SEL_MON2			SEL_MON1				
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24	
Reserved (0)				SEL_MON3				

(2) Details of Status Bits

The following table shows the details of the status bits.

bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting			
	CMD PAUSE CMP	Completion of Pause of Move	0	Incomplete (when pausing commanded)			
0	CMD_TAUSE_CMI	Command	1	Pausing of move command completed			
	The status used to judge the completion of pausing of the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, and S_POSING commands						
	CMD_CANCEL_	Completion of Cancellation of	0	Incomplete (when cancellation commanded)			
1	CMP	Move Command	1	Cancellation of move command completed			
	The status used to judg ZRET, VELCTRL, an	ge the completion of cancellation d S_POSING commands	of the Po	OSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING,			
			0	No position reference filter			
	ACCFIL	Current Position Reference	1	Exponential function position reference filter			
4, 5		Filter	2	Movement average position reference filter			
			3	Reserved			
	The status used to judge the position reference filter currently being applied						
	L CMP1	Latch Completion 1	0	Latch not completed			
8	L_CWII I	Laten Completion 1	1	Latch completed			
	The status used to judge the completion of latching requested by LT_REQ1 Up until "0" is set for LT_REQ1, L_CMP1 is maintained at "1."						
	I CMD2	Latch Completion 2	0	Latch not completed			
9	L_CMP2	Laten Completion 2	1	Latch completed			
	The status used to judge the completion of latching requested by LT_REQ2 Up until "0" is set for LT_REQ2, L_CMP2 is maintained at "1."						

(cont'd)

bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting			
	DOG DDV	D '' D (E 11 1	0	Disabled			
	POS_RDY	Position Data Enabled	1	Enabled			
10	The status used to judge if the position data currently being monitored as the monitor information of the response data is valid When an incremental encoder is used: "1" is set on completion of the CONNECT command. When an absolute encoder is used: "1" is set on completion of the SENS_ON command and "0" is set on completion of the SENS_OFF and CONFIG commands. When position data cannot be obtained properly due to an encoder error, "0" is set.						
	PON	Power ON	0	Power OFF			
11	PON	Power ON	1	Power ON			
	The status used to jud	ge if the power is turned ON or n	ot				
	M RDY	Motor Energization Ready	0	Not ready			
12	M_KD1	Wotor Energization Ready	1	Ready			
	The status used to jud	ge if the servo can be turned ON	or not				
	SV_ON	Servo ON	0	Servo OFF			
13	5v_0iv	SCIVO OIV	1	Servo ON			
	The status used to jud	ge if the motor is energized or no	t				
	SEL_MON1	Monitor Selection 1: Returns what data is being monitored.	0 to 15	Monitor selection			
16 to 19	The status used to judge the data currently being monitored as the monitor information of the response data (Copy of the command) For details, refer to 2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data.						
	SEL_MON2	Monitor Selection 2: Returns what data is being monitored.	0 to 15	Monitor selection			
20 to 23	The status used to judge the data currently being monitored as the monitor information of the response data (Copy of the command) For details, refer to 2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data.						
24 to 27	SEL_MON3	Monitor Selection 3: Returns what data is being monitored.	0 to 15	Monitor selection			
	The status used to judge the data currently being monitored as the monitor information of the response data (Copy of the command) For details, refer to 2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data.						

2.5.3 Supplementary Information on CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL

(1) CMD_PAUSE (Pausing a Command Operation)

- CMD_PAUSE is used to pause motion command operation. (Motion command processing continues. Motion command operation can be resumed by clearing CMD_PAUSE.)
- CMD_PAUSE is valid only when the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, or S POSING command is specified.

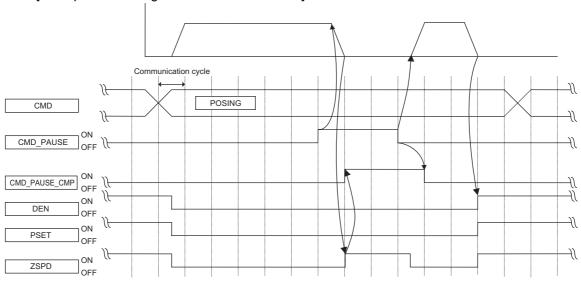
[Pausing Procedure]

- 1. The master station sets "1" for STOP_MODE and CMD_PAUSE and transmits one of the motion commands given above.
- 2. The slave station stops in accordance with STOP_MODE. When deceleration to a stop is specified, the slave station decelerates its motion at the deceleration specified in DECR of the command.
- 3. "1" is set for CMD_PAUSE_CMP at the slave station when CMD_PAUSE and ZSPD become "1." Even after stopping, the slave station maintains the previous control mode and DEN remains at "0" (in the position control mode).

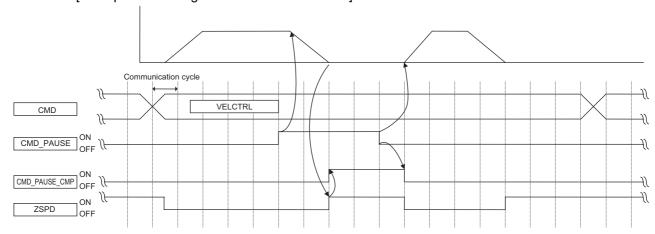
[Precautions]

- CMD_PAUSE is disregarded for commands for which CMD_PAUSE is not valid, and CMD_PAUSE_CMP remains OFF.
- When using CMD_PAUSE, execute the relevant motion command continuously until CMD_PAUSE_CMP becomes "1."
- By setting "0" for CMD_PAUSE, the pausing operation is canceled and the motion command operation is resumed.

[Example of Pausing the POSING Command]



[Example of Pausing the VELCTRL Command]



(2) CMD_CANCEL (Canceling a Command Operation)

- CMD_CANCEL is used to interrupt motion command operation. (Motion command processing is cleared.)
- CMD_CANCEL is valid only when the POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, or S_POSING command is specified.

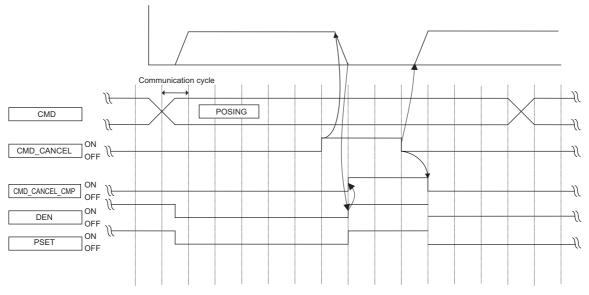
[Canceling Procedure]

- 1. The master station sets "1" for STOP_MODE and CMD_PAUSE and transmits one of the motion commands given above.
- 2. The slave station stops in accordance with STOP_MODE. When deceleration to a stop is specified, the slave station decelerates its motion at the deceleration specified in DECR of the command.
- 3. "1" is set for CMD_CANCEL_CMP at the slave station in the following circumstances. In the position control mode: When CMD_PAUSE and DEN become "1" In the speed control mode: When CMD_CANCEL and ZSPD become "1" Even after stopping, the slave station maintains the previous control mode.

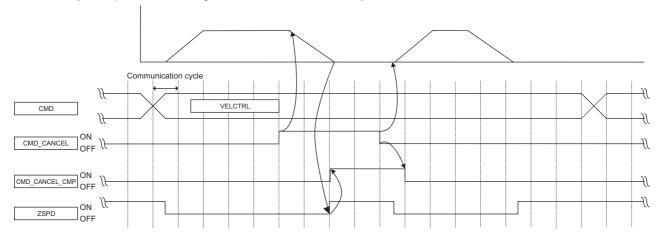
[Precautions]

- CMD_CANCEL is disregarded for commands for which CMD_CANCEL is not valid, and CMD_CANCEL_CMP remains OFF.
- When CMD_PAUSE and CMD_CANCEL are simultaneously turned ON or when CMD_CANCEL is turned ON after CMD_PAUSE, CMD_CANCEL takes priority.
- When using CMD_CANCEL, execute the relevant motion command continuously until CMD_CANCEL_CMP becomes "1."
- By setting "0" for CMD_CANCEL, the cancellation operation is canceled and the motion command is processed as a new motion command.

[Example of Canceling the POSING Command]



[Example of Canceling the VELCTRL Command]



2.5.4 Supplementary Information on Latching Operation

The latch operation is enabled at the leading edge of LT REQ1 and LT REQ2. The operations to be performed when commands are changed after enabling the latch operation are specified in the table below. (The value of LT_SEL is an example.)

Command before Switching	Command after Switching	Latch Operation
Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Common commands	Interrupts operation as a command with a latch function.
Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Common commands	
Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1	Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 2	Continues the latch request before switching.
$LT_{REQ} = 1$	$LT_SEL = 2$ $LT_REQ = 1$	
Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 LT_SEL = 1 LT_SEL = 1 LT_SEL = 1 LT_SEL = 1	Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 Command without a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 Command with a latch function LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1 LT_SEL = 1 LT_SEL = 1 LT_SEL = 1 LT_REQ = 1	Switches to a latch request for the command after switching. The servo drive executes another latch request. (Internal processing) If the status "L_CMP = 1" is established before command switching, then the status is set to "L_CMP = 0" at command switching.

Note 1. Commands with a latch function:

EX FEED, EX POSING, ZRET

Commands without a latch function: POS SET, BRK ON, BRK OFF, SENS ON, SENS OFF, SMON, SV ON, SV OFF, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, VELCTRL, TRQC-

Common commands:

TRL, SVPRM_RD, SVPRM_WR, S_POSING NOP, ID_RD, CONFIG, ALM_RD, ALM_CLR, SYNC_SET, CONNECT, DISCONNECT, MEM RD, MEM WR

2. LT SEL: LT SEL1 or LT SEL2 LT_REQ: LT_REQ1 or LT_REQ2

2.6 Servo Command I/O Signal (SVCMD_IO)

This section describes the servo command I/O signal monitoring.

2.6.1 Bit Allocation of Servo Command Output Signals

Byte 8 to byte 11 of the command format are specified as the SVCMD_IO (output) field. The servo command output signals are signals output to the slave station.

Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD_ALM has occurred.

(1) SVCMD_IO (Output) Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	
N_CL	P_CL	P_PPI	V_PPI	Reserved (0)				
							_	
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	
Reserved (0)					G-S	SEL		
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16	
/SO-7	/SO-6	/SO-5	/SO-4	/SO-3	/SO-2	/SO-1	/SO-0	
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24	
			Reserved (0)				S_RATIO	

(2) Details of Output Signal Bits

The following table shows the details of the output signal bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing	
	V PPI	Speed Loop P/PI Control	0	PI control	Level	
4	V_111	Speed Loop 1/11 Condo	1	P control	Level	
		ntrol from PI control to P control justing the settling time by suppr		ershoot during accelera	tion.	
	D DDI	Position I can D/DI Control	0	PI control	Level	
_	P_PPI	Position Loop P/PI Control	1	P control	Level	
5	Switches the position control automatically from PI control to P control. The status used for shortening the settling time by suppressing overshoot during positioning movement.					
	P_CL	Forward Torque (Force) Limit	0	Torque (force) not clamped	Level	
6			1	Torque (force) clamped	Level	
	The status used to select whether the forward torque (force) is clamped or not according to the forward torque (force) limit (common parameter: 8C).					
7	N_CL Reverse Torque (Force)	D T (F)1: :	0	Torque (force) not clamped	Level	
		reverse rorque (rorce) Ellilli	1	Torque (force) clamped	Level	
	The status used to select whether the reverse torque (force) is clamped or not according to the reverse torque (force) limit (common parameter: 8D).					

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting	Enabled Timing
		Gain Select	0	First gain	
	G SEL		1	Second gain	Level
8 to 11	5		2 to 15	Reserved (Do not set.)	
5 10 11	The status used to sele to the G_SEL value. 0: First gain 1: Second gain 2 to 15: Reserved (Do	ect the position loop gain, speed le	oop gain a	and other settings as des	sired according
	/SO-0 to /SO-7	I/O Signal Output Command	0	Signal OFF	Level
		170 Signal Output Command	1	Signal ON	Level
16 to 23	This function is availar software version, reference details. [Important] The I/O signal output other than "0" (/BK si	gnal output for I/O signal outputs able using SERVOPACKs with so r to Σ-V-MD Series USER'S MA command operation is disabled with gnal assignment enabled). To use to "0" and disable the /BK signal	oftware ve NUAL (M when the for I/O signa	rsion 0008 or higher. To Manual No.: SIEP S800 ourth digit of Pn596 is so I output command, set	00102) for set to a number
24	S_RATIO	S-curve acceleration/deceleration ratio	0	25% 50%	Level
	The status used to set	the S-curve acceleration/deceleration	ation ratio	for S_POSING comma	and execution.

2.6.2 Bit Allocation of Servo Command Input Signal Monitoring

Byte 8 to byte 11 of the response format are specified as the SVCMD_IO (input) field. Note that the designation in this field is valid even when a CMD_ALM has occurred.

(1) SVCMD_IO (Input) Field

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
ESTP*	EXT3*	EXT2*	EXT1*	N-OT*	P-OT*	DEC*	Reserved (0)
bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
ZPOINT	PSET	NEAR	DEN	N-SOT	P-SOT	BRK_ON	Reserved (0)
bit 23	bit 22	bit 21	bit 20	bit 19	bit 18	bit 17	bit 16
	Reserv	ved (0)		ZSPD	V_CMP	V_LIM	T_LIM
bit 31	bit 30	bit 29	bit 28	bit 27	bit 26	bit 25	bit 24
IO_STS8	IO_STS7	IO_STS6	IO_STS5	IO_STS4	IO_STS3	IO_STS2	S_RATIO

^{*} The I/O signals that are supported depend on the product specifications. For details, refer to the User's Manual for the specific product.

(2) Details of Input Signal Bits

The following table shows the details of the input signal bits.

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting		
	DEC*	Zero Return Deceleration	0	OFF		
1	DEC	Limit Switch Input	1	ON		
	The status used to judg	ge the state of the deceleration	limit swi	tch used for zero point return operation		
	р от*	Forward Drive Prohibition	0	OFF		
	P_OT*	Input	1	ON		
2	Overtravel (OT) is a function that forcibly stops a movable machine unit if it moves beyond its range of movement. P_OT is the status used to judge if the movable machine unit is in the forward drive prohibited state. The OT stop judgment is made based on ZSPD.					
	N. OT*	Reverse Drive Prohibition	0	OFF		
	N_OT*	Input	1	ON		
3	Overtravel (OT) is a function that forcibly stops a movable machine unit if it moves beyond its range of movement. N_OT is the status used to judge if the movable machine unit is in the reverse drive prohibited state. The OT stop judgment is made based on ZSPD.					
-	EXT1*	External Latab 1 Immut	0	OFF		
4	4 EXTI	External Latch 1 Input	1	ON		
	The status used to judge the state of the external latch 1 input signal					
	EXT2*	E411 -4-1- 2 I4	0	OFF		
5	EX12	External Latch 2 Input	1	ON		
	The status used to judge the state of the external latch 2 input signal					
	EXT3*	External Latch 3 Input	0	OFF		
6	EAIS	External Eaten 5 input	1	ON		
	The status used to judge the state of the external latch 3 input signal					
	ESTP*	Emergency Stop	0	OFF		
7	(HWBB)	Emergency Stop	1	ON		
	When the HWBB1 or HWBB2 signal is input, the power to the motor is shut down forcibly motor stops according to the setting of the 1st digit of parameter Pn001.					

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting
			0	Brake released
	BRK_ON	Brake Application Output	1	Brake applied
9	This is the status used	used in applications where the sto judge the state of the holding of the hardware output (/BK).		ver controls the vertical axis.
			0	Range of motion
	P_SOT	Forward Software Limit	1	Drive prohibited due to forward sof ware limit
10	in the same manner as nals).	the overtravel function, with of to judge if the movable machi	or without	moves beyond the software limit ran using P_OT and N_OT (overtravel s in the Forward Software Limit state
			0	Range of motion
	N_SOT	Reverse Software Limit	1	Drive prohibited due to reverse soft ware limit
11	in the same manner as nals).	the overtravel function, with or to judge if the movable machi	or without	moves beyond the software limit ran using P_OT and N_OT (overtravels in the Reverse Software Limit state
	(common parameter. 2	Distribution Completed	0	During distribution
	DEN	(Position Control Mode)	1	Distribution completed
12		l ge if the position reference from the position control mode.		_
	This oil is valid only i	Near Position	0	Outside the near-position range
	NEAR	(Position Control Mode)	1	Within the near-position range
13	mon parameter: 67)	ge if the current position is wit n modes other than the positio		nge of the NEAR Signal Width (com
		Positioning Completed	0	Outside the positioning completion range
	PSET	(Position Control Mode)	1	Within the positioning completion range
14	(common parameter: 6 This bit is valid only i	66) n the position control mode.		age of the Positioning Completed Wicker $ET = 1$) is Established while Canceli
	ZPOINT	Zero Point	0	Outside the zero point position rang
15			1	Within the zero point position range
	The status used to jud (common parameter: 8		hin the ra	inge of the Origin Detection Range
	T LIM	Torque (force) Limit	0	Not in the torque (force) limited sta
16	1_1211111	Torque (Torce) Ellint	1	In the torque (force) limited state
	The status used to jud Reverse Toque (force)		ped at the	Forward Toque (force) Limit or the
		Speed Limit	0	Speed limit not detected
17	V_LIM	(Torque (force) Control Mode)	1	Speed limit detected
1 /	eter	ge if the speed is clamped at the n the torque (force) control mo		lue specified in the command or para

Bit	Name	Description	Value	Setting		
	V CMP	Speed Match	0	Speed not matched		
4.0	v_Civii	(Speed Control Mode)	1	Speed match		
18	The status used to judge if the speed is within the Speed Match Signal Detection Range (common parameter: 8F) This bit is valid only in the speed control mode.					
	ZSPD	7 01	0	Zero speed not detected		
19	ZSPD	Zero Speed	1	Zero speed detected		
	The status used to judge if the current speed is within the Zero Speed Detection Range (common parameter: 8E)					
	S RATIO	S-curve Acceleration/	0	25%		
24	5_101110	Deceleration Ratio	1	50%		
	The S-curve acceleration/deceleration ratio is set when the S_RATIO command is executed.					
	IO_STS1 to	I/O Signal Monitor	0	Signal OFF		
	IO_STS8	70 Signal Womton	1	Signal ON		
25 to 31	The status used to indicate the I/O signal state of CN1 Allocate the input signals using parameters Pn860 to Pn863 and Pn868 to Pn86B. This function is available using SERVOPACKs with software version 0008 or higher. To confirm the software version, refer to Σ-V-MD Series USER'S MANUAL (Manual No.: SIEP S80000102) for details.					

^{*} The I/O signals that are supported depend on the product specifications. For details, refer to the User's Manual for the specific product.

2.7 Command Data

This section describes the servo-specific data used with servo commands.

2.7.1 Data Order

Data in commands and responses is stored in little endian byte order.

For example, 4-byte data "0x1234ABCD" in hexadecimal is stored from the least significant byte as shown below.

Byte	Data
1	CD
2	AB
3	34
4	12

2.7.2 Specifying Units

The units for the user command and parameter data can be selected.

The system of units is set in the common parameters. For the details on the common parameters, refer to *Chapter 8 Common Parameters*.

(1) Speed

The following units can be selected.

Settings are made with common parameters 41 and 42.

Unit	Remark
Reference unit/s (default)	×10 ⁿ [reference unit/s] can be set.
Reference unit/min	×10 ⁿ [reference unit/min] can be set.
"%" of rated speed	$\times 10^{n}$ [%] can be set.
min ⁻¹ (rpm)	$\times 10^{\rm n} [\rm min^{-1}]$ can be set.
Max. motor speed/40000000 (Hex.)	Set "0" for common parameter 42.

(2) Position

The following unit is used.

Unit	Remark
Reference limit (defaillt)	[Reference unit] Fixed Set "0" for common parameter 44.

(3) Acceleration

The following units can be selected.

Settings are made with common parameters 45 and 46.

Unit	Remark
Reference unit/s ² (default)	$\times 10^{\rm n}$ [reference unit/s ²] can be set.

(4) Torque (Force)

The following units can be selected.

Settings are made with common parameters 47 and 48.

Unit	Remark
% of rated torque (force) (default)	$\times 10^{n}$ [%] can be set.
Max. torque (force) /40000000 (Hex.)	Set "0" for common parameter 48.

2.7.3 Specifying Monitor Data

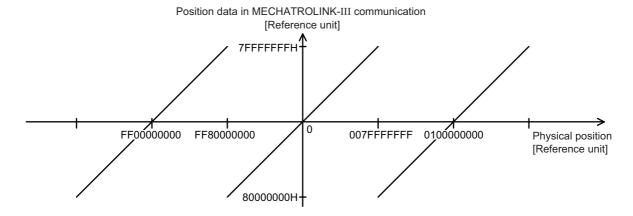
The master station sets the selection code of the monitor data to be read from a slave station at monitor selection bits SEL_MON1 to 3 in the servo command control field (SVCMD_CTRL) and at monitor selection bits SEL_MON4 to 6 in the subcommand control field (SUB_CTRL). The slave station sets the specified monitor selection code and the monitor data in the response.

The following table lists the monitor data.

Selection Code	Monitor Name	Description	Remark
0	APOS	Feedback Position	-
1	CPOS	Command Position	-
2	PERR	Position Error	-
3	LPOS1	Latched Position 1	-
4	LPOS2	Latched Position 2	-
5	FSPD	Feedback Speed	-
6	CSPD	Reference Speed	-
7	TRQ	Reference Torque (Force)	-
8	ALARM	Detailed Information on the Current Alarm	When an alarm has occurred after the occurrence of a warning, the information on the alarm is displayed.
9	MPOS	Command Position	Input reference position in a position control loop MPOS = APOS + PERR
A	_	Reserved	-
В	_	Reserved	-
С	CMN1	Common Monitor 1	Selects the monitor data specified at common parameter 89.
D	CMN2	Common Monitor 2	Selects the monitor data specified at common parameter 8A.
Е	OMN1	Optional Monitor 1	Selects the monitor data specified at parameter Pn824.
F	OMN2	Optional Monitor 2	Selects the monitor data specified at parameter Pn825.

2.7.4 Position Data

Servo commands use 4-byte data as position data. For infinite length operation, position data beyond this limit are expressed as shown in the diagram below.



2.7.4 Position Data

Main Commands

3.1 Common Commands	2 2
3.1.1 Common Commands	
3.1.2 No Operation Command (NOP: 00H)	
3.1.3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03H)	
3.1.4 Setup Device Command (CONFIG: 04H)	
3.1.5 Read Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_RD: 05H)	
3.1.6 Clear Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_CLR: 06H)	
3.1.7 Start Synchronous Communication Command (SYNC_SET: 0DH)	
3.1.8 Establish Connection Command (CONNECT: 0EH)	
3.1.9 Disconnection Command (DISCONNECT: 0FH)	
3.1.10 Read Memory Command (MEM_RD: 1DH)	
3.1.11 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1EH)	3-23
3.2 Servo Commands	3-26
3.2.1 Table of Servo Commands	3-26
3.2.2 Set Coordinates Command (POS SET: 20H)	
3.2.3 Apply Brake Command (BRK_ON: 21H)	
3.2.4 Release Brake Command (BRK OFF: 22H)	
3.2.5 Turn Sensor ON Command (SENS_ON: 23H)	
3.2.6 Turn Sensor OFF Command (SENS_OFF: 24H)	
3.2.7 Servo Status Monitor Command (SMON: 30H)	
3.2.8 Servo ON Command (SV_ON: 31H)	
3.2.9 Servo OFF Command (SV OFF: 32H)	
3.2.10 Interpolation Command (INTERPOLATE: 34H)	
3.2.11 Positioning Command (POSING: 35H)	
3.2.12 Feed Command (FEED: 36H)	
3.2.13 External Input Feed Command (EX_FEED: 37H)	
3.2.14 External Input Positioning Command (EX_POSING: 39H)	
3.2.15 Zero Point Return Command (ZRET: 3AH)	
3.2.16 Velocity Control Command (VELCTRL: 3CH)	
3.2.17 Torque (Force) Control Command (TRQCTRL: 3DH)	
3.2.18 Read Servo Parameter Command (SVPRM RD: 40H)	
3.2.19 Write Servo Parameter Command (SVPRM WR: 41H)	
3.2.20 S-curve Acceleration/Deceleration Positioning Command (S_POSING: C0H)	
3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method	
<u> </u>	

3.1 Common Commands

3.1.1 Common Commands

The table below shows the common commands.

Profile	Command Code (Hex.)	Command	Operation	Compliance*1
	00	NOP	No operation	0
	01	PRM_RD	Read parameter	×*2
	02	PRM_WR	Write parameter	×*2
	03	ID_RD	Read ID	0
	04	CONFIG	Device setup request	Δ
	05	ALM_RD	Read alarm/warning	0
Common	06	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state	0
Commands	0D	SYNC_SET	Request for establishing synchronization	0
	0E	CONNECT	Request for establishing connection	0
	0F	DISCONNECT	Request for releasing connection	0
	1B	PPRM_RD	Read retentive parameter	×*2
	1C	PPRM_WR	Write retentive parameter	×*2
	1D	MEM_RD	Read memory	Δ
	1E	MEM_WR	Write memory	Δ

^{*1.} Indicates the compliance status.

O: Possible

 $[\]Delta$: Possible with specification restrictions (Refer to the subsection describing each command for the details of the restrictions.)

^{× :} Not possible

^{*2.} The standard servo profile does not use PRM_RD, PRM_WR, PPRM_RD and PPRM_WR, but uses SVPRM_RD and SVPRM_WR instead.

3.1.2 No Operation Command (NOP: 00H)

Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Can b	e used
Byte	NO	OP O		Description	
Буге	Command	Response		Description	
0	00H	00H		d is used for network	
1	WDT	RWDT		returned as a respons D = NOP (= 00H) and	
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1.	
3	CWD_CTKL	CWID_51741			
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17	Reserved	Reserved			
18	Reserved	Reserved			
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					

3.1.3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03H)

(1) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command				
Pro	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	ubcommand Can be used					
Byte	ID_	RD		Description					
_,	Command	Response		•					
0	03H	03H	The ID_RD command reads the ID of a device. This command reads the product information as ID data.						
1	WDT	RWDT		cted in detail by speci					
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	• Confirm the compling that RCMD = I	etion of the command D_RD (= 03H) and	execution by check-				
4	ID_CODE	ID_CODE	ID_CODE, OFFSE	RDY = 1, and also che ET and $SIZE$.	ecking the setting for				
5	OFFSET	OFFSET	_ ′						
6	SIZE	SIZE	response in those case	s, an alarm will occur. es because the ID valu					
7			• When the ID_COD CMD ALM = 9H						
8			When the OFFSET	data is invalid or the	SIZE data do not				
9			match: CMD_ALN If the OFFSET or S	1 = 9H (A.94D) SIZE data is invalid fo	or the specified				
10			ID_CODE, an alar	m occurs.					
12			Example: Setting (OFFSET = 3 and SIZE ersion (4-byte data) sp	t = 4 for reading the pecifies reading of				
13			data outs	side the device version					
14			generate	s an alarm.					
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20	Reserved	ID							
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									

(2) Command Parameters

ID_CODE: ID data selection code OFFSET: ID read offset SIZE: Read data size [bytes]

The following tables describe details of the ID_CODE.

ID_CODE	Description	Description		Data Size		Data Type			
	Vendor ID Code		4 bytes		Binary Data		0		
01H	00000000H (YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION) An ID code used to specify the vendor. Vendor ID codes are managed by the MECHA Members Association.								
	Device Code		4 bytes		Binary Data		0		
02H	02240001H (Σ-V-MD ser This is a code specific			•					
	Device Version		4 bytes		Binary Data		0		
03H	Returns the firmware vers Version information of		product. E	xample	e: 00000001H				
	Device Information File V	Version	4 bytes		Binary Data		0		
	This is the version info	rmation of t	he device inf	formati	ion (MDI) file	supported by	this product.		
	bit7 bit6	bit5	bit4	bi	t3 bit2	bit1	bit0		
			Revisi	on No					
	bit15 bit14	bit13	bit12	bit	11 bit10	bit9	bit8		
04H	Major	version				or version			
	Revision No.: Normal	ly returns "	0 "						
	Bit 16 to 31: Reserved		o.						
	Bit 16 to 31: Reserved Extended Address Setting	(0)	4 bytes		Binary Data		0		
05H		(0) s xtended add	4 bytes			effective axe	_		
05H 06H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e	(0) s xtended add	4 bytes lresses used.	Stores			=		
	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected.	(0) s xtended add Example:	4 bytes dresses used. 00000008H	Stores	the number of)	s that can		
06Н	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No.	(0) s xtended add Example:	4 bytes dresses used. 00000008H	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	s that can		
	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific	(0) xtended add Example: to each devi	4 bytes dresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes dee Examp 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100)	s that can		
06Н	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser	xtended add Example: (to each devi	4 bytes dresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes dee Examp 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100)	s that can		
06Н	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t	(0) xtended add Example: to each devi	4 bytes lresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes lce Examp 4 bytes ce supports 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data)	s that can		
06H 10H 11H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t Profile Version 1 (Primary) 00000030H	(0) xtended add Example: to each devi	4 bytes lresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes lce Examp 4 bytes ce supports 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data)	s that can		
06H 10H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t Profile Version 1 (Primary) 00000030H Profile version (primary)	(0) xtended add Example: to each devi vo profile) hat the devi y)	4 bytes Iresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes Iree Examp 4 bytes ce supports 4 bytes evice support	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data Binary Data)	s that can		
06H 10H 11H 12H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t Profile Version 1 (Primary) 00000030H Profile version (primary) Profile Type 2	(0) xtended add Example: to each devi vo profile) hat the devi y)	4 bytes Iresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes Iree Examp 4 bytes ce supports 4 bytes evice support	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data Binary Data)	s that can		
06H 10H 11H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t Profile Version 1 (Primary) 00000030H Profile version (primary) Profile Type 2 000000FFH (Not support	(0) xtended add Example: to each devi vo profile) hat the devi y)	4 bytes lresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes lee Examp 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes evice support 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data Binary Data)	s that can		
06H 10H 11H 12H 13H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t Profile Version 1 (Primary) 00000030H Profile version (primary) Profile Type 2 000000FFH (Not support) Profile Version 2	(0) xtended add Example: to each devi vo profile) hat the devi y)	4 bytes lresses used. 00000008H 32 bytes lee Examp 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes evice support 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data Binary Data)	s that can		
06H 10H 11H 12H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t Profile Version 1 (Primary) 00000030H Profile Version (primary) Profile Type 2 000000FFH (Not support) Profile Version 2 00000000H	(0) Extended add Example: to each devi Two profile) that the devi y) y) that the devi ed code)	4 bytes Presses used. 00000008H 32 bytes Ice Examp 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data Binary Data Binary Data)	s that can		
06H 10H 11H 12H 13H	Extended Address Setting This is the number of e current be connected. Serial No. Serial number specific Profile Type 1 (Primary) 00000010H (Standard ser Profile type (primary) t Profile Version 1 (Primary) 00000030H Profile version (primary) Profile Type 2 000000FH (Not support) Profile Version 2 00000000H Profile Type 3	(0) Extended add Example: to each devi Two profile) that the devi y) y) that the devi ed code)	4 bytes Presses used. 00000008H 32 bytes Ice Examp 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes 4 bytes	Stores	the number of ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00 07XF2653100 Binary Data Binary Data Binary Data)	s that can		

3.1.3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03H)

ID_CODE	De	escription		Data Siz	ze	Data Ty	ре	Compliance			
	Minimum Valu Cycle	e of Transn	nission	4 bytes	Bina	ary Data		0			
16H		25000 [0.01 μs unit] (0.25 ms) The minimum transmission cycle that the device can support in the granularity level of the									
	The minimu transmission				e can supp	ort in the gra	nularity leve	el of the			
	Maximum Valu Cycle	ue of Transr	nission	4 bytes	Bina	ary Data		0			
17H	400000 [0.01 µ The maximu transmission	ım transmis	sion cycle t	hat the devic	e can supp	ort in the gra	nularity lev	el of the			
	Transmission (Granularity)	Cycle Incren	nent	4 bytes	Bina	ary Data		0			
18Н	This product 00H: 31.25, 01H: 31.25, 02H: 31.25,	t supports le 62.5, 125, 2 62.5, 125, 2 62.5, 125, 2	evel 03H. 250, 500 (με 250, 500 (με 250, 500 (με	s), 2 to 64 (m s), 1 to 64 (m s), 1 to 64 (m	ns) (2 ms in ns) (1 ms in ns) (0.5 ms	crement)		supports.			
1011	Minimum Valu Cycle	e of Comm	unication	4 bytes	Bina	ary Data		0			
19H	25000 [0.01 µs The minimu			e that the dev	vice suppo	rts					
1AH	Maximum Valu Cycle	Maximum Value of Communication			4 bytes Binary Data		0				
ІАП	3200000 [0.01 The maximu			le that the de	vice suppo	rts					
	Number of Tra	nsmission E	Bytes	4 bytes	Bina	ary Data		0			
	0000000EH The number The numbers supported: 0	s of bytes to				e following b	its. (Support	ed: 1, Not			
1BH	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	64 bytes	48 bytes	32 bytes	16 bytes	8 bytes			
	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0			
	bit 5 to 63: I	Reserved (0))								
	Number of Tra (Current Settin	nsmission I		4 bytes	Bina	ary Data		0			
1CH	indicated by	"-" will be	set to "1."		-	DIP switch		f the bits			
	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0			
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	64 bytes	48 bytes	32 bytes	16 bytes	8 bytes			
	0	0	0	0	_	_	-	0			
	bit 5 to 63: I	Reserved (0))								
	Profile Type (C	Sumant Cala	-4:)	4 bytes	D:	ary Data		0			
1DH	Frome Type (C										

ID CODE	De	escription		Data Siz	76	Data Ty	ne	(con Complia	
ID_OODL	Supported Cor		n Mode	4 bytes		ry Data	pc	O	
20Н	0000002H (C The commun bit 1: Cyclic	yclic comm nication mo nication mo	nunication) de that the des are allo	levice suppo	orts		red: 1, Not s		
21H	MAC Address			8 bytes	Binar	ry Data		×	
21H	Not supported				l .				
	List of Suppor	ted Main Co	ommands	32 bytes	Array	ý		0	
	The list of the The command bit 0 to 255:	nds are alloo 0: Comm	cated as sho	wn below. ported	upports				
	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0	
	Reserved (0)	ALM_ CLR	ALM_ RD	CONFIG	ID_RD	PRM_ WR	PRM_RD	NOP	
	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	
	bit15	bit14	bit13	bit12	bit11	bit10	bit9	bit8	
	DISCON-	CON-	SYNC	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
	NECT	NECT	SET	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	
	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	bit 16 to 23: Reserved (0)								
	bit31	bit30	bit29	bit28	bit27	bit26	bit25	bit24	
	Reserved (0)	MEM_ WR	MEM_ RD	PPRM_ WR	PPRM_ RD	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	
	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
30H	bit39	bit38	bit37	bit36	bit35	bit34	bit33	bit32	
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	SENS_ OFF	SENS_ ON	BRK_ OFF	BRK_ON	POS_ SET	
	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
	bit 40 to 47:	Reserved (0)						
	bit55	bit54	bit53	bit52	bit51	bit50	bit49	bit48	
	EX_ FEED	FEED	POSING	INTER- POLATE	Reserved (0)	SV_OFF	SV_ON	SMON	
	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	
	bit63	bit62	bit61	bit60	bit59	bit58	bit57	bit56	
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	TRQCTRL	VELCTRL	Reserved (0)	ZRET	EX_ POSING	Reserved (0)	
	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	
	bit71	bit70	bit69	bit68	bit67	bit66	bit65	bit64	
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	SVPRM_	SVPRM_	
	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	WR _	RD ¯	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	

3.1.3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03H)

ID_CODE	De	escription		Data Siz	Size Data Type			Compliance			
	List of Suppor	ted Subcom	mands	32 bytes	2 bytes Array			0			
	The list of the subcommands that the device supports The commands are allocated as shown below.										
	bit 0 to 255:		and not sup and suppor								
	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit	t3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
	Reserved (0)	ALM_ CLR	ALM_ RD	Reserved (0)	Reser (0		PRM_ WR	PRM_RD	NOP		
	0	1	1	0	0)	0	0	1		
	bit 8 to 23: 1	Reserved (0))								
	bit31	bit30	bit29	bit28	bit2	27	bit26	bit25	bit24		
38H	Reserved (0)	MEM_ WR	MEM_ RD	PPRM_ WR	PPR RI	_	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)		
3011	0	1	1	0	0)	0	0	0		
	bit 32 to 47:	Reserved (0)								
	bit55	bit54	bit53	bit52	bit:	51	bit50	bit49	bit48		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reser (0		Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	SMON		
	0	0	0	0	0)	0	0	1		
	bit 56 to 63: Reserved (0)										
	bit71	bit70	bit69	bit68	bite	67	bit66	bit65	bit64		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reser		Reserved (0)	SVPRM_ WR	SVPRM_ RD		
	0	0	0	0	0)	0	1	1		
	bit 72 to 255: Reserved (0)										
	List of Suppor Parameters	ted Commo	n	32 bytes		Array	7		0		
		The list of the common parameter numbers that the device supports The common parameters are allocated as shown below.									
		-				٧.					
	bit 0 to 255:			er not suppo er supported							
	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
40H	07	06	05	04	03		02	01	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	0		
	bit15	bit14	bit13	bit12	bit1	.1	bit10	bit9	bit8		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	0C	0B	3	0A	09	08		
	0	0	0	1	1		1	1	1		
	<u>l</u>										

ID_CODE	De	escription		Data Siz	ze	Data Ty	ре	Compliance		
	bit 16 to 31: Reserved (0)									
	bit39	bit38	bit37	bit36	bit35	bit34	bit33	bit32		
	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit47	bit46	bit45	bit44	bit43	bit42	bit41	bit40		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	29	28		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	bit 48 to 63:	Reserved (0)	•				•		
	bit71	bit70	bit69	bit68	bit67	bit66	bit65	bit64		
	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit79	bit78	bit77	bit76	bit75	bit74	bit73	bit72		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	49	48		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	bit 80 to 95:	Reserved (0)		I	I		<u>. </u>		
40H	bit103	bit102	bit101	bit100	bit99	bit98	bit97	bit96		
(Continued)	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit111	bit110	bit109	bit108	bit107	bit106	bit105	bit104		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	bit 112 to 12	bit 112 to 127: Reserved (0)								
	bit135	bit134	bit133	bit132	bit131	bit130	bit129	bit128		
	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	Reserved (0)		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	bit143	bit142	bit141	bit140	bit139	bit138	bit137	bit136		
	8F	8E	8D	8C	8B	8A	89	88		
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	bit151	bit150	bit149	bit148	bit147	bit146	bit145	bit144		
	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	93	92	91	90		
	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1		
	bit 152 to 25	55: Reserved	1 (0)	1	<u>l</u>	<u>l</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
	Main Device N			32 bytes		II Code miter: 00)		0		
80H	Product model The main de <notice> To judge the</notice>	evice name (e)	I .*		tead of this	ID_CODE.		

3.1.3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03H)

(cont'd)

ID_CODE	Description	Data Size	Data Type	Compliance					
90H	Sub Device 1 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0					
9011	Motor model Example: SGMJV-01 The name of sub device 1 (ASCII of								
	Sub Device 1 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0					
98H	Firmware version of the motor encod The version number of sub device	•	000001H						
A0H to BFH	Reserved								
СОН	Sub Device 4 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0					
Con	The amplifier module model The name of sub device 4 (ASCII code)								
	Sub Device 4 Version	Binary Data	0						
C8H	The software version of the amplifier The version number of sub device		000H (fixed)						
D0H	Sub Device 5 Name	32 bytes	ASCII Code (Delimiter: 00)	0					
Doll	The converter module model The name of sub device 5 (ASCII code)								
	Sub Device 5 Version	4 bytes	Binary Data	0					
D8H	The software version of the converter The version number of sub device		000H (fixed)						

Note: The ID_CODE values of C0H and above are the vendor-specific area.

3.1.4 Setup Device Command (CONFIG: 04H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common	Asynchronous
Comman	id can be executed	Refer to the	Ciassification	command	command
Pro	ocessing Time	specifications of CONFIG_MOD.	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used
Byte	CON	IFIG	Description		
Бую	Command	Response			
0	04H	04H	• The CONFIG comm		
1	WDT	RWDT	• Confirm the comple ing that RCMD = C	tion of the command ONFIG (= 04H) and	execution by check-
2 3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT			ecking the setting for
4	CONFIG_MOD	CONFIG_MOD	• CMD_STAT:	annulation of the com	d
5	COTTIG_MOD	CONTIG_MOD	indefinite until the c	completion of the con	imand
6			In the following cases, will not be executed.	an alarm will occur	and the command
7			When the CONFIG		l:
8			• While in the servo C		
9			$CMD_ALM = AH$ (A.95A)	
10			• While editing using CMD_ALM = AH (
11			CIVID_ALIVI - AII (A.73A)	
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18	Reserved	Reserved			
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30	-				
31	1		ĺ		

(2) Command Parameters

CONFIG_MOD: Configuration mode

- 0: Parameter re-calculation and setup, processing time: 5 seconds or less
- 1: Not supported (CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B))
- 2: Initialization to the factory-set parameter setting values, processing time: 20 seconds or less Turn the power OFF after completion of the process and turn it back ON.

(3) State of Each Status during CONFIG Command Execution

The following tables show the state of each status before, during and after CONFIG command processing.

■ When Re-calculating and Setting up the Parameters

Status and Output Signal	Before CONFIG Processing	During CONFIG Processing	After CONFIG Processing
ALM	Current state	Current state	Current state
CMDRDY	1	0	1
M_RDY	Current state	Indefinite	Current state
Other Statuses	Current state	Indefinite	Current state
ALM (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	Current state	Current state
/S-RDY (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	OFF	Current state
Other Output Signals	Current state	Indefinite	Current state

■ When Initializing to the Factory-set Parameter Settings

Status and Output Signal	Before CONFIG Processing	During CONFIG Processing	After CONFIG Processing
ALM	Current state	Current state	Current state
CMDRDY	1	0	1
M_RDY	Current state	0	0
Other Statuses	Current state	Indefinite	Current state
ALM (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	Current state	Current state
/S-RDY (CN1 Output Signal)	Current state	OFF	OFF
Other Output Signals	Current state	Indefinite	Current state

3.1.5 Read Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_RD: 05H)

(1) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command
Pro	cessing Time	Refer to the specifi- cations of ALM_RD_MOD	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used
Byte	ALM		Description		
_,	Command	Response			
0	05H	05H		nmand reads the alarm	
1	WDT	RWDT		or warning state is read etion of the command	
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	ing that RCMD = A	$ALM_RD (= 05H)$ and $RDY = 1$, and also che	
4			ALM_RD_MOD a	nd ALM_INDEX.	
5	ALM_RD_MOD	ALM_RD_MOD		s, an alarm will occur.	
6	DIDEN		ALM_DATA in the ro ALM DATA value w	esponse in these cases	because the
7	ALM_INDEX	ALM_INDEX	When the ALM_R	D_MOD data is invali	d:
8			CMD_ALM = 9H	(A.94B) IDEX data is invalid:	
9			CMD_ALM = 9H		
10			_		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20	Reserved	ALM_DATA			
21	1				
22	1				
23	1				
24	1				
25	1				
26					
27	1				
28	1				
29	1				
30	1				
31	1				

Note 1. ALM_DATA specifies an alarm using 2 bytes.

^{2.} The alarm history arranges alarms in the order of occurrence starting from the latest alarm.

^{3. 0000}H is set in the normal state.

3.1.5 Read Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_RD: 05H)

(2) Command Parameters

The details of ALM_RD_MOD are described below.

ALM_RD_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Current alarm/warning state Max. 10 items (byte 8 to 27) (00H is set for the remaining bytes (byte 28 to 31).)	Within communication cycle
1	Alarm occurrence status history (Warnings are not retained in the history.) Max. 10 items (byte 8 to 27) (00H is set for the remaining bytes (byte 28 to 31).)	Within 60 ms

For Σ -V-MD series SERVOPACKs, alarm codes are defined as 2-byte data with the following configuration.

	Bit 15 to 12	Bit 11 to 0
	0	Alarm code
Example: A.94B	0H	94BH

3.1.6 Clear Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_CLR: 06H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command
Pro	cessing Time	Refer to the specifications of ALM_CLR_MOD.	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used
Byte	ALM_	CLR	Description		
Буге	Command	Response		Description	
0	06H	06H	• The ALM_CLR command clears the alarm or warning state.		
1	WDT	RWDT		f a slave station, but d or warning. ALM CL	
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	clear the state after	the cause of the alarm	
3	CIVID_CTICE	CWID_51741	eliminated. • When a communic	ation error (reception	error) or synchronous
4	ALM_CLR_MOD	ALM CLR MOD	communication err	or (watchdog data erre	or) occurs during syn-
5	ALM_CER_MOD	ALM_CER_MOD		ication, synchronous c ing the SYNC_SET co	
6			ALM_CLR comma	and has been executed	l.
7				etion of the command ALM CLR (= 06H) ar	
8			CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1, and also ch	
9			ALM_CLR_MOD.		
10				s, an alarm will occur	and the command
11			will not be executed.	I.B. MOD data is inve	1:4.
12			CMD_ALM = 9H	LR_MOD data is inva (A.94B)	ma:
13			While editing using		
14			$CMD_ALM = AH$	(A.95A)	
15			Use this command w	ith CMD_CTRL.ALM	I_CLR set to "0."
16					
17					
18	Reserved	Reserved			
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					

3.1.6 Clear Alarm or Warning Command (ALM_CLR: 06H)

(2) Command Parameters

The details of ALM_CLR_MOD are described below.

ALM_CLR_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Clearance of the current alarm or warning state	Within 200 ms
1	Clearance of the alarm history	Within 2 s

3.1.7 Start Synchronous Communication Command (SYNC_SET: 0DH) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2			Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Communication cycle or greater, and 5 seconds or less	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used		
Durto	SYNC	S_SET		Description			
Byte	Command	Response		Description			
0	0DH	0DH		ommand starts synchr			
1	WDT	RWDT		ill be in the synchrono en the execution of th			
2	CMD CTPI	CMD STAT	pleted and watchdo	g data error detection	starts.		
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT		turn to synchronous co nen a shift has been m			
4			communication (pl	nase 2) as a result of a	communication error.		
5				nunication is establish dog data (WDT) durin	ned by taking the tran-		
6			this command as the	e reference.			
7			 Maintains this com has been completed 	mand at the master sta	ation until processing		
8			Confirm the compl	etion of the command			
9			ing that RCMD = S CMD STAT.CMD	$SYNC_SET (= 0DH)$	and		
10				communication phase	2, it will establish the		
11			servo OFF state an	d shift to communicat	ion phase 3.		
12				communication phase ormal response will be			
13			• If 8 or a higher CO	er COMM_ALM has occurred, the system shifts			
14				to communication phase 2. In such a case, restart synchron communication by sending this command.			
15				8			
16			In the following case, not be executed.	an alarm will occur a	nd the command will		
17	Reserved	Reserved	When editing using	g SigmaWin:			
18	Reserved	Reserved	CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A)				
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26]						
27							
28	1						
29							
30							
31							

3.1.8 Establish Connection Command (CONNECT: 0EH)

(1) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	1	Command Common Asynchronous Classification command command		Asynchronous command	
Pro	cessing Time	Communication cycle or greater, and 5 seconds or less	Subcommand	Cannot	be used	
Byte	CONI	NECT	Description			
Бую	Command	Response		Description		
0	0EH	0EH		mmand establishes a		
1	WDT	RWDT		the execution of this c trol of slave stations is		
2	CMD CTRL	CMD STAT	MECHATROLINK	communication.		
3	CWID_CTICE	CWID_STAT		etion of the command CONNECT (= 0EH) a		
4	VER	VER	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1, and also that	t the settings of VER,	
5	COM_MOD	COM_MOD	response agree with	I_TIM, and PROFILE n the set data.	E_TYPE of the	
6	COM_TIM	COM_TIM				
7	PROFILE_TYPE	PROFILE_TYPE	In the following cases remain in communication	s, an alarm will occur	and the system will	
8			When the VER dat			
9			CMD_ALM = 9H			
10			• When the COM_T CMD_ALM = 9H			
11			When the PROFIL	E_TYPE data is inval	id:	
12			CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B) • While editing using SigmaWin:			
13			CMD_ALM = AH			
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19	Reserved	Reserved				
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						

(2) Command Parameters

VER: MECHATROLINK application layer version

For servo profile: VER = 30H

COM MOD: Communication mode

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
SUBCMD	0	0	0	DTM	IODE	SYNCMODE	0

- SYNCMODE: Synchronization setting
 - 1: Performs synchronous communication.

(Watchdog data error detection enabled. Synchronous communication commands can be used.)

0: Performs asynchronous communication.

(Watchdog data error detection disabled. Synchronous communication commands cannot be used.)

- DTMODE: Data transfer method
 - 00: Single transmission
 - 01: Consecutive transmission
 - 10: Reserved
 - 11: Reserved
- SUBCMD: Subcommand setting
 - 0: Subcommand disabled
 - 1: Subcommand enabled

COM TIM: Communication cycle setting

Sets the number by which the transmission cycle is multiplied. This result is the setting for the communication cycle.

The set value must satisfy the following conditions.

 $0.25 \text{ [ms]} \leq \text{Transmission cycle [ms]} \times \text{COM_TIM} \leq 32 \text{ [ms]}$

Example: When the transmission cycle is 0.5 [ms] and the communication cycle is 2 [ms] $COM_TIM = 2/0.5 = 4$

PROFILE TYPE: Profile type setting

Sets the profile type to be used.

PROFILE TYPE = 10H (Standard servo profile)

3.1.9 Disconnection Command (DISCONNECT: 0FH)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		All phases	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command
Pro	cessing Time	Communication cycle or greater, and 5 seconds or less	Subcommand	Cannot	be used
Byte	DISCO	NNECT		Description	
Dyte	Command	Response		Description	
0	0FH	0FH		onnection, the master	
1				mmand for two or mo , the slave station inte	
2			cessing and then pe	erforms the initialization	on required to rees-
3				ion. It then waits for the state of the state of the state of the master state of the state of t	
4				T command can be ser	
5				STAT.CMDRDY bit. I hen the CMD STAT.	
6				errupted and this com	
7				mmand sending time	of the master station
8				nmunication cycles. s command, the follow	wing operation is per-
9			formed.		
10			- Shifts the commu - Establishes the se	nication phase to phas rvo OFF state.	se 1.
11			- Disables reference		
12			 Initializes the pos When the control p 	ition data. ower is turned OFF at	t the same time the
13			DISCONNECT con	mmand is sent, the res	
14			nite.		
15					
16	Reserved	Reserved			
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
		l	<u> </u>		

3.1.10 Read Memory Command (MEM_RD: 1DH)

(1) Data Format

Processing Time Within 200 ms Subcommand Cannot be used	Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Description Description	Pro	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand Cannot be used		t be used		
Command Response	Durto	MEM_RD		Description				
WDT RWDT RWDT	Буце	Command	Response	- Description				
CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT	0	1DH	1DH					
CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT	1	WDT	RWDT		e initial address and	the data size for read-		
Reserved Reserved Reserved CMD_STATCMDRDY= I, and also checking the setting for ADDRESS, SIZE and MODE/DATA_TYPE.	2	CMD CTPI	CMD STAT	Confirm the comple				
4 Reserved MODE/ DATA_TYPE MODE/ DATA_TYPE 6 SIZE SIZE SIZE SIZE SIZE ADDRESS, SIZE and MODE/DATA_TYPE. In the following cases, an alarm will occur. Do not read DATA in the response in these cases because the DATA value will be indefinite. When the ADDRESS data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94A) When the MODE/DATA_TYPE data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B) When the MODE/DATA_TYPE. When the ADDRESS data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94D) For details, refer to 3.1.11 Method to Access Virtual Memory Areas.	3	CWD_CTKL	CMD_STAT					
DATA_TYPE DATA_TYPE	4	Reserved	Reserved	ADDRESS, SIZE as	nd MODE/DATA_T	YPE.		
SIZE SIZE SIZE SIZE SIZE Indefinite.	5							
Note the ADDRESS and a star invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B)	6	SIZE	SIZE		ases because the DA	TA value will be		
Name of the Mode/Data Type data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B)	7	SIZE	SIZE					
Second	8					nvalid:		
10	9	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	$CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94\overline{B})$				
12	10	71BBILESS	ADDRESS	• When the SIZE data	a is invalid: CMD_Al	LM = 9H (A.94D)		
13	11				1.11 ■ Method to Ac	cess Virtual Memory		
14	12			Areas.				
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	13							
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21 Reserved 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30								
Reserved DATA								
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30		Reserved	DATA					
24 25 26 27 28 29 30								
25 26 27 28 29 30								
26 27 28 29 30								
27 28 29 30	-							
28 29 30								
<u>29</u> <u>30</u>								
30								
	31							

3.1.10 Read Memory Command (MEM_RD: 1DH)

(2) Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA_TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
	MC	DDE			DAT	TA_TYPE	

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Not supported DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported

Data size for reading (of type specified by DATA_TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for reading

DATA: Read data

3.1.11 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1EH)

(1) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command	
Processing Time		Refer to Executing the Adjustment Operation.	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used	
Byte		_WR		Description		
	Command	Response				
$\frac{0}{1}$	1EH WDT	1EH RWDT	The MEM_WR command writes the data in virtual memor by specifying the initial address, the data size and the data			
2	WDI	KWD1	writing.	ation of the commond	l arraqutian broakaal	
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	ing that RCMD = N	etion of the command MEM_WR (= 1EH) at RDY = 1, and also che	nd	
4	Reserved	Reserved		MODE/DATA_TYPE		
5	MODE/ DATA_TYPE	MODE/ DATA_TYPE	In the following cases will not be executed.	s, an alarm will occur	and the command	
6	SIZE	SIZE	When the ADDRE			
7	SIZL	SIZE	• When the MODE/DATA TYPE data is invalid:			
8			• When the MODE/I	nvand:		
9	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	• When the SIZE data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.9)			
10			When the DATA data is invalid:CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B) When the conditions for executing the adjustment operation in			
11			the next page are n	ot satisfied: CMD_A		
12			• While editing using CMD_ALM = AH			
13						
14			For details, refer to Method to Access Virtual Memory			
15						
16						
17 18						
19						
20						
20						
22	DATA	DATA				
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						

3.1.11 Write Memory Command (MEM WR: 1EH)

(2) Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA_TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
	MC	DDE			DAT	TA_TYPE	

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Non-volatile memory (Non-volatile memory can be selected only for common parameters)

DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported

SIZE: Data size for writing (type specified by DATA TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for writing

DATA: Data to be written

■ Executing the Adjustment Operation

The table below lists the adjustment operations that can be executed.

Adjustment	Request Code	Preparation before Execution	Processing Time	Execution Conditions
Normal mode	0000H	None	200 ms max.	_
Parameter initialization	1005H	None	20 s max.	Initialization impossible while the servo is ON. After initialization, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.
Absolute encoder reset	1008H	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, impossible to reset the encoder while the servo is ON. After execution, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.
Automatic offset adjustment of motor current detection signals	100EH	None	5 s max.	Adjustment is disabled: • While the main circuit power supply is OFF • While the servo is ON • While the servomotor is running
Multiturn limit setting	1013Н	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, the setting is disabled unless A.CC0 (Multiturn limit disagreement) occurs. After execution, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.

· Details of Command for Adjustment

1. Send the following data and set the request code of the adjustment to be executed.

Command = MEM WR

ADDRESS = 80004000H

MODE/DATA TYPE = 12H

SIZE = 0001H

DATA = Request code of the adjustment to be executed

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

2. For adjustment that requires a preparation process in the table, send the following data.

 $Command = MEM_WR$

 $ADDRESS = 8000\overline{4}002H$

MODE/DATA TYPE = 12H

SIZE = 0001H

DATA = 0002H

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

3. Send the following data to execute adjustment.

 $Command = MEM_WR$

ADDRESS = 80004002H

 $MODE/DATA_TYPE = 12H$

SIZE = 0001H

DATA = 0001H

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

4. Send the following data to abort the execution.

 $Command = MEM_WR$

 $ADDRESS = 8000\overline{4}000H$

MODE/DATA TYPE = 12H

SIZE = 0001H

DATA = 0000H

To confirm the completion of the execution, check that CMDRDY = 1.

■ Method to Access Virtual Memory Areas

For the information on the allocation of virtual memory areas, refer to Chapter 9 Virtual Memory Space.

The details of the units (DATA_TYPE) for accessing the virtual memory areas are described below.

Area Name	Details	DATA_TYPE	SIZE*	Accessible/inaccessible	
Vendor-specific area	Reserved			Inaccessible	
vendor-specific area	Register area	Short, long	Number of data	Accessible	
Reserved	Reserved			Inaccessible	
Common parameter area	Common parameters	Long	Number of data	Accessible	
ID area	Reserved	Byte, short, long	Number of data	Accessible	
ID area	ID	Byte, short, long	rumoer of data		

^{*} Set the number of data of the data type specified by DATA TYPE.

The details of CMD_ALM of the MEM_RD/MEM_WR command are described below.

CMD_ALM	Displayed Code	Error Details
		When an initial address outside the defined areas is specified
	A.94A	When an address within the reserved ranges of common parameter or vendor-specific areas is specified
9Н	When a value other than a multiple of for ADDRESS	When a value other than a multiple of the data size specified in DATA_TYPE is set for ADDRESS
	A.94B	When the MODE or DATA_TYPE data is invalid
	A.94D	When the initial address is within the defined areas but the specified size goes beyond those areas
		When a data size beyond the specification of the command format is set for SIZE

3.2 Servo Commands

3.2.1 Table of Servo Commands

The following table shows the servo commands.

Profile	Command Code (Hex.)	Command	Operation	Compliance*
	20	POS_SET	Set coordinates	0
	21	BRK_ON	Request for applying brake	0
	22	BRK_OFF Release brake		0
	23	SENS_ON	Request for turning sensor ON	0
	24	SENS_OFF	Request for turning sensor OFF	0
	30	SMON	Monitor servo status	0
	31	SV_ON	Servo ON	0
	32	SV_OFF	Servo OFF	0
Standard	34	INTERPOLATE	Interpolation	0
Servo	35	POSING	Positioning	0
	36	FEED	Constant speed feed	0
	37	EX_FEED	Positioning at constant speed by external input	0
	39	EX_POSING	Positioning by external input	0
	3A	ZRET	Zero point return	0
	3C	VELCTRL	Velocity control	0
	3D	TRQCTRL	Torque (force) control	0
	40	SVPRM_RD	Read servo parameter	Δ
	41	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter	0

^{*} Indicates the compliance status.

O: Possible

 $[\]Delta$: Possible with specification restrictions (Refer to the subsection describing each command for the details of the restrictions.)

^{× :} Not possible

3.2.2 Set Coordinates Command (POS_SET: 20H)

(1) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Common motion Asynchro Classification command comma			
Pro	Processing Time Within communication cycle		Subcommand Cannot be used		be used	
Byte	POS	SET		Description		
Буце	Command	Response		Description		
0	20H	20H		nmand sets the coordi		
1	WDT	RWDT	slave station. Speci selection code usin	ify the type of coording POS SEL.	ates with the monitor	
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	This command also	provides a function t		
3	CWID_CTKL	CMD_STAT		his command after set oint according to the contact of the contact		
4			ues and enables the	e stroke check (softwa	re limit) function.	
5	SVCMD CTDI	SVCMD STAT		etion of the command		
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	ing that RCMD = POS_SET (= 20H) and CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and also checking the setting for		
7			POS_SEL and POS	S_DATA.		
8			In the following case.	owing case, an alarm will occur and the command v		
9	SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO		not be executed. • When the POS_SET_MOD data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B)			
10						
11				(11)		
12						
13	DOC SET MOD	DOC CET MOD				
14	POS_SET_MOD	POS_SET_MOD				
15						
16						
17	DOG DATA	DOG DATA				
18	POS_DATA	POS_DATA				
19						
20			1			
21		MONUTOR 1				
22		MONITOR1				
23						
24			1			
25	D 1	MONITORA				
26	Reserved MONITOR2					
27						
28			1			
29		MONTTORA				
30		MONITOR3				
31						

(2) Command Parameters

POS_SET_MOD: Coordinates Setting Mode

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0		
REFE	0	0	0		POS	SEL			
bit15	bit14	bit13	bit12	bit11	bit10	bit9	bit8		
	Reserved								
bit23	bit22	bit21	bit20	bit19	bit18	bit17	bit16		
	Reserved								
bit31	bit30	bit29	bit28	bit27	bit26	bit25	bit24		
	Reserved								

POS_SEL: Select coordinates system (specify using the monitor selection code).
 When APOS (feedback position of the machine coordinates system) = 0 is selected, the command/machine coordinates system is set at POS_DATA.

- REFE: Enable/Disable setting of reference point
 - 0: Disables setting of a reference point.
 - 1: Enables setting of a reference point. The coordinate reference point setting is confirmed and the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit become effective.
- POS_DATA: Coordinates set value
- Set the reserved bits to "0."

3.2.3 Apply Brake Command (BRK_ON: 21H)

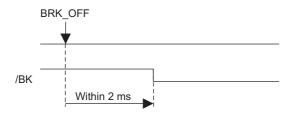
	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous com- mand
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
Byte	BRK	_ON		Description	
Буге	Command	Response		Description	
0	21H	21H	The BRK_ON com		
1	WDT	RWDT		etion of the command BRK_ON (= 21H) and	d execution by check-
2	CMD CTDI	CMD STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1.	u
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	• Valid only in the se		F., 4.4.11f.,
4				st be allocated in adva ne specific product.	ance. For details, refer
5	CVCMD CTDI	CUCMD CTAT			
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT			
7					
8					
9	SVCMD IO	CVCMD IO			
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO			
11					
12					
13		CPRM_SEL_			
14		MON1			
15					
16					
17		CPRM SEL			
18		MON2			
19					
20					
21	P. oceanica d	MONITOR 1			
22	Reserved	MONITOR1			
23					
24			1		
25		MONITORA			
26		MONITOR2			
27					
28			1		
29		MONITOR 2			
30		MONITOR3			
31					

3.2.4 Release Brake Command (BRK_OFF: 22H)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Cannot	be used
Byte	BRK_	OFF		Description	
Dyte	Command	Response		Description	
0	22H	22H		mmand releases the bi	
1	WDT	RWDT	• Confirm the compl	etion of the command BRK OFF (= 22H) an	l execution by check-
2	CMD CTDI	CMD STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1.	
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT		st be allocated in adva	nce. For details, refer
4			to the manual for the	he specific product.	
5	CVCMD CTDI	CUCIAD CTAT			
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT			
7					
8					
9	SWOMD TO	CVCMD IO			
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO			
11					
12					
13		CPRM_SEL_			
14		MON1			
15					
16					
17		CPRM_SEL_			
18		MON2			
19					
20			†		
21	D 1	MONUTOR 1			
22	Reserved	MONITOR1			
23					
24			†		
25		MONUTORA			
26		MONITOR2			
27					
28			†		
29		MONTEODA			
30		MONITOR3			
31					
			1		

■ Brake Signal Output Timing







- Normally, brake signals are controlled by the SERVOPACK parameters.
- BRK_ON and BRK_OFF commands are always valid as command as long as no warning occurs.
- Always make sure of the status of brake control command when using BRK_ON or BRK_OFF command.

Sending BRK_OFF command while the servomotor is being powered (servo ON) will not change the operation status. However, it is very dangerous to send SV_OFF command in the above status since the brake is kept released.

3.2.5 Turn Sensor ON Command (SENS_ON: 23H)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3			Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within 2 s	Subcommand	Cannot	be used		
Puto	SENS	S_ON		Description			
Byte	Command	Response		Description			
0	23H	23H		mmand is the sensor in			
1	WDT	RWDT		and. It initializes the s letion of the command			
2	CMD CTRL	CMD STAT	ing that RCMD = S	SENS_ON (= 23H) an			
3	CMD_CTKL	CMD_STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1. N1/CPRM SEL MON	J 7 .		
4			Monitor data can b	e selected by changing	g the common param-		
5	SVCMD CTDI	SUCMD STAT	eter setting. For de <i>ters</i> .	tails, refer to Chapter	8 Common Parame-		
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT		encoder is used, the in	itial position is		
7			acquired from the	encoder.	_		
8				on is taken to be: acquion offset (common par			
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO	The coordinate refe	confirmed and the			
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	VCMD_IO ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit b effective.				
11				tal encoder is used, or	nly a response is		
12			returned without pr	rocessing.			
13		CPRM_SEL_					
14		MON1					
15							
16							
17		CPRM_SEL_					
18		MON2					
19							
20							
21	Reserved	MONITOR1					
22	10001100	1,101,111,0111					
23							
24							
25		MONITOR2					
26							
27							
28							
29		MONITOR3					
30							
31							

3.2.6 Turn Sensor OFF Command (SENS_OFF: 24H)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within 2 s	Subcommand	Cannot	be used		
Byte	SENS	_OFF		Description			
Dyte	Command	Response		Besonption			
0	24H	24H		ommand is the sensor			
1	WDT	RWDT		d to turn OFF the pow etion of the command			
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD STAT	ing that $RCMD = S$	SENS_OFF (= 24H) at			
3	CWID_CTKL	CMD_STAI	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY=1. N1/CPRM SEL MON	12.		
4			Monitor data can b	e selected by changing	g the common param-		
5	SVCMD CTDI	SUCMD STAT	eter setting. For de <i>ters</i> .	tails, refer to Chapter	8 Common Parame-		
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT		encoder is used the po	sition data is indefi-		
7			nite. "0" is set for l	POS_RDY.			
8			The coordinate reference point setting becomes invalid ar the ZPOINT (zero point position) and software limit also				
9	SVCMD IO	SUCMD IO	become invalid.				
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	 When an incremental encoder is used, only a response is returned without processing. 				
11			Totalilea William P				
12			In the following case, not be executed.	, an alarm will occur a	nd the command will		
13		CPRM_SEL_	• In the servo ON state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A)				
14		MON1	_ (' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '				
15							
16							
17		CPRM SEL					
18		MON2					
19							
20							
21	D 1	MONUTOR 1					
22	Reserved	MONITOR1					
23							
24			1				
25		MONUTORA					
26		MONITOR2					
27							
28			1				
29		MONUTORA					
30		MONITOR3					
31							

3.2.7 Servo Status Monitor Command (SMON: 30H)

			Asynchronous command			
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand Can be used		e used	
Duto	SM	ON	Description			
Byte	Command	Response		Description		
0	30H	30H		and reads the alarms,		
1	WDT	RWDT		on, speed, output, torc tring, and the state of t	que (force), etc.) specthe I/O signals of the	
2	CMD CTDI	CMD STAT	servo drive.	_	-	
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT		etion of the command SMON (= 30H) and	l execution by check-	
4			CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1.		
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT		N1/CPRM_SEL_MON	N2: g the common param-	
6	SVEWID_CTKL	SVCIVID_STAT		tails, refer to <i>Chapter</i>		
7			ters.			
8						
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO				
10	SVENID_IO SVENID_IO					
11						
12						
13		CPRM_SEL_				
14		MON1				
15						
16						
17		CPRM_SEL_				
18		MON2				
19						
20						
21	Reserved	MONITOR1				
22 23						
23						
25						
26	MONITOR2					
27						
28			1			
29						
30		MONITOR3				
31						
			l			

3.2.8 Servo ON Command (SV_ON: 31H)

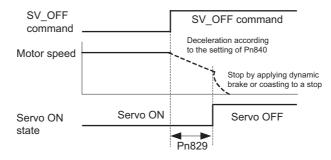
	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	1		Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Normally 50 ms (10 s max.)	Subcommand Can be used		e used		
Byte	SV_	ON	Description				
Dyte	Command	Response		Becompaierr			
0	31H	31H		nand supplies the power	er to the servomotor		
1	WDT	RWDT	and makes it readyConfirm the compl	etion of the command	execution by check-		
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	ing that RCMD = S CMD_STAT.CMD	$SV_ON (= 31H)$ and $RDY = 1$.	•		
4				N1/CPRM_SEL_MON e selected by changing			
5				tails, refer to <i>Chapter</i>			
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	ters.	ON -4-46			
7				vo ON state after a watther than SV_ON, such			
8			command, and then	n send the SV_ON cor	nmand.		
9				 Upon completion of execution of this command, the reference position (CPOS) must be read, and the controller coordinate 			
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	system must be set up.				
11			• Confirm that M_R	DY = 1 before sending	g this command.		
12				s, AH (A.95A) will be	set for CMD_ALM		
13		CPRM SEL	and the command will not be executed. • When an alarm (COM ALM = 8H or greater, or D ALM = 1)				
14		MON1	has occurred				
15			• When PON = 0	n of the SENS ON co	mmand has not com-		
16			pleted with an abso		initiand has not com-		
17		CPRM SEL	When ESTP (HWF)				
18		MON2	When parameters h	nave been initialized			
19							
20							
21	Reserved	MONITOR1					
22	Reserved	MONITORI					
23							
24							
25		MONITOR2					
26	- MONITOR2						
27							
28							
29		MONITOR3					
30		11101111010					
31							

3.2.9 Servo OFF Command (SV_OFF: 32H)

Processing Time		es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3			Asynchronous command	
Command Response	Processing Time		Pn506	Subcommand	Can b	e used	
Command Response	Byte	SV_	OFF		Description		
Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RCMD = SV OFF (= 32H) and CMD_STAT	Dyte	Command	Response		Description		
CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT	0	32H	32H				
CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT	1	WDT	RWDT			execution by check-	
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT	2	CMD CTDI	CMD STAT				
4 5 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_IO SVCMD	3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT				
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to a value other than "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration constant for stopping set by the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to a value other than "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration constant for stopping set by the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration constant for stopping set by the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to a value other than "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration constant for stopping set by the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop in position to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop in position to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop in position to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop in position to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor deceleration to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor deceleration to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor deceleration to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomo	4						
is set to a value other than "0", the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration constant for stopping set by the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) SVCMD_IO Secuting the SV_OFF command will cancel the speed reference, speed feedforward, torque (force) feedforward, and torque (force) limits set by a position/speed control command. SERVENTIAL TO INTERCATE TO INT	5	CVCMD CTDI	CUCIAD CTAT		enn tit it it	1	
after the servomotor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration constant for stopping as the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) SVCMD_IO When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to "0", the servo will be turned OFF immediately after reception of this command (default setting). (The control mode before receiving the SV_OFF command remains unchanged.) Executing the SV_OFF command will cancel the speed reference, speed feedforward, torque (force) feedforward, and torque (force) limits set by a position/speed control command. CPRM_SEL_MON2 MONITOR1 Reserved MONITOR2 MONITOR3 MONITOR3	6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAI				
servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) SVCMD_IO Servomotor decelerates to a stop in position control mode.) When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to "O", the servo will be turned OFF immediately after reception of this command (default setting). (The control mode before receiving the SV_OFF command remains unchanged.) Executing the SV_OFF command transported to several several set to "O", the servo will be turned OFF immediately after reception of this command (default setting). (The control mode before receiving the SV_OFF command remains unchanged.) Executing the SV_OFF command remains unchanged. MONITORIO MONITORIO MONITORIO M	7			after the servomoto	or decelerates to a stop	according to the	
SVCMD_IO Svc he servo will be turned of IV section Of Iv S	8						
reception of this command (default setting). (The control mode before receiving the SV_OFF command remains unchanged.) 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 MON1 Reserved MONITOR1 Reserved MONITOR1 Reserved MONITOR2 MONITOR3 Reserved MONITOR3	9	SWCMD IO	SUCMD IO	• When Pn829 (SVC	FF waiting time at de	celeration to a stop)	
11 12 13 CPRM_SEL_MONI	10	SVCMID_IO	2 A CWID_IO				
CPRM_SEL_MON1 CPRM_SEL_MON1 CPRM_SEL_MON1 CPRM_SEL_MON1 CPRM_SEL_MON1 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 CPRM_SEL_MON2 MONITOR1 Executing the SV_OFF command will cancel the speed reference, speed feedforward, torque (force) limits set by a position/speed control command. CPRM_SEL_MON2 MONITOR1 CPRM_SEL_MON2 MONITOR1 PReserved MONITOR2 MONITOR3	11			(The control mode	before receiving the S		
13	12					ancel the speed refer-	
14	13		CPRM SEL	ence, speed feedforward, torque (force) feedforward, and			
16	14		MON1	torque (force) limits set by a position/speed control commar			
17	15						
18	16						
19	17		CPRM SEL				
20	18		MON2				
21	19						
Reserved MONITOR1	20						
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR2	21	Dagarrad	MONITOR 1				
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3	22	Kesei ved	WONITORI				
25 26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3	23						
26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3	24						
26 27 28 29 30 MONITOR3	25		MONITOD?				
28 29 30 MONITOR3	26		WIONITORZ				
29 30 MONITOR3	27						
MONITOR3	28			†			
30	29		MONITOD2				
31	30		WOMTORS				
	31						

■ Related Parameters

Parameter No.	Description
Pn829	SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop
Pn840	Linear deceleration constant for stopping



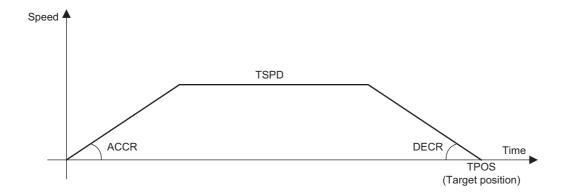
3.2.10 Interpolation Command (INTERPOLATE: 34H)

	Phases in which the ommand can be Executed 3 Command Classification Servo standard command		Synchronous command			
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand Can be used		e used	
Puto	INTERF	POLATE		Description		
Byte	Command	Response		Description		
0	34H	34H		TE command performs		
1	WDT	RWDT		he interpolation positi the CONNECT comm		
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD STAT	Confirm the compl	etion of the command	execution by check-	
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_51741	ing that RCMD = I CMD_STAT.CMD	NTERPOLATE (= 34 RDY = 1.	·H) and	
4			Confirm motion re	ference output comple		
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	SVCMD_IO.DEN checking that SVC	= 1, and the completion MD_IO.PSET = 1.	on of positioning by	
6	SVENID_CTRE	SVENID_SITT	• CPRM_SEL_MON	N1/CPRM_SEL_MON		
7				e selected by changing tails, refer to Chapter		
8			ters.	tans, refer to Chapter	o common i arame-	
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO	<notes o<="" on="" td="" the="" using=""><td></td><td></td></notes>			
10	5 (6.1.12_16	5 (61.12 _16	• TPOS (target position			
11			Set the target position with a signed value.			
12			 VFF (velocity feedforward): Set the speed feedforward value with a signed value. 			
13	TPOS	CPRM_SEL_	Use it as a speed fe			
14		MON1	• TFF (torque (force Set the torque (force	feedforward): e) feedforward value with a signed value.		
15			Use it as a torque (force) feedforward fur		
16			• TLIM (torque (force)	ce) limit): ce) limit with an unsig	ned value	
17	VFF	CPRM_SEL_	For the information	n on the settings of the	above reference	
18		MON2		data, refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. • For the units of command values set in the command area,		
19			refer to 2.7.2 Spec		ne command area,	
20			T 4 C11 '	1 '11	1.4 1	
21	TFF	MONITOR1	will not be executed.	s, an alarm will occur	and the command	
22			When used in com			
23			CMD_ALM = CH • In the servo OFF s	(A.97A) tate: CMD_ALM = Al	H (A.95A)	
24			When the difference	e relative to the previ	ous TPOS exceeds	
25	Reserved	MONITOR2	the limit value: CM	B)		
26						
27			<u> </u> -			
28						
29	TLIM	MONITOR3				
30						
31						

3.2.11 Positioning Command (POSING: 35H)

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard Asynchrono command command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Can be used		
Byte	POS			Description		
	Command	Response	• The POSING com	nand executes position	ing to the specified	
0	35H	35H	position.	-		
1	WDT	RWDT	 Positioning is exectioning speed. 	uted to the target positi	on (P1) at the posi-	
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	• If Pn846 is not set	to 0, positioning is perferation in the same way		
4			• If Pn846 is set to 0	, positioning is perform	ed with linear acceler-	
5			ation/deceleration.Confirm the compl	etion of the command of	execution by checking	
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT		ING (= 35H) and CMI		
7			Confirm motion re SVCMD_IO.DEN	ference output complet = 1, and the completion		
8			checking that SVCConfirm the compl	MD_IO.PSET = 1. etion of the cancellatio	n of the command by	
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD_IO	checking that RCM	ID = POSING (= 35H)		
10	_		CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1.			
11			• Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = POSING (= 35H), CMD STAT.CMDRDY			
12				AT.CMD_PAUSE_CM N1/CPRM SEL MON2		
13	TPOS	CPRM_SEL_	Monitor data can b	n be selected by changing the common parameterists, refer to <i>Chapter 8 Common Parameter</i>		
14	11 05	MON1				
15			Notes on using the control of the			
16				ion with a signed value		
17	TSPD	CPRM_SEL_	Set the target speed	l with an unsigned valu	ie.	
18	1511	MON2	ACCR (acceleration Set the acceleration	n): n with an unsigned valu	ie.	
19			DECR (deceleration)			
20			If ACCR or DECR	is set to 0, it may prev		
21	ACCR	MONITOR1		for ACCR acceleration	rate and DECR	
22	ACCK	MONITORI	deceleration rate. • TLIM (torque (force)	ce) limit):		
23			Set the torque (for	e) limit with an unsign the torque (force) limi		
24			value.			
25	DECD	MONUTOD2	refer to 3.2.21 Mo	n on the settings of the tion Command Data Se	etting Method.	
26	DECR MONITOR2		• For the units of corto 2.7.2 Specifying	nmand values set in the Units.	e command area, refer	
27				s, an alarm will occur a	and the command will	
28			not be executed.			
29	TT IN	MONITOD2	• In the servo OFF s	tate: CMD_ALM = AH	(A.95A)	
30	TLIM	MONITOR3				
31						

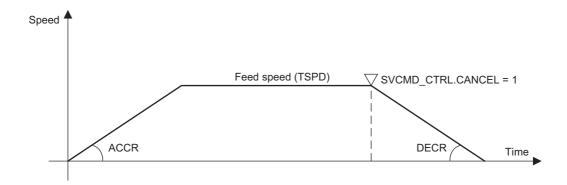
3.2.11 Positioning Command (POSING: 35H)



3.2.12 Feed Command (FEED: 36H)

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Can b	e used	
Byte	FE	ED		Davi ii		
Буце	Command	Response		Description		
0	36H	36H		nd performs constant sp	peed feed control at	
1	WDT	RWDT	the specified feed s To change the spee	peed. d and direction of feed	change the feed	
2 3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	speed setting. • To cancel constant		, enunge in teen	
4			To pause constant s	speed feed, set		
5				MD_PAUSE to "1." etion of the cancellatio	n of the command by	
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	checking that RCM	D = FEED (= 36H), CN	MD STAT.CMDRDY	
			= 1 and SVCMD_S	STAT.CMD_CANCEL_ference output complet	_CMP = 1.	
7			SVCMD_IO.DEN	= 1, and the completion		
8			• Confirm the compl		command by check-	
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD_IO	 Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = FEED (= 36H), CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: 			
10	_					
11			Monitor data can b	e selected by changing	the common parame-	
12			ter setting. For deta	ils, refer to <i>Chapter 8</i>	Common Parameters.	
13	Reserved	CPRM_SEL_ MON1	<notes command="" on="" the="" using=""> TSPD (target speed): Set the target speed with a signed value. </notes>			
14	Reserved					
15			ACCR (acceleration):			
16			Set the acceleration DECR (deceleration)	n with an unsigned valun):	le.	
17		CPRM SEL	Set the deceleration	n with an unsigned valu		
18	TSPD	MON2	accelerating or dec			
19			Set suitable values deceleration rate.	for ACCR acceleration	rate and DECR	
20			TLIM (torque (force))			
21			1 \	e) limit with an unsign on the settings of the		
22	ACCR	MONITOR1	refer to 3.2.21 Mo	tion Command Data Se	etting Method.	
23			to 2.7.2 Specifying	nmand values set in the <i>Units</i> .	command area, refer	
24			In the following ease	s, an alarm will occur a	and the command will	
25			not be executed.			
26	DECR	MONITOR2	• In the servo OFF st	tate: CMD_ALM = AH	(A.95A)	
27	-					
28			-			
29						
30	TLIM	MONITOR3				
21						

3.2.12 Feed Command (FEED: 36H)



3.2.13 External Input Feed Command (EX_FEED: 37H)

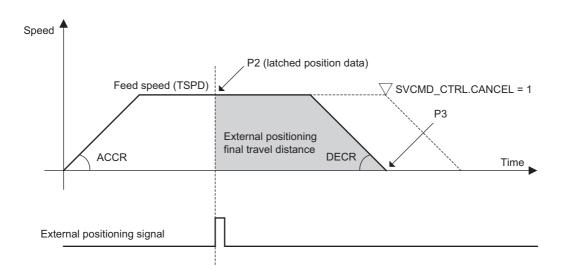
(1) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command
Pro	Processing Time		Subcommand Can be used		
Byte	EX_FE	_		Description	
0	Command 37H	Response 37H	The EX_FEED comm		
1	WDT	RWDT	input of the external p feed at the specified for		ng constant speed
2	WBT	KWD1	To change the speed a setting.	nd direction of feed, c	change the feed speed
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	• To pause external inputo "1."	ut feed, set SVCMD_0	CTRL.CMD_PAUSE
4			 Confirm the completion that RCMD = EX FE 		
5		av.a. 65 am. 5	To cancel the constant	speed feed, set	_
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	• Confirm the completion		atch signal by check-
7			ing that SVCMD_CTI • Confirm motion refere	$RL.L_CMP1 = 1.$	
8			SVCMD_CTRL.DEN checking that SVCMI	I = 1, and the complete	ion of positioning by
9			Confirm the completion	on of the cancellation	
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	checking that RCMD CMD_STAT.CMDRD SVCMD_STAT.CMD	Y = 1 and	
11			• Confirm the completion that RCMD = EX FE	on of pausing of the co	ommand by checking
12			and SVCMD_STAT.C • CPRM_SEL_MON1/	CMD_PAUSE_CMP =	1.
13	Reserved	CPRM_SEL_	Monitor data can be se setting. For details, re	elected by changing th	
14	110001100	MON1	<notes con<="" on="" td="" the="" using=""><td>nmand></td><td></td></notes>	nmand>	
15			To send this command SVCMD CTRL and of	d, select the latch signa	
16			LT_REQ1 = 1. • TSPD (target speed):	surpur the laten reques	oy setting
17	TSPD	CPRM_SEL_	Set the target speed w • ACCR (acceleration):		
18		MON2	Set the acceleration w	ith an unsigned value.	
19			• DECR (deceleration): Set the deceleration w	ith an unsigned value.	
20			• If ACCR or DECR is accelerating or decele		nt the motor from
21	ACCR	MONITOR1	Set suitable values for eration rate.	ACCR acceleration ra	ate and DECR decel-
22	ricer	Montroiti	• TLIM (torque (force) Set the torque (force)		l value
23			For the information or	n the settings of the ab	ove reference data,
24			• For the units of comm	and values set in the o	
25	DECR	MONITOR2	to 2.7.2 Specifying U	nits.	
26	DLCK WONTIOR2		In the following cases, a not be executed.		
27			• In the servo OFF state	:: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A)
28					
29	TLIM	MONITOR3			
30	1 1711/1	MOMION			
31					

(2) Operating Sequence

The following describes the operating sequence for external input positioning operation using the EX_FEED command.

- 1. The master station sends the EX_FEED command. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT REQ1 = 1.
- 2. The slave station starts feeding at the specified speed when it receives the EX_FEED command. At the same time, it enters the external signal positioning mode.
- 3. When the external positioning signal is input, the slave station sets latch completion status L_CMP1 to "1" to notify the master station that current position latching by the external positioning signal is completed.
- 4. The slave station calculates "(External input positioning target P3) = (Position P2 latched by the external positioning signal) + (Travel distance for external input positioning (common parameter 83))" and performs positioning to external input positioning target P3.
- 5. After the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3, the slave station sets the motion reference output completed flag (DEN) to "1" to notify the master station of the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3.



Note:

- To cancel the external input feed, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_CANCEL to "1."
- The motion direction after latching is determined by the sign of the value set for the external positioning final travel distance.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a positive value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the same direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a negative value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning.

3.2.14 External Input Positioning Command (EX_POSING: 39H)

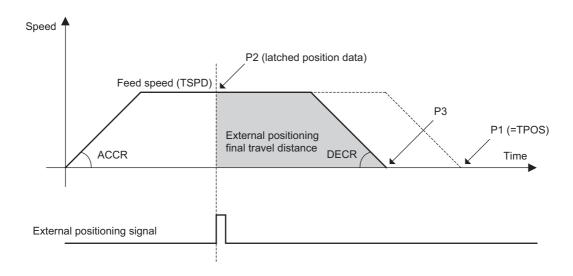
(1) Data Format

	es in which the d can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Pro	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand Can be used		e used	
Byte	EX_P(Description		
0	Command 39H	Response 39H	• The EX POSING	command performs po	ositioning in response	
1	WDT	RWDT	to the input of the	external positioning sinal input positioning,	gnal.	
2			SVCMD_CTRL.C	MD_PAUSE to "1." etion of the command		
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT		$EX_POSING (= 39H)$		
4				etion of latching by th MD_CTRL.L_CMP1		
5			Confirm motion re	ference output comple $EN = 1$, and the comp	tion by checking that	
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	by checking that S'	VCMD_CTRL.PSET etion of the cancellati	= 1.	
7				CMD = EX POSING		
8			SVCMD_STAT.CN	MD_CANCEL_CMP = etion of pausing of the		
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO	ing that RCMD = I	$EX_POSING (= 39H)$		
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MO				
11			Monitor data can b	e selected by changing tails, refer to <i>Chapter</i>	g the common param-	
12			ters.	talls, feler to Chapter	o Common 1 arame-	
13	TPOS	CPRM_SEL_	PRM_SEL_ <notes command="" on="" the="" using=""></notes>			
14	1105	MON1	• To send this command, select the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and output the latch request by setting			
15			LT_REQ1 = 1. • TPOS (target posit			
16			TSPD (target speed			
17	TSPD	CPRM_SEL_	ACCR (acceleration)	l with an unsigned val n):		
18		MON2	• DECR (deceleration	n with an unsigned val n):	ue.	
19			Set the deceleration	n with an unsigned value is set to 0, it may pre		
20			accelerating or dec			
21	ACCR	MONITOR1	deceleration rate.		in rate and DECK	
22				ce) limit with an unsig		
23			refer to 3.2.21 Mo	n on the settings of the tion Command Data S	Setting Method.	
24			• For the units of correfer to 2.7.2 Spec	nmand values set in thifying Units.	ne command area,	
25	DECR	MONITOR2	_	s, an alarm will occur	and the command	
26			will not be executed.	tate: CMD_ALM = A		
27					()	
28						
29	TLIM	MONITOR3				
30						
31						

(2) Operating Sequence

The following describes the operating sequence for external input positioning operation using the EX POSING command.

- 1. The master station sends the EX_POSING command. Target position P1 is set in the "target position" field to be used as the positioning target if the external signal is not input. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT_REQ1 = 1.
- 2. The slave station starts feeding toward the positioning target position P1 at the specified speed when it receives the EX POSING command. At the same time, it enters the external input positioning mode.
- 3. When the external positioning signal is input, the slave station sets latch completion status L_CMP1 to "1" to notify the master station that current position latching by the external positioning signal is completed.
- 4. The slave station calculates "(External input positioning target P3) = (Position P2 latched by the external positioning signal) + (Travel distance for external input positioning (common parameter 83))" and performs positioning to external input positioning target P3.
- 5. After the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3, the slave station sets the motion reference output completed flag (DEN) to "1" to notify the master station of the completion of motion reference output to move the device to target position P3.



Note:

- To cancel the external input positioning, set SVCMD CTRL.CMD CANCEL to "1."
- The motion direction after latching is determined by the sign of the value set for the external positioning final travel distance.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a positive value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the same direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.

If the final travel distance for external positioning is a negative value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning.

3.2.15 Zero Point Return Command (ZRET: 3AH)

(1) Data Format

Processing Time Communication cycle	Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Description O 3AH 3AH 1 WDT RWDT 1 WDT RWDT 2 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 3 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 3 CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 4 SVCMD_CTRL CMD_STAT 5 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT 6 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT 6 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT 7 Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RVCMD CONFIN (zero point position) at a SVCMD CTRL.CMD_RVDSE to *1." Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RVCMD_COLDEN = 1, and the completion of positioning at the zero point by checking that SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of pussing of the command by checking that RVCMD_PSET = 3AH), CMD_STAT_CMD_RVSE_WID_TAT_CMD_RVS	Pro	cessing Time	communication	Subcommand Can be used		e used	
O	Byte	ZR	ET		Description		
operation and performs the operation using the zero point limits which and the position lates bigmal. CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT CMD_CTRL CMD_STAT SVCMD_CTRL_CMD_PAISE to *1." SVCMD_CTRL_CMD_PAISE to *1." Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH) and CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1. SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command execution of positioning at the zero point by checking that SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command of positioning at the zero point by checking that SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_IO_PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_	Бую	Command	Response	ar ar ar	·		
The signal used to latch the position is specified by "latch signal selection." The signal used to latch the position is specified by "latch signal selection." To pause the zero point return operation, set SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_CTRL CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that EACH CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_IO_DEN = 1, and the completion of positioning at the zero point by checking that SVCMD_IO_DEN = 1, and the completion of positioning at the zero point by checking that SVCMD_IO_DEN = 1 (zero point position) = 1 and SVCMD_IO_DEN = 1 (zero point position = 1 (zero	0	ЗАН	ЗАН	operation and perfe	orms the operation usi	ng the zero point	
als selection." To pause the zero point return operation, set SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." Confirm the completion of the command execution by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH) and CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1. SVCMD_LORST = 1. SVCMD_LORST = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that SVCMD_LORST = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that SVCMD_LORST = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that SVCMD_LORST = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that SVCMD_LORST = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that SVCMD_LORST = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that SVCMD_LORST = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), and STATCMDRDY = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH). CONTENT Extend = ZRET (= 3AH) and CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1. Confirm the completion of motion reference output by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH). CONTENT Extend = ZRET (= 3AH). CONTENT Extended = ZR	1	WDT	RWDT				
SVCMD_CTRL.CMD_PAUSE to "1." SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT SVCMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1, and the completion of positioning at the zero point by checking that SVCMD_IO_ZENT [2 crop point position) = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_RDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SV	2	CMD CTRI	CMD STAT	nal selection."			
Second Content Second Content	3	ewib_crke	CIVID_517XI	SVCMD_CTRL.C	MD_PAUSE to "1."		
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT	4			ing that $RCMD = Z$			
Section Sec	5	SVCMD CTDI	SVCMD STAT		letion of motion refere	ence output by check-	
SVCMD_IO.ZPOINT (zero point position) = 1 and SVCMD_IO.PSET = 1. SVCMD_IO.PSET = 1. Confirm the completion of the cancellation of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STATCMD CANCEL CMP = 1. CMD_STATCMD_ROY_P and SVCMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STATCMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. CONFIRM the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STATCMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STATCMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. CPRM_SEL_MONICPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. For details, refer to Chapter & Common Parameters. Notes on using the command > . To send this command, select the latch signal with LT_SELI of SVCMD_CTRL and output the latch request by setting LT_REQ1 = 1. TSPD MON2 TSPD (arget speed): Set the target speed with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration): Set the deceleration with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration): Set unay prevent the motor from accelerating or decelerating. Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate and DECR deceleration rate. TLIM (torque (force) limit): Set the acceleration with an unsigned value. For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A)	6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAI				
SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_STAT.CMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. CMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. CMD_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP =	7			SVCMD_IO.ZPOI	NT (zero point position		
SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_IO SVCMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD CANCEL_CMP = 1.	8			Confirm the compl	letion of the cancellati		
Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = ZRET (= 3AH), CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STA	9		arran (5 ra	CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_CANCEL_CMP = 1. • Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by check-			
11	10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO				
Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. For details, refer to Chapter 8 Common Parameters. Solution Common	11			1 and SVCMD_ST	MP = 1.		
13	12						
Notes on using the command	13		CPRM SEL	_	8 Common Parame-		
To send this command, select the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL and output the latch request by setting LT_REQ1 = 1. TSPD	14	MODE		<notes on="" td="" the<="" using=""><td>command></td><td></td></notes>	command>		
TSPD TSPD CPRM_SEL_MON2 TSPD CPRM_SEL_MON2 TSPD (target speed): Set the target speed with an unsigned value. ACCR (acceleration): Set the acceleration with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration): Set the deceleration with an unsigned value. If ACCR or DECR is set to 0, it may prevent the motor from accelerating or decelerating. Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate and DECR deceleration rate. TLIM (torque (force) limit): Set the torque (force) limit with an unsigned value. For the information on the settings of the above reference data, refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A) TLIM MONITOR3	15			 To send this comm 	and, select the latch si		
TSPD	16			$LT_REQ1 = 1$.	request by setting		
SACCR (acceleration): Set the acceleration with an unsigned value. DECR (deceleration): Set the deceleration with an unsigned value. If ACCR or DECR is set to 0, it may prevent the motor from accelerating or decelerating. Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate and DECR deceleration rate. TLIM (torque (force) limit): Set the torque (force) limit with an unsigned value. For the information on the settings of the above reference data, refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A)	17		CPRM SEL	Set the target speed	d with an unsigned val	lue.	
Set the deceleration with an unsigned value. If ACCR or DECR is set to 0, it may prevent the motor from accelerating or decelerating. Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate and DECR deceleration rate. TLIM (torque (force) limit): Set the torque (force) limit with an unsigned value. For the information on the settings of the above reference data, refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A) TLIM MONITOR3	18	TSPD				lue.	
Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate and DECR deceleration rate.	19					lue.	
Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate and DECR deceleration rate. 22 MONITOR1 Set the torque (force) limit): Set the torque (force) limit with an unsigned value. 4 For the information on the settings of the above reference data, refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. 5 For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A)	20			If ACCR or DECR	is set to 0, it may pre		
TLIM (torque (force) limit): Set the torque (force) limit with an unsigned value. For the information on the settings of the above reference data, refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A) TLIM MONITOR3	21			Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate a		on rate and DECR	
23 24 25 26 27 DECR MONITOR2 MONITOR2 For the information on the settings of the above reference data, refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A) TLIM MONITOR3	22	ACCR	MONITOR1	• TLIM (torque (force) limit):			
24 25 26 27 DECR MONITOR2 MONITOR2 For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A) TLIM MONITOR3	23			• For the information	n on the settings of the	e above reference	
refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. DECR MONITOR2 In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A) TLIM MONITOR3	24			• For the units of con	mmand values set in tl		
In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will not be executed. In the servo OFF state: CMD_ALM = AH (A.95A) TLIM MONITOR3	25			refer to 2.7.2 Spec	ifying Units.		
27	26	- DECR	MONITOR2		s, an alarm will occur	and the command	
29 30 TLIM MONITOR3	27				tate: CMD_ALM = A	H (A.95A)	
TLIM MONITOR3	28			-			
30	29	TT 11.4	MONITOR 2				
31	30	LLIM	MONITOR3				
	31						

(2) Command-specific Data

The following describes the data specific to the ZRET command.

MODE (Lower 1 byte)

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
HOME_DIR	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	TYPE			

• MODE.HOME_DIR (Zero point return direction)

Selects the zero point return direction.

MODE.HOME_DIR = 0: Positive direction

MODE.HOME_DIR = 1: Negative direction

• MODE.TYPE (Zero point return type)

Sets the zero point return type on selection of the type from the patterns below.

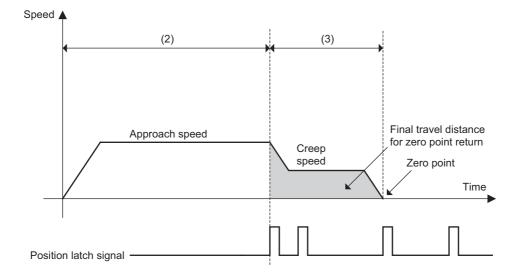
MODE.TYPE = 0: Latch signal

MODE.TYPE = 1: Deceleration limit switch + Latch signal

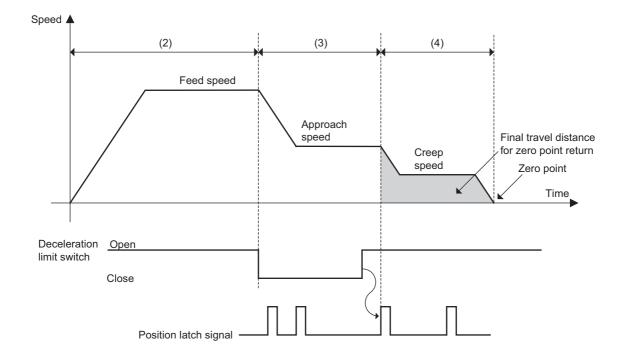
(3) Operating Sequence

The following describes the zero point return operating sequence for each of the zero point return modes.

- 1. MODE = 0 (Latch Signal)
 - (1) The master station sends the ZRET command. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT REQ1 = 1.
 - (2) The slave station starts feeding in the direction specified by MODE.HOME_DIR at the speed set for the Homing Approach Speed (common parameter 84).
 - (3) When the current position latch signal, specified by LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL, is input, the slave station executes positioning through the movement of the Final Travel Distance for Homing (common parameter 86) at the Homing Creep Speed (common parameter 85). After the completion of positioning, the slave station sets the zero point of the reference coordinate system.



- 2. MODE = 1 (Deceleration Limit Switch Signal + Latch Signal)
 - (1) The master station sends the ZRET command. It selects the latch signal with LT_SEL1 of SVCMD CTRL and outputs the latch request by setting LT REQ1 = 1.
 - (2) The slave station starts feeding in the direction specified by MODE.HOME_DIR at the speed set in the "TSPD" field.
 - (3) When the "deceleration limit switch" is closed (DEC = 1), the feed speed is switched to the Homing Approach Speed (common parameter 84).
 - (4) When the current position latch signal, specified by LT_SEL1 of SVCMD_CTRL, is input after the "deceleration limit switch" is opened (DEC = 0), the slave station executes positioning through the movement of the Final Travel Distance for Homing (common parameter 86) at the Homing Creep Speed (common parameter 85). After the completion of positioning, the slave station sets the zero point of the reference coordinate system.



Note:

The motion direction after latching is determined by the sign of the value set for the Final Travel Distance for Homing.

If the Final Travel Distance for Homing is a positive value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the same direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning. (With ZRET in the MECHATROLINK-II compatible profile, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning.)

If the Final Travel Distance for Homing is a negative value:

- After latching during motion in the positive direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.
- After latching during motion in the negative direction, the motor rotates in the negative direction (the same direction) for positioning. (With ZRET in the MECHATROLINK-II compatible profile, the motor rotates in the positive direction (the reverse direction) for positioning.)

3.2.16 Velocity Control Command (VELCTRL: 3CH)

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Can b	e used	
Byte	VELO	CTRL		Description		
Бую	Command	Response		Везоприон		
0	3CH	3CH		nmand sends the spee		
1	WDT	RWDT		speed control. The slattly without position co		
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	• To cancel the speed 0 or set SVCMD_0	control, set the speed CTRL.CMD_CANCE	reference as VREF =	
4			To pause the speed SVCMD CTRL.C	MD PAUSE to "1."		
5	CVCMD CTDI	CLICAD CTAT		etion of the command VELCTRL (= 3CH) at		
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT	CMD_STAT.CMD	RDY = 1.		
7				l control, set the speed CTRL.CMD_CANCE		
8			Confirm the arrival ence (VREF) by ch	of the feedback speed lecking that SVCMD_	d at the speed refer- IO.V CMP = 1.	
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO	Confirm the compl	etion of pausing of the	e command by check-	
10	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	ing that RCMD = VELCTRL (= 3CH), CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. • CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2:			
11						
12			Monitor data can b	e selected by changing	g the common param-	
13	TFF	CPRM_SEL_	eter setting. For details, refer to Chapter 8 Common Parameters. MON1 Notes on using the command>			
14	111	MON1				
15			VREF (Velocity re	ference):		
16			• TFF (torque (force	ence with a signed val) feedforward):	ue.	
17	VREF	CPRM_SEL_	Set the torque (for	ee) feedforward value force) feedforward fur		
18	VKLI	MON2	ACCR (acceleration)	n):		
19			• DECR (deceleration	n with an unsigned val	ue.	
20			Set the deceleration	n with an unsigned val	lue.	
21	ACCR	MONITOR1	• TLIM (torque (ford Set the torque (ford	ce) limit): ce) limit with an unsig	ned value.	
22	ACCK	MONITORI		on the settings of the tion Command Data S		
23			• For the units of con	nmand values set in th		
24			refer to 2.7.2 Spec • If the command is s	<i>ifying Units</i> . sent in the servo OFF s	state (SVON = 0), the	
25	DECR	MONITOR2	command becomes (SVON = 1) is esta	effective next time the	ne servo ON state	
26	BEEK	WOWTON	(5 7 5 17 17 15 65 11	onshed.		
27						
28						
29	TLIM	MONITOR3				
30	1 1 111/1	11101111010				
31						

3.2.17 Torque (Force) Control Command (TRQCTRL: 3DH)

Command can be Executed 2,3 Classification command com	nronous mand			
Processing Time Within communication cycle Subcommand Can be used				
Byte TRQCTRL Description	Description			
Command Response				
0 3DH 3DH • The TRQCTRL command sends the torque (force)				
to a slave station to perform torque (force) control. Station performs torque (force) control directly with				
2 control and position control.	_			
• Confirm the completion of the command execution ing that RCMD = TRQCTRL (= 3DH) and	by check-			
4 CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1.				
5 SVCMD CTRL SVCMD STAT • CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: Monitor data can be selected by changing the comn	00 0000			
SVCMD_CTRL SVCMD_STAT Monitor data can be selected by changing the comme eter setting. For details, refer to <i>Chapter 8 Common</i>				
7 ters.				
8 <notes command="" on="" the="" using=""></notes>	Notes on using the command			
• TQREF (Torque (force) reference):				
11 Set the speed limit with an unsigned value.				
• For the information on the settings of the above refer				
13 CPRM SEI • For the units of command values set in the comman	 refer to 3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method. For the units of command values set in the command area, refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units. 			
MON1 refer to 2.7.2 Specifying Units.				
• If the command is sent in the servo OFF state (SVO) command becomes effective next time the servo Off	• If the command is sent in the servo OFF state (SVON = 0), the			
16 (SVON = 1) is established.	State			
17 CPRM SEL				
TQREF CT NM_SEL_ MON2				
19				
20				
21				
——————————————————————————————————————				
23				
24				
25				
Reserved MONITOR2				
27				
28				
29				
MONITOR3				
31				

3.2.18 Read Servo Parameter Command (SVPRM_RD: 40H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used		
Byte	SVPR	M_RD		Description			
Буле	Command	Response		Description			
0	40H	40H	• The SVPRM_RD co				
1	WDT	RWDT	read mode.	servo parameter numb	er, data size, and the		
2	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	Select the parameter				
3	ewib_evikb	emb_smi	eter) in the read modern	de to read the correspo	onding servo parame-		
4			Confirm the comple		execution by checking		
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD STAT		RM_RD (= 40H) and RDY = 1, and also chec	oking the setting for		
6			NO, SIZE and MOI		cking the setting for		
7			1 4 611 :	1 '11 1	D 4 IDADAM		
8			In the following cases, ETER in the response				
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO	ETER in the response in these cases because the PARAME value will be indefinite.				
10	_	_		the NO data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94) the SIZE data is invalid: CMD_ALM = 9H (A.94)			
11			When the MODE da	ata is invalid: CMD_A	LM = 9H (A.94B)		
12	NO	NO	While editing using	SigmaWin: CMD_AL	LM = AH (A.95A)		
13	CIZE	CIZE					
14	SIZE MODE	SIZE MODE					
16	MODE	MODE					
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23	_						
24	Reserved	PARAMETER					
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							

(2) Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter read mode

Servo Parameter Type	Reading Source	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00H
Device Parameter	RAM area	10H

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

3.2.19 Write Servo Parameter Command (SVPRM_WR: 41H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command	
Pro	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand Cannot be used		be used	
SVPR		M_WR	Description			
Byte	Command	Response		Description		
0	41H	41H	• The SVPRM_WR c			
1	WDT	RWDT	write mode.	servo parameter numb	er, data size, and	
2	CMD CTRL	CMD STAT	Select the parameter			
3	CIVID_CTKL	CMD_STAT		g destination (RAM are e mode to write the co		
4			parameter.			
5	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD STAT		fline parameters, the C up after the parameters		
6	SVEWID_CTKL	SVCMD_STAT	Confirm the comple	tion of the command e		
7				RM_WR (= 41H) and $RDY = 1$, and also chec	cking the setting for	
8			NO, SIZE, MODE a		cking the setting for	
9	SVCMD IO	SVCMD IO			1.1 1.11	
10	SVCWID_IO	SVCNID_IO	not be executed.	the following cases, an alarm will occur and the command will of be executed.		
11			When the NO data i			
12	NO	NO	When the SIZE data When the MODE data	a is invalid: CMD_ALl ata is invalid: CMD_A		
13	140	110	When the PARAME	_	.LWI – 311 (A.34B)	
14	SIZE	SIZE	$CMD_ALM = 9H (A)$		M ATT (A 05A)	
15	MODE	MODE	While editing using	SigmaWin: CMD_AL	M = AH (A.95A)	
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23	PARAMETER	PARAMETER				
24	17 HO HAIL I LIC	17 HO HALL LEIC				
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						

3.2.19 Write Servo Parameter Command (SVPRM_WR: 41H)

(2) Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

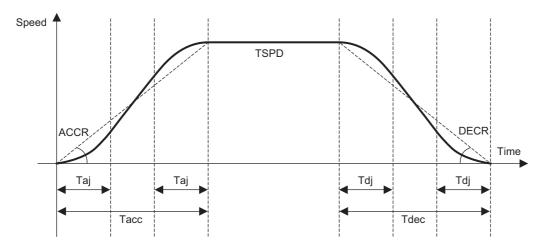
SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter write mode

Servo Parameter Type	Writing Destination	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00H
Common 1 arameters	Retentive memory area	01H
Device Parameter	RAM area	10H
Device I arameter	Retentive memory area	11H

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

3.2.20 S-curve Acceleration/Deceleration Positioning Command (S_POSING: C0H) (1) Data Format

Com	es in which the mand can be Executed	2, 3	Command Classification	Vendor-specific command	Asynchronous command		
Prod	cessing Time	Within communication cycle	Subcommand	Can be	e used		
Byte		SING		Description			
,	Command	Response	TI G POGDIO				
0	С0Н	СОН		ommand performs position ve acceleration/deceleration/			
1	WDT	RWDT		uted to the target position			
3	CMD_CTRL	CMD_STAT	Specify the S-curv curve Acceleration	e acceleration/deceleration/Deceleration Ratio para	meter (S_RATIO).		
4			Confirm the compl	2.6.2 (2) Details of Inpletion of command execu	ation by checking that		
5				NG (=C0H) and CMD_S ference output completion			
6	SVCMD_CTRL	SVCMD_STAT		= 1, and the completion			
7			Confirm the compl	etion of the cancellation			
			checking that RCM CMD STAT.CMD	$ID = S_POSING (=C0H)$ RDY = 1 and	1),		
8			SVCMD_STAT.CN	$MD_CANCEL_CMP = 1$			
9	SVCMD_IO	SVCMD_IO	 Confirm the completion of pausing of the command by checking that RCMD = S_POSING (=C0H), CMD_STAT.CMDRDY = 1 and SVCMD_STAT.CMD_PAUSE_CMP = 1. CPRM_SEL_MON1/CPRM_SEL_MON2: 				
10							
11			Monitor data can be selected by changing the common parameter setting. For details, refer to <i>Chapter 8 Common Parameters</i> .				
12				•	mon I arameters.		
13	TPOS	CPRM_SEL_ MON1	<notes command="" on="" the="" using=""> • TPOS (target position):</notes>				
14			Set the target position with a signed value. • TSPD (target speed): Set the target speed with an unsigned value.				
15							
16			ACCR (acceleration Set the acceleration	n): 1 with an unsigned value	÷.		
17	TSPD	CPRM SEL	• DECR (deceleration):				
18	13FD	MON2	If ACCR or DECR	is set to 0, it may preve	nt the motor from		
19			accelerating or decelerating. Set suitable values for ACCR acceleration rate and DECR deceleration rate.				
20			• TLIM (torque (for Set the torque (for	ce) limit): ce) limit with an unsigne	ed value.		
21	, ccp	MONUTORA		the torque (force) limit			
22	ACCR	MONITOR1	• Refer to 3.2.21 Me	otion Command Data Se			
23				ACCR, DECR, and TLIM. mmand values set in the command area, refer			
24			to 2.7.2 Specifying	g Units.			
25	DECR	MONITOR2	In the following case not be executed.	s, an alarm will occur an	d the command will		
26	DECK	MONITOR2		tate: $CMD_ALM = AH$	(A.95A)		
27	1						
28			1				
29							
30	TLIM	MONITOR3					
31							
	I		1				



Acceleration time: Tacc = TSPD/ACCR S-curve acceleration time: Taj = $S_RATIO \times Tacc$

Deceleration time: Tdec = TSPD/DECR S-curve deceleration time: Tdj = $S_RATIO \times Tdec$

(2) Restrictions

- If the TPOS, TSPD, ACCR, or DECR reference is changed during positioning, the changes must be carried out when motor is stopped or during constant-speed travel.
- If the acceleration/deceleration time is too long, linear acceleration/deceleration will be used. Linear acceleration/deceleration will be used when the acceleration/deceleration rates (ACCR and DECR) meet the following condition for the target speed (TSPD).

Acceleration/deceleration rate $[ref/s^2] < 700 \times \sqrt{TSPD}$

- You can set the S-curve acceleration/deceleration ratio (S_RATIO) with either of the following methods. ① Set it with the SVCMD IO.S RATIO to 25% or 50%.
 - ② Set it with parameter Pn846.

 If Pn846 is set to 0, operation will be performed with the setting of SVCMD_IO.S_RATIO.

 If Pn846 is not set to 0, the setting of SVCMD_IO.S_RATIO is disabled and operation will be performed with the setting of Pn846.

3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method

This subsection provides information on the settings of the following data fields of the motion commands: TSPD, VREF, VFF, TREF, TFF, TLIM, VLIM, ACCR and DECR.

Name	Description	Setting	CMD_ALM Warning Code	Operation for the Setting			
		FEED, EX_FEED: Set signed 4-byte data.					
TSPD	Target speed	-2147483648 to +2147483647	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			
		POSING, S_POSING, EX_POSING, ZRET: Set unsigned 4-byte data.					
		0 to 4294967295	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			
LABEE	Velocity	Set signed 4-byte data.					
VREF VFF	reference, Velocity feed- forward value	-2147483648 to +2147483647	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			
TQREF TFF	Torque (force) reference, Torque (force) feed- forward value	Set signed 4-byte data.					
		-2147483648 to +2147483647	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			
		Set the limit with unsigned 4-byte data.					
TLIM Torque (force) limit		0 to 4294967295	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			
	Speed limit	Set the limit with unsigned 4-byte data.					
VLIM		0 to 4294967295	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			
	Acceleration, Deceleration (position control)	Set the acceleration/deceleration with unsigned 4-byte data.					
ACCR DECR		0 to 4294967295	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			
ACCR DECR	Acceleration, Deceleration (speed control)	Set the acceleration/deceleration with unsigned 4-byte data.					
		Unit: $\times 10^{n}$ [Reference unit/s ²]					
		0 to 4294967295	0H Normal	Operates according to the setting.			

3.2.21 Motion Command Data Setting Method

Subcommands

4.1	Subcommands4	-2
4.2	No Operation Subcommand (NOP: 00H)4	-3
4.3	Read Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_RD: 05H)	-4
4.4	Clear Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_CLR: 06H)	-5
4.5	Read Memory Subcommand (MEM_RD: 1DH)	-6
4.6	Write Memory Subcommand (MEM_WR: 1EH)4	-7
4.7	Servo Status Monitor Subcommand (SMON: 30H)4	-8
4.8	Read Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM_RD: 40H)4	-9
4.9	Write Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM WR: 41H)4-1	10

4.1 Subcommands

The following table shows the subcommands.

For information on the combinations of main commands and subcommands, refer to 1.5.4 Combinations of Main Commands and Subcommands.

Profile	Command Code	Command	Operation	Communication Phases ^{*2}		
	(Hex.)				2	3
	00	NOP	No operation	-	0	0
	05	ALM_RD*1	Read alarm/warning	-	0	0
	06	ALM_CLR	Clear alarm/warning state	-	0	0
Servo Commands	1D	MEM_RD*1	Read memory command	-	0	0
Servo Commands	1E	MEM_WR*1	Write memory command	-	0	0
	30	SMON	Monitor servo status	-	0	0
	40	SVPRM_RD*1	Read servo parameter	_	0	0
	41	SVPRM_WR	Write servo parameter	_	0	0

^{*1.} Specification restrictions apply (Refer to the subsection describing each command for the details of the restrictions.)

^{*2.} O: Can be executed, Δ: Ignored, ×: Command error, -: Indefinite response data

4.2 No Operation Subcommand (NOP: 00H)

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command	
Processing Time		Within communication cycle				
Byte	NO	NOP		Description		
Бую	Command	Response				
32	00H	00H	The NOP subcommand is used for network control. Confirm the completion of the subcommand execution by checking that RSUBCMD = NOP (= 00H) and			
33						
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	SUB_STAT.SBCM	IDRDY = 1.	.)	
35						
36			7			
37						
38						
39						
40						
41	Reserved	Reserved				
42	reserved	reserved				
43						
44						
45						
46						
47						

4.3 Read Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_RD: 05H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Processing Time		Refer to the specifications of ALM_RD_MOD					
Byte ALM		_RD		Description			
Бую	Command	Response	Description				
32	05H	05H	The ALM_RD subcommand reads the current alarm or warn-				
33			ing state as an alarm or warning code. • Confirm the completion of the subcommand execution by				
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	= 05H) and				
35			SUB_STAT.SBCMDRDY = 1.				
36	ALM RD MOD	ALM RD MOD	In the following cases	e following cases, an alarm will occur and the subcommand			
37	ALM_KD_MOD	ALW_RD_WOD	will not be executed.				
38	ALM INDEX ALM INDEX		• When the ALM_RD_MOD data is invalid: CMD ALM = 9H (A.94B)				
39	ALM_NOLA	ALW_INDEX	• When the ALM_INDEX data is invalid:				
40			$CMD_ALM = 9H$	(A.94B)			
41							
42							
43	Reserved	ALM DATA					
44	Reserved	ALWI_DATA					
45							
46							
47							

(2) Command Parameters

The details of ALM_RD_MOD are described below.

ALM_RD_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Current alarm or warning state Maximum of 4 records (from byte 40 to byte 47)	Within communication cycle
1	Alarm occurrence status history (Warnings are not retained in the history.) Maximum of 4 records (from byte 40 to byte 47)	Within 60 ms

4.4 Clear Alarm or Warning Subcommand (ALM_CLR: 06H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Processing Time		Refer to the specifications of ALM_RD_MOD	Subcommand				
Byte	ALM_	CLR		Description			
Dyte	Command	Response		Description			
32	06H	06H	_	bcommand clears the a	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
33			state. It changes the state of a slave station, but does not nate the cause of the alarm or warning. ALM CLR sh				
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	used to clear the sta	ate after the cause of the alarm or warning			
35			has been eliminated Confirm the comple	etion of the subcommand execution by			
36	ALM CLR MOD	ALM CLR MOD	checking that RSU	$BCMD = ALM_CLR (= 06H)$ and			
37	TIEM_CER_MOD	ALM_CER_MOD	SUB_STAT.SBCM				
38				s, an alarm will occur a	and the subcommand		
39			will not be executed. • When the ALM CI	LR MOD data is inval	id		
40			SUBCMD_ALM =		iu.		
41							
42	Reserved	Reserved					
43	110001100	110001100					
44							
45							
46							
47							

(2) Command Parameters

The details of ALM_CLR_MOD are described below.

ALM_CLR_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Clearance of the current alarm or warning state	Within 200 ms
1	Clearance of the alarm history	Within 2 s

4.5 Read Memory Subcommand (MEM_RD: 1DH)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Processing Time		Within 200 ms	Subcommand				
Byte	MEM	I_RD	Description				
2,10	Command	Response		2000p			
32	1DH	1DH		command reads the d			
33			reading.	ring the initial address	and the data size for		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT		etion of the subcomm			
35				$BCMD = MEM_RD$ ($MDRDY = 1$, and also			
36	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	for ADDRESS and SIZE. In the following cases, an alarm will occur and the subcommwill not be executed.				
37	MODE/ DATA_TYPE	MODE/ DATA_TYPE					
38	CIZE	CIZE	• When the ADDRESS data is invalid: SUBCMD ALM = 9H (A.94A)				
39	SIZE	SIZE SIZE		When the MODE/DATA_TYPE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B)			
40			When the SIZE dat	a is invalid:			
41	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94D) • While editing using SigmaWin:				
42	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	SUBCMD_ALM = For details, refer to 3.		emory Command (MEM WR:		
43			IEH) ■ Method to Access Virtual Memory Areas.				
44							
45	Reserved	DATA					
46	ixesei veu	DAIA					
47							

(2) Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA_TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MODE				DAT	TA_TYPE		

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Not supported

DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported

SIZE: Data size for reading (of type specified by DATA_TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for reading

DATA: Read data

4.6 Write Memory Subcommand (MEM_WR: 1EH)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Processing Time		Refer to 3.1.11 (2) Command Parameters Executing the Adjustment Operation.	Subcommand				
Byte	MEM	I_WR		Description			
Dyto	Command	Response		Bosonphon			
32	1EH	1EH		bcommand writes the			
33			for writing.	he initial address, the	data size and the data		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	• Confirm the completion of the subcommand execution by				
35			checking that RSUBCMD = MEM_WR (= 1EH) and SUB STAT.SUBCMDRDY = 1, and also checking the setting				
36	Reserved (0)	Reserved (0)	for ADDRESS, SIZE and DATA.				
37	MODE/ DATA_TYPE	MODE/ DATA_TYPE	In the following case will not be executed.	s, an alarm will occur	and the subcommand		
38	SIZE	SIZE	When the ADDRESS data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94A)				
39	SIZL	SIZE	• When the MODE/DATA_TYPE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B)				
40			When the SIZE day SUBCMD ALM =	ta is invalid:			
41	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	• When the conditions for executing the adjustment operation are not satisfied: SUBCMD ALM = AH (A.95A)				
42	ADDICESS	ADDICESS	While editing using SigmaWin: SUBCMD ALM = AH (A.95A)				
43			For details, refer to 3.	1.11 Write Memory Co ccess Virtual Memory			
44			,				
45	DATA	DATA					
46	DAIA	DAIA					
47							

(2) Command Parameters

The details of MODE/DATA_TYPE are described below.

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MODE				DATA_TYPE			

MODE = 1: Volatile memory, 2: Non-volatile memory (Non-volatile memory can be selected only for common parameters)

DATA_TYPE = 1: Byte, 2: Short, 3: Long, 4: Not supported

SIZE: Data size for writing (of type specified by DATA_TYPE)

ADDRESS: Initial address for writing

DATA: Data to be written

4.7 Servo Status Monitor Subcommand (SMON: 30H)

Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Common command	Asynchronous command		
Processing Time		Within communication cycle	Subcommand				
Byte	SM	ON		Description			
Бую	Command	Response		Description			
32	30H	30H		mand reads the alarms			
33				on, speed, output, torqu			
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT	fied in monitor setting, and the state of the I/O signals of servo drive.				
35			Confirm the completion of the subcommand execution by checking that RSUBCMD = SMON (= 30H) and				
36			SUB_STAT.SUBCMDRDY = 1.				
37		MONITOR4					
38		WONITOR4					
39							
40							
41	Reserved	MONITOR5					
42	ixeserveu	MONITORS					
43							
44							
45		MONITOR6					
46		MONITORO					
47							

4.8 Read Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM_RD: 40H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand				
Byte	SVPR	M_RD		Description			
Бую	Command	Response	Description				
32	40H	40H		subcommand reads the			
33			read mode.	servo parameter num	ber, data size, and the		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT		etion of the subcomm			
35				$BCMD = SVPRM_RI$ MDRDY = 1, and also			
36	NO	NO	for NO, SIZE and I	MODE.			
37	110	110	PARAMETER in the	s, an alarm will occur. response in these case			
38	SIZE	SIZE	 PARAMETER value will be indefinite. When the NO data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94A) When the SIZE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94D) 				
39	MODE	MODE					
40			• When the MODE of SUBCMD_ALM =				
41							
42							
43	Reserved	PARAMETER					
44	100001,00	111111111111111111111111111111111111111					
45							
46							
47							

(2) Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter read mode

Servo Parameter Type	Reading Source	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00H
Device Parameter	RAM area	10H

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

4.9 Write Servo Parameter Subcommand (SVPRM_WR: 41H)

(1) Data Format

Phases in which the Command can be Executed		2, 3	Command Classification	Servo standard command	Asynchronous command		
Pro	cessing Time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand				
Byte	SVPRI	M_WR	Description				
Dyte	Command	Response	·				
32	41H	41H		subcommand writes the servo parameter n			
33			write mode.	the servo parameter if	umber, data size, and		
34	SUB_CTRL	SUB_STAT		etion of the subcomm BCMD = SVPRM W			
35				MDRDY = 1, and also			
36	NO	NO		DE and PARAMETE			
37	NO	NO	In the following cases will not be executed. • When the NO data	and the subcommand			
38	SIZE	SIZE	SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94A) • When the SIZE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94D) • When the MODE data is invalid: SUBCMD_ALM = 9H (A.94B)				
39	MODE	MODE					
40			• When the PARAM SUBCMD_ALM =	ETER data is invalid: 9H (A.94B)			
41			• While editing using SUBCMD_ALM =				
42							
43	PARAMETER	PARAMETER					
44	TIME IN ETER	THU MIDIBE					
45							
46							
47							

Note: If the main command and subcommand specifying the same NO are received at the same time as new commands, the main command takes precedence and the alarm specified by SUBCMD_ALM occurs for the subcommand.

(2) Command Parameters

NO: Servo parameter number

SIZE: Servo parameter data size [byte] MODE: Servo parameter write mode

Servo Parameter Type	Reading Source	Mode Setting
Common Parameters	RAM area	00H
	Retentive memory area	01H
Device Parameter	RAM area	10H
	Retentive memory area	11H

PARAMETER: Servo parameter data

Operation Sequence

This chapter describes basic operation sequences using MECHATROLINK-III communications.

	Setting the MECHATROLINK-III and Communications Specifications . 5.1.1 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III Station Address . 5.1.2 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III Axis Address . 5.1.3 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III Transmission Bytes . 5.1.4 Checking the Communications Status .	5-2 5-2
	Parameter Management and Operation Sequence	5-4
5.3	Setting the Zero Point before Starting Operation	5-6
5.4	Operation Sequence when Turning the Servo ON	5-7
5.5	Operation Sequence when OT (Overtravel Limit Switch) Signal is Input	5-7
5.6	Operation Sequence at Emergency Stop (Main Circuit OFF)	5-7
5.7	Operation Sequence when a Safety Signal is Input	5-8
5.8	Operation Sequence at Occurrence of Alarm	. 5-10
5.9	Notes when the Positioning Completed State (PSET = 1) is Established while Canceling a Motion Command	. 5-10

5.1 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III and Communications Specifications

Use the following procedures to set the MECHATROLINK-III communications specifications and check the communications status.



After you change Pn010 to Pn017, Pn880, or Pn881, turn the power supply OFF and then ON again to enable the new settings.

5.1.1 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III Station Address

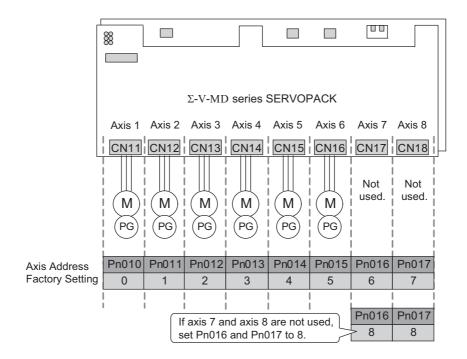
Set the MECHATROLINK-III station address in Pn880.

	Station Address		Speed	Category	
Pn880	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	5 9 ,
	3 to EF	1H	3	After Restart	Setup

5.1.2 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III Axis Address

Set the MECHATROLINK-III axis addresses in Pn010 to Pn017.

In the factory settings, CN11 is assigned to axis 1 and the other axis addresses are assigned in order from CN11.



- Note 1. If you change the settings of Pn010 to Pn017, you must initialize the parameters or set the parameters again for any axis that was changed.
 - 2. Set the axis address parameter for any axis that is not used to 8. If you enter a value of 8 or higher, the SERVO-PACK will detect that the axis is not used.
 - 3. The set values of Pn010 to Pn017 must be in order from 0 and each parameter must have a unique setting. If the same axis address is set more than once, alarm A.E42 will occur and the factory settings will be forcibly used.

5.1.3 Setting the MECHATROLINK-III Transmission Bytes

Set the number of transmission bytes in Pn881.

	Number of Transmission Bytes		Speed	Category	
Pn881	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	3 3
	32, 48	_	48	After Restart	Setup

5.1.4 Checking the Communications Status

To confirm that the SERVOPACK is in the communication enabled state, check the CN, LK1, and LK2 LEDs.

	Description
CN	This indicator lights when a connection is established in the application layer. Unlit: In the CONNECT command incomplete state Lit: In the CONNECT command completed state
CMERR	This indicator flashes if a command error occurs for communications in the data link layer. It lights if a communications error occurs. Unlit: In normal communication Flashing: A command error (CMD_ALM) occurred. Lit: A communications error (COMM_ALM) occurred.
LK1 LK2	This indicator lights when communications are started in the data link layer. The LK1 indicator shows the communications status of port 1. The LK2 indicator shows the communications status of port 2. Unlit: Communication not in progress, due to disconnected cable, etc. Lit: In normal communication

5.2 Parameter Management and Operation Sequence

5.2.1 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a Controller

When the parameters are managed by a controller, the parameters are automatically transmitted from the controller to the SERVOPACK when the power is turned ON. Therefore, the settings of SERVOPACK do not need to be changed when the SERVOPACK is replaced.

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn ON the control and main circuit power supplies.	=
2	Confirm the completion of the initialization process of the SERVOPACK.	NOP
3	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT *
4	Establish communications connection and starts WDT count.	CONNECT
5	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
6	Read device setting data such as parameters.	SVPRM_RD
7	Set the parameters required for the device.	SVPRM_WR
8	Enable the parameter settings (Setup).	CONFIG
9	Turn ON the encoder power supply to obtain the position data.	SENS_ON
10	Turn the servo ON.	SV_ON
11	Start operation.	POSING, INTERPOLATE, etc.
12	Turn the servo OFF.	SV_OFF
13	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
14	Turn OFF the control and main circuit power supplies.	_

^{*} When starting the operation sequence with turning the power ON as the first step, it is not necessary to send the DIS-CONNECT command.

Note: This example sequence shows the steps to enable starting of communications regardless of the status at that point.

5.2.2 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a SERVOPACK

To manage the parameters by using SERVOPACK's non-volatile memory, save the parameters in the non-volatile memory at setup and use an ordinary operation sequence.

(1) Setup Sequence

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn ON the control and main circuit power supplies.	NOP
2	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT *
3	Establish communications connection and starts WDT count.	CONNECT
4	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
5	Get device setting data such as parameters.	SVPRM_RD
6	Save the parameters required for the device in the non-volatile memory.	SVPRM_WR Note: Do not use RAM.
7	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
8	Turn OFF the control and main circuit power supplies.	-

^{*} If the connection cannot be released normally, send a DISCONNECT command for 2 or more communication cycles, and then send a CONNECT command.

(2) Ordinary Operation Sequence

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn ON the control and main circuit power supplies.	NOP
2	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT *
3	Establish communications connection and starts WDT count.	CONNECT
4	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
5	Get device setting data such as parameters.	SVPRM_RD
6	Turn ON the encoder power supply to obtain the position data.	SENS_ON
7	Turn the servo ON.	SV_ON
8	Start operation.	POSING, INTERPOLATE, etc.
9	Turn the servo OFF.	SV_OFF
10	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
11	Turn OFF the control and main circuit power supplies.	_

^{*} If the connection cannot be released normally, send a DISCONNECT command for 2 or more communication cycles, and then send a CONNECT command.

5.3 Setting the Zero Point before Starting Operation

(1) When Using an Incremental Encoder

When an incremental encoder is used in the slave station, carry out a zero point return operation after turning ON the power supply.

After the zero point is set, set the reference coordinate system to determine the work coordinate zero point as required:

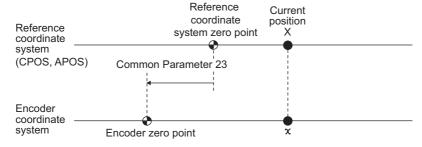
- Setting the Reference Coordinate System Using ZRET Command
 Use the ZRET command to return the slave station to the zero point and set the reference coordinate system based on the zero point.
- 2. Setting the Reference Coordinate System Using POS_SET Command
 Use the POS_SET command to set the reference coordinate system of the slave station.
 - i) Perform positioning to the reference position using a positioning command such as EX_POSING.
 - ii) Send the POS_SET command with POS_SET_MODE.POS_SEL = APOS (= 0), POS_SET_MODE.REFE = 1, and POS_DATA = reference position.

ZPOINT and software limits are enabled after the reference coordinate system has been set.

(2) When Using an Absolute Encoder

When an absolute encoder is used in the slave station, the SENS_ON command can be used to set the reference coordinate system of the slave station. The reference coordinate system will be set according to the position detected by the absolute encoder and the coordinate system offset of the encoder (i.e., the offset between the encoder's coordinate system and the reference coordinate system (device built-in parameter)). The relationship between the reference coordinate system (CPOS and APOS), the encoder's coordinate system, and the coordinate system offset of the encoder are shown in the following figure.

CPOS: Reference position APOS: Feedback position



X=x + Common Parameter 23 Common parameter 23: Absolute encoder origin offset

5.4 Operation Sequence when Turning the Servo ON

Motor control using a host controller is performed using motion commands only in the servo ON state (motor power ON).

In the servo OFF state (when the power to the motor is shut OFF), the SERVOPACK manages position data so that the reference coordinate system (CPOS, MPOS) and the feedback coordinate system (APOS) are equal. For correct execution of motion commands, therefore, it is necessary to use the SMON (status monitoring) command after the servo ON state has been established, to read the servo reference coordinates (CPOS) and send an appropriate reference position. Set the coordinate system of the SERVOPACK using the POS_SET command as necessary.

After completing the setting of the coordinate systems, carry out machine operation using motion commands.

5.5 Operation Sequence when OT (Overtravel Limit Switch) Signal is Input

When an OT signal is input, the SERVOPACK prohibits the motor from rotating in the way specified in parameter Pn001. The motor continues to be controlled by the SERVOPACK while its rotation is prohibited.

When an OT signal is input, use the following procedure to process the OT signal.

Procedure	Operation
1	Monitor OT signals. When an OT signal is input, send an appropriate stop command: While an interpolation command (INTERPOLATE) is being executed: Continues execution of the interpolation command while stopping updating of the interpolation position. Or, sends an SMON command. While a move command (such as POSING) other than interpolation commands is being executed: sets CMD_CANCEL = 1.
2	Check the output completion flag DEN. If DEN = 1, the SERVOPACK completed the OT processing. At the same time, check the flag ZSPD. If ZSPD = 1, the motor is completely stopped. Keep the command used in procedure 1 active until both of the above flags are set to 1.
3	Read out the current reference position (CPOS) and use it as the start position for retraction processing.
4	Use a move command such as POSING or INTERPOLATE for retraction processing. Continue to use this command until the retraction is finished. If the move command ends without finishing the retraction, restart the move command continuously from the last target position.

Note: • When an OT signal is input during execution of a motion command such as ZRET, EX_FEED or EX_POSING, the execution of the command will be cancelled.

• During the overtravel state (P-OT = 1 or N-OT = 1), the servomotor is not positioned to the target position specified by the host controller. Check the feedback position (APOS) to confirm that the axis is stopped at a safe position.



If the state of an OT signal varies over a short time (in a pulsing manner for example), the host controller may not be able to monitor the variation of the OT signal properly. Take due care about the selection of limit switches and their mounting and wiring to avoid chattering of OT signals and malfunctioning.

5.6 Operation Sequence at Emergency Stop (Main Circuit OFF)

For circuits incorporating the recommended processing that the control and main circuit power supplies turn OFF on occurrence of an emergency stop, no specific process is required.

For circuits that turn OFF only the main circuit power supply, follow the procedure below.

After confirming that the SV_ON or PON bit in the STATUS field of the response data is OFF (= 0), send an SV_OFF command. While in an emergency stop state, always monitor the SERVOPACK status using a command such as the SMON (status monitoring) command.

For recovery from an emergency stop state, follow the action to be taken on occurrence of an alarm.

5.7 Operation Sequence when a Safety Signal is Input

When an HWBB1 or HWBB2 signal is input while the motor is being operated, current to the motor will be forcibly stopped, and the motor will be stopped according to the setting of the 1st digit of parameter Pn001.

Note: Safety functions cannot be used on a Σ -V-MD-series A02 SERVOPACK.

[When an HWBB signal is input after the SERVOPACK stops powering the motor]

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	ON (The HWBB function is not required.)		OFF (The HWBB function is required.)	ON (The HWBB function is not required.)	
Command	Motion command, etc.	SV_OFF command	SMON	command, etc.	SV_ON command
SVCMD_STAT SV_ON	1		0		1
SVCMD_IO. ESTP	0		1	0	
SERVOPACK status	RUN status	BB status (baseblocked)	HWBB status (hard wire baseblocked)	BB status (baseblocked)	RUN status

[When an HWBB signal is input while the SERVOPACK is powering the motor]

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	ON (The HWBB function is not required.)	OFF (The HWBB function is required.)	function (The LIM/DD function is not	
Command	Motion command, etc.	SMON command, etc.		SV_ON command
SVCMD_STAT. SV_ON	1	0		1
SVCMD_IO. ESTP	0	1	0	
SERVOPACK status	RUN status	HWBB status (hard wire baseblocked)	BB status (baseblocked)	RUN status

■ When an HWBB Signal is Input:

Monitor the HWBB input signal and SCM output signal status, or ESTP signal (HWBB) status in the SVCMD_IO (servo command input signal) field. If a forced stop status is detected, send a command such as SV_OFF to stop the motor.

■ Recovery from Stop Status:

Recover from the stop status by following the procedure below.

- Reset the HWBB1 or HWBB2 signal.
 The HWBB state is still valid at this point.
- 2. Send an SV_OFF command to shift the SERVOPACK to the base block state.
- 3. Carry out controller and system recovery processing.
- 4. Send an SV ON command to establish the servo ON state.
- 5. Complete the preparation for operation after establishing the servo ON state.
- 6. Start operation.
- Note 1. If the SERVOPACK enters the HWBB status while sending an SV_ON command, reset the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal and then send a command other than SV_ON, such as SV_OFF. Then, send the SV_ON command again to restore the normal operation status.
 - 2. If the SERVOPACK enters the HWBB status during execution of an SV_OFF, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, or S_POSING command, a command warning will occur since the SERVOPACK status changes to the servo OFF state. Execute the clear alarm or warning (ALM_CLR) command to restore normal operation.

5.8 Operation Sequence at Occurrence of Alarm

When the D_ALM bit in the CMD_STAT field of the response is 1 or a COMM_ALM field of 8 or a greater value is detected, send the SV_OFF command. Use the ALM_RD command to check the alarm code. To clear the alarm status, send the ALM_CLR command or set the ALM_CLR bit of the CMD_CTRL command to "1" after eliminating the cause of the alarm. However, this will not clear the alarm status that require the power supply to be turned OFF and back ON for clearance.

For Communication Error Alarms

When a communication error alarm (COMM_ALM \geq 8) occurs, the communication phase shifts to phase 2. To restore communication phase 3, send a SYNC_SET command after resetting the alarm.

· For Warnings

When the D_WAR bit is 1 or the COMM_ALM field of a value from 1 to 7 is detected, a warning occurs but the servo OFF state will not be established. Check the alarm code using the ALM_RD command and perform appropriate processing. To clear the warning state, send the ALM_CLR command or set the ALM_CLR bit of the CMD_CTRL command to "1."

· For Command Errors

Check the status of CMD_ALM with the host controller in every communication cycle and perform appropriate processing because CMD_ALM will be automatically cleared on reception of the next normal command after detecting CDM $ALM \neq 0$.

5.9 Notes when the Positioning Completed State (PSET = 1) is Established while Canceling a Motion Command

When the SERVOPACK enters any of the following states during execution of a motion command, it may cancel the execution of the motion command and establish the positioning completed state (PSET = 1).

- The servo OFF state (SV_ON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0") has been established due to an alarm (D_ALM of CMD_STAT set to "0" or COMM_ALM ≥ 8).
- The servo OFF state (SV_ON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0") has been established because the main power supply was turned OFF (PON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0").
- The motor has stopped due to overtravel (P-OT or N-OT of SVCMD_IO set to "1") or a software limit (P_SOT or N_SOT of SVCMD_IO set to "1").
- The servo OFF state (SV_ON of SVCMD_STAT set to "0") has been established because the HWBB signal was turned OFF (ESTP of SVCMD_IO set to "1").

In this case, the motor has not reached the target position specified by the host controller even though PSET is set to "1." Check the feedback position (APOS) to confirm that the axis is stopped at a safe position.



If the state of an OT signal varies over a short time (in a pulsing manner for example), the host controller may not be able to monitor the variation of the OT signal properly. Take due care about the selection of limit switches and their mounting and wiring to avoid chattering of OT signals and malfunctioning.

Function/Command Related Parameters

6.1 Position Control	. 6-2
6.1.1 Interpolation Command	6-2 6-2
6.2 Torque (Force) Limiting Function	. 6-3
6.3 Torque (Force) Feedforward Function	. 6-4
6.4 Software Limit Function	. 6-5
6.5 Latch Function	.6-6
6.5.1 Setting the Latching Allowable Area	6-7

6.1 Position Control

This section describes the parameters related to interpolation and positioning in position control.

6.1.1 Interpolation Command

When sending the INTERPOLATE command, the speed feedforward and torque (force) feedforward values can be specified along with the target position.

The sum of the speed feedforward value specified by the INTERPOLATE command and the (speed) feedforward value set in the parameters (common parameter 64 (Pn109) and Pn10A) will be applied.

Specifying the speed feedforward value using the INTERPOLATE command may lead to overshooting if the settings of the following parameters (common parameter 64 (Pn109) and Pn10A) are inappropriate. When specifying the speed feedforward value using the INTERPOLATE command, set the parameters to "0" (factory setting).

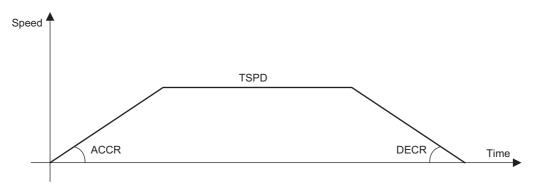
Common Parameters	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
64	Feedforward Compensation	4	0 to 100	%	0
Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn10A	Feedforward Filter Time Constant	2	0 to 64000	0.01 ms	0

If the speed feedforward and torque (force) feedforward values are specified using the INTERPOLATE command, the values will be cleared when another command is executed.

6.1.2 Positioning Command

The command acceleration/deceleration rates (ACCR and DECR) are used for acceleration/deceleration for positioning commands (POSING, FEED, EX FEED, EX POSING, and ZRET).

When using the acceleration/deceleration (ACCR and DECR) specified by the command, positioning will be performed with 1-step acceleration/deceleration.



Note: Make settings so that the distance required for deceleration and the deceleration satisfy the following conditions. Deceleration [reference unit/s²] \geq Maximum reference speed [reference unit/s]² / (Maximum deceleration distance [reference unit] \times 2)

6.2 Torque (Force) Limiting Function

The torque (force) limiting function limits the torque (force) during position/speed control to protect the connected machine, etc. There are three ways to limit the output torque (force).

- Internal torque (force) limit according to parameter settings
- External torque (force) limit using the P_CL and N_CL bits of the SVCMD_IO field
- Torque (force) limit by position/speed control command

If all of the above three methods are used, the smallest torque (force) limit will be applied.

(1) Internal Torque (Force) Limit

This method always limits the maximum output torque (force) to the set values of the following parameters.

Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn402	Forward Torque Limit (For rotational servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	800
Pn403	Reverse Torque Limit (For rotational servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	800
Pn483	Forward Force Limit (For linear servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	30
Pn484	Reverse Force Limit (For linear servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	30

(2) External Torque (Force) Limit Using P CL/N CL Bits of SVCMD IO Field

This method uses the P_CL and N_CL bits of the SVCMD_IO field to limit the output torque (force) to the values set for the following parameters. Settings can be made using common parameters.

Common Parameters	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
8C	Forward Torque (Force) Limit	4	0 to 800	%	100
8D	Reverse Torque (Force) Limit	4	0 to 800	%	100

(3) Torque (Force) Limit by Position/Speed Control Command

Torque (force) limits can be specified using the following commands.

INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, EX_FEED, EX_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, S_POSING

This method limits the torque (force) to the value set for TLIM of the position/speed control command.

The torque (force) limit specified by the above commands is controlled by the following parameter. $Pn002 = n.\Box\Box\Box$ 0: The torque (force) limit (TLIM) in position or speed control commands is not used. $Pn002 = n.\Box\Box\Box$ 1: The torque (force) limit (TLIM) in position or speed control commands is used (factory setting).

6.3 Torque (Force) Feedforward Function

This function is used to apply a torque (force) feedforward (TFF) from a position/speed control command to shorten positioning time. The host controller differentiates a position reference to generate a torque (force) feedforward reference.

[Torque (Force) Feedforward Reference Settable Commands] INTERPOLATE, VELCTRL

6.4 Software Limit Function

The software limits are used to forcibly stop the servomotor when a pre-set limit is exceeded by the moving part of the machine.

If a target position that exceeds a software limit is given in a command for position control, the target position in the SERVOPACK is forcibly clamped to the software limit and positioning is stopped.

If the feedback position for speed control or torque (force) control exceeds a software limit, the servomotor is stopped with the same stopping method as for overtravel.

(1) Conditions for Enabling the Software Limit Function

The software limit function is enabled when the following operations are completed. In other cases, the function remains disabled.

- Zero point return operation by the ZRET command is completed.
- The coordinate setting is completed after reference point setting (REFE = 1) by executing the POS_SET command.
- When using an absolute encoder, the sensor is turned on by the SENS ON command.

(2) Parameters Related to Software Limit Functions

Common Parameters	Name		Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
	Limit Se	etting				
	bit 0	Reserved		0 to 33H	0000Н	
	bit 1	Reserved				
	bit 2	Reserved				0000Н
25	bit 3	Reserved	4			
	bit 4	P-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: Enabled)				
	bit 5	N-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: Enabled)				
	bit 6 to 31	Reserved				
26	Forward Software Limit		4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit	1073741823
28	Reverse Software Limit		4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit	-1073741823

(3) Software Limit Monitoring

Check servo command input signal monitoring bits P SOT and N SOT for software limits.

Software limit operations are not performed in directions for which the software limit function is disabled, and the corresponding servo command input signal monitoring bit is always "0."

6.5 Latch Function

Two types of current position latch function using an external signal input are available:

- Latching by using the move command with the latch function (EX FEED, EX POSING, ZRET)
- Latching based on the latch request set by the LT_REQ1 and LT_REQ2 bits

An overview of the latch operation is presented below.

Type Operation	Move Command with Latch Function	Latching Based on the Latch Request Set by the LT_REQ1 and LT_REQ2 Bits
Latch Operation	The slave station starts latching on reception of the command if LT_REQ1 = 1, and ends latching on input of the specified latch signal.	The slave station starts latching if LT_REQ1 = 1 and LT_REQ2 = 1, and ends latching on input of the specified latch signal.
Canceling Latching	Cancelled by LT_REQ1 = 0 Cancelled when the slave station receives another command	Cancelled by LT_REQ1 = 0 and LT_REQ2 = 0
Checking Completion of Latching	Check L_CMP1.	Check L_CMP1 and L_CMP2.
Outputting Latched Position*	LPOS1	LPOS1, 2
Latching Allowable Area	According to the settings of Pn820 and Pn822	

^{*} Monitor the latched position by selecting the latched position with monitor selection bits SEL_MON1 to 3.

The relationship among the signals related to latching is shown in the diagram below.

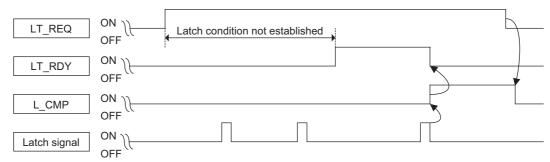
Even if a request for latching is made, latch signals will not be accepted until the latching conditions are satisfied.

Whether the latching conditions have been satisfied or not can be checked at LT_RDY1 and LT_RDY2 selected with common monitor 1 (CMN1) and common monitor 2 (CMN2). These monitors correspond to the 0th and 1st bits of the SV_STAT field of common parameter 89 (PnB12).

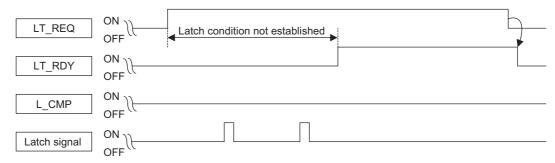
In either of the following cases, latching will not be performed since the latching conditions are not satisfied.

- Outside the latching allowable area set by parameters
- Inside the latching disabled area in the operation sequence for the ZRET command

Operation when Latching is Completed



Operation when Latching is not Completed



■ Latch Time Lag

- From reception of the command to latching start: 250 µs max.
- From completion of latching to transmission of a response: One communication cycle max.

6.5.1 Setting the Latching Allowable Area

Use the following parameters to set the latching allowable area.

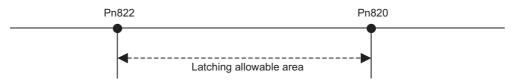
Parameter	Name	Data Size (Byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn820	Forward Latching Allowable Area	4	-2147483648 to 2147483647	Reference unit	0
Pn822	Reverse Latching Allowable Area	4	-2147483648 to 2147483647	Reference unit	0

Latch signal input is enabled when the following two conditions are satisfied.

- Within the latching allowable area set by Pn820 and Pn822
- The LT_REQ1 and LT_REQ2 bits of the SVCMD_CTRL field is set to "1" (requesting latching).

The above conditions for enabling latch signal input are valid for the latch operation for any command.

(1) When Pn820 > Pn822



(2) When Pn820 ≤ Pn822



6.5.1 Setting the Latching Allowable Area

Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands

This chapter describes the alarms and warnings that may occur in MECHATROLINK-III communications. For alarms and warnings that are not described in this manual, refer to the manual for the specific product.

7.1	Communication Related Alarms	7-2
7.2	Warnings Related to Communication and Commands	7-4
-	7.2.1 Communication Errors (COMM_ALM)	. 7-4
-	7.2.2 Command Errors (CMD_ALM)	. 7-4

7.1 Communication Related Alarms

The table below shows the communication alarms that may occur in MECHATROLINK-III communications.

If an error is found in the command or data that a SERVOPACK receives, the SERVOPACK returns the corresponding alarm code (in the COMM_ALM bit of the CMD_STAT field of the response).

At the same time, the alarm code is displayed on the SERVOPACK.

		Alarr	n in Response		SERVOPACK Side		
Category	COMM _ALM	Name	Meaning	Remedy	Stopping Method	Alarm Code	Alarm Reset
Communication Setting	0	Communica- tion data size setting error	The received data size does not match the data size set at the local station. The communication data reception status after starting communication is abnormal.	Review the number of transmission bytes (S3). Review the communication setting of the controller.	Zero- speed stopping	A.E41	Possi- ble
Error	0	Station address setting error	The station address setting is invalid or a station assigned the same station address exists in the communication network.	Review the station addresses (S1, S2).	Zero- speed stopping	A.E42	Impos- sible
	В	Transmission cycle setting error	An unsupported transmission cycle was set on reception of a CONNECT command.	Review the transmission cycle setting of the controller.	Zero- speed stopping	A.E40	Possi- ble
Communication Establishment Error	С	Synchronization failure	On reception of the CONNECT command and then the SYNC_SET command, the WDT data is not refreshed in each communication cycle and the communication timing cannot be synchronized.	Review the WDT processing of the controller. Check communication connections. Take countermeasures against noise.	Zero- speed stopping	A.E51	Possi- ble
Communi- cation	9	Data reception error	Data reception errors occurred twice consecutively after completing the execution of the CONNECT command. (Influence of noise, etc.) An error is detected on the communication LSI.	Check communication connections. Take countermeasures against noise. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALM_CLR command and then the SYNC_SET command. If the alarm continues, replace the SERVOPACK.	Zero- speed stopping	A.E60	Possi- ble
Error	A	Synchronous frame not received	The synchronous frame not received state was detected twice consecutively after completing the execution of the CONNECT command. (Influence of noise, etc.)	Check communication connections. Take countermeasures against noise. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALM_CLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stopping	A.E63	Possi- ble

		Alarn	n in Response		SERVOPACK Side			
Category	COMM Name		Meaning	Remedy	Stopping Method	Alarm Code	Alarm Reset	
	C Synchronization error		The controller is not refreshing the WDT data in each communication cycle after completing communication synchronization (in communication phase 3).	Review the WDT processing of the controller. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALM_CLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stopping	A.E50	Possi- ble	
Communication Synchronization Error	В	Transmission cycle error	The transmission cycle interval varied after completing the execution of the CONNECT command.	Review the transmission cycle interval of the controller. To recover from the alarm state, send the ALM_CLR command and then the SYNC_SET command.	Zero- speed stopping	A.E61	Possi- ble	
	0	Internal synchroniza- tion error	The transmission cycle interval varied after completing the execution of the CONNECT command.	Review the transmission cycle interval of the controller. To recover from the alarm state, turn OFF the power and then turn it back ON.	Stop by dynamic brake	A.E02	Impos- sible	
System	0	Communication LSI initialization error	The initialization process of the communication LSI failed.	Replace the SERVOPACK.	Stop by dynamic brake	A.b6A	Impos- sible	
Error	0	Communica- tion LSI error	An error is detected on the communication LSI.	Take countermeasures against noise. Replace the SERVOPACK.	Stop by dynamic brake	A.b6b	Impos- sible	
Command Execution Error	0	Command timeout error	The execution of the SV_ON or SENS_ON command was not completed within the set period.	Send the command while the motor is stopped.	Zero- speed stopping	A.ED1	Possi- ble	

7.2 Warnings Related to Communication and Commands

Warnings are divided into two categories, warnings related to data reception and procedures in MECHATROLINK-III communications and warnings related to the validity of commands.

7.2.1 Communication Errors (COMM_ALM)

The table below shows the warnings related to procedures in MECHATROLINK-III communications.

When an error of this kind is detected, the warning code is displayed on the SERVOPACK as well.

If any of these warnings occur, the relevant command will not be executed because the command data is not properly received. The operation of the servomotor continues. Therefore, the response will be the same as that of the previous command.

		Alarm in Respons	SERVOPACK Side		
Category	COMM_ ALM	Meaning	Remedy	Warning Code	Warning Code Reset
Communi-	2	Communication error	Check communication	A.960	
cations Warning	3	Synchronization frame not received	connections. Take countermeasures against noise.	A.963	Necessary

If a warning A.96 occurs during the interpolation operation (INTERPOLATE), the interpolation operation at the current feed speed continues within the communication cycle in which the warning A.96 was detected.

7.2.2 Command Errors (CMD ALM)

The table below shows the warnings related to the validity of commands.

When an error of this kind is detected, the warning code is displayed on the SERVOPACK as well.

		Alarm in Response		SERVOP	ACK Side		
Category	CMD_ ALM	Meaning	Remedy	Warning Code	Warning Code Reset	Remark	
	9	Parameter numbers or data addresses are incorrect.		A.94A			
	9	The data in the command is invalid.		A.94b		The command received on occurrence of the	
D .	9	The combination of data settings is incorrect.	Review the content of the command data sent	A.94C	Cleared automati- cally	warning will be ignored. The servomo-	
Data Setting Warning	9	The data size specified by the command is incorrect. The data is specified outside the range for the relevant data.	by the controller. (Refer to the setting conditions of each command and parameter.)	A.94d	cany	tor continues its operation.	
	1	The data in the command is beyond the limit. It will be clamped at the limit value.		A.97b	Cleared automati- cally	The command will be executed with the data clamped at the limit value.	
	A	The command sequence is incorrect.		A.95A			
	8	An unsupported command has been received.		A.95b			
	A	Latch command interferes.	Review the command sending sequence of the	A.95d	Cleared		
Command Warning	В	Subcommand and main command interfere.	controller. (Refer to the conditions of each com-	A.95E	automati- cally	_	
	8	An illegal command has been received.	mand.)	A.95F			
	С	A command not allowed in this communication phase has been received.		A.97A			

On reception of a normal command after a command error has occurred, CMD_ALM (A.94 \square and A.95 \square) is cleared automatically.

Common Parameters

8.1	Overview	8-2
8 2	List of Common Parameters	8-3

8.1 Overview

Common parameters are assigned common parameter numbers that are defined in the standard servo profile and are independent of individual devices. The utilization of common parameters means that parameters can be read or set without using parameter numbers or names specific to individual devices.

To read or set common parameters, select "common parameters" in the MODE field of the SVPRM_RD or SVPRM_WR command.

List of Common Parameters 8.2

The following list shows the common parameters.

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category
01	4		rpe Selection	0 or 1 (read only)	-	-	_	
(PnA02)	·		Absolute encoder					
02		Motor Type	e Selection	0 or 1 (read only)	_	-		
02 (PnA04)	4	0000H R	Rotational servomotor				-	
			inear servomotor					
03		Semi-closed Selection	d/Fully-closed Type	0 or 1 (read only)	-	-		
(PnA06)	4	0000H S	Semi-closed				_	
		0001H F	fully-closed					
04 (PnA08)	4	Rated Spee	d	0 to FFFFFFFH (read only)	Rotational servomotor: min ⁻¹ , Linear servomotor: mm/s	-	-	
05 (PnA0A)	4	Maximum (Output Speed	0 to FFFFFFFH (read only)	Rotational servomotor: min ⁻¹ , Linear servomotor: mm/s	-	-	Device Information Related
06 (PnA0C)	4	Speed Mult	tiplier	read only)	_	=	_	Parameters
07 (PnA0E)	4	Rated Torqu	ue (Force)	0 to FFFFFFFH (read only)	Rotational servomotor: N·m, Linear servomotor: N	-	_	
08 (PnA10)	4	Maximum (Maximum Output Torque (Force)		Rotational servomotor: N·m, Linear servomotor: N	-	-	
09 (PnA12)	4	Torque (Force) Multiplier		read only)	-	-	-	
0A (PnA14)	4	Resolution		0 to FFFFFFFH (read only)	pulse/rev	-	-	
0B (PnA16)	4	Scale Pitch		0 to 65536000	nm [0.01 μm]*1	0	After restart	
0C (PnA18)	4	Pulses per S	Scale Pitch	0 to FFFFFFFH (read only)	pulse/pitch	-	-	

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.
*1. Set the units to multiples of 10.

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category	
21 (PnA42)	4	Electron	ic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	1 to 1073741824	-	1	After restart		
22 (PnA44)	4	Electroni (Denomi	ic Gear Ratio nator)	1 to 1073741824	_	1	After restart	-	
23 (PnA46)	4	Absolute	Encoder Origin Offset	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	0	Immedi- ately*2		
24 (PnA48)	4	Multituri	n Limit Setting	0 to 65535	Rev	65535	After restart	-	
		Limit Se	tting	0 to 33H	0000H			1	
		bit 0	Reserved						
		bit 1	Reserved						
		bit 2	Reserved					Machine	
25	4	bit 3	Reserved			0000Н	After	Specifica-	
(PnA4A)		bit 4	P-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: En				restart	tion Related	
		bit 5	N-SOT (0: Disabled, 1: En	nabled)				Parameters	
		bit 6	Reserved						
		bit 7 to 31	Reserved						
26 (PnA4C)	4	Forward	Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	1073741823	Immedi- ately		
27 (PnA4E)	4	Reserved	l by System	_	=	0	Immedi- ately		
28 (PnA50)	4	Reverse	Software Limit	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	-1073741823	Immedi- ately		
29 (PnA52)	4	Reserved	l by System	-	-	0	Immedi- ately		
			nit Selection*3	0 to 4	_				
		0000Н	Reference unit/sec				After		
41	١.	0001H	Reference unit/min			_			
(PnA82)	4	0002H	Percentage (%) of rated sp	eed*4		0	restart		
		0003H	min ⁻¹ *4						
		0004H	Max. motor speed/400000	00H*5					
42 (PnA84)	4	Speed Base Unit Selection*4, *5 (Set the value of "n" to use in the following formula. Speed Unit Selection (common parameter No. 41 PnA82) × 10 ⁿ)		-3 to 3	_	0	After restart	Unit System Related Parameters	
43		Position Unit Selection		0	_	^	After	1	
(PnA86)	4	0000H Reference unit		ı	I	0	restart		
44 (PnA88)	4	(Set the standard following Position	Base Unit Selection value of "n" to use in the g formula. Unit Selection (common er No. 43 PnA86) × 10 ⁿ)	0	-	0	After restart		
		_	sing norometers that are enal	arr govern	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

- *2. Available after the SENS_ON command is input.
- *3. When using fully-closed loop control, set 0000H (Reference unit/sec).
- *4. When either 0002H or 0003H is selected for the Speed Unit (parameter 41), set the Speed Base Unit (parameter 42) to a number between -3 and 0.
- *5. When 0004H is selected for the Speed Unit (parameter 41), set the Speed Base Unit (parameter 42) to 0.

(cont'd)

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category
		Accelera	tion Unit Selection	-	-			
45 (PnA8A)	4	0000Н	Reference unit/sec ²			0	After restart	
(1 111 107 1)		0001H	Not supported				Toblart	
46 (PnA8C)	4	(Set the v following Accelera	value of "n" to use in the g formula. tion Unit Selection (commeter No. 45 PnA8A) ×	4 to 6	_	4	4 After restart	
		Torque (1	Force) Unit Selection	1 to 2	_			=
47	4	0000Н	Not supported			1	After restart	
(PnA8E)	4	0001H	Percentage (%) of rated to	rque (force)		1		
		0002H	Max. torque (force) /40000	0000H ^{*6}				
48 (PnA90)	4	tion*6 (Set the v following Torque (1)	Force) Base Unit Selectoralue of "n" to use in the g formula. Force) Unit Selection in parameter No. 47 PnA8E)	-5 to 0	-	0	After restart	
			nce Unit System	(read only)	_			Unit System
		Speed	T					
		bit 0	Reference unit/s (1: Enable				Related Parameters	
		bit 1	Reference unit/min (1: Ena					
		bit 2	Percentage (%) of rated sp	eed (1: Enabled))			
		bit 3	min ⁻¹ (rpm) (1: Enabled)					
		bit 4	Max. motor speed/4000000H (Hex.) (1: Enabled)					
		bit 5 to 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		Position						
40		bit 8	Reference unit (1: Enabled	l)				
49 (PnA92)	4	bit 9 to 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)			0601011FH	_	
		Accelera	tion					
		bit 16	Reference unit/s ² (1: Enab	led)				
		bit 17	msec (Acceleration time ta (0: Disabled)	ken to reach the	e rated speed)			
		bit 18 to 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
	Torque (Force)							
		bit 24	N·m (N) (0: Disabled)					
		bit 25	Percentage (%) of rated to	rque (force) (1: 1	Enabled)			
		bit 26	Max. torque (force) /40000	0000 (Hex.) (1: 1	Enabled)	\dashv		
		bit 27 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					_

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or

the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.
When 0002H is selected for the Torque (Force) Unit (parameter 47), set the Torque (Force) Base Unit (parameter 48) to 0.

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category
61 (PnAC2)	4	Speed Loop Gain	1000 to 2000000	0.001 Hz [0.1 Hz]	40000	Immedi- ately	
62 (PnAC4)	4	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	150 to 512000	μs [0.01 ms]	20000	Immedi- ately	
63 (PnAC6)	4	Position Loop Gain	1000 to 2000000	0.001/s [0.1/s]	40000	Immedi- ately	A 11' 4
64 (PnAC8)	4	Feedforward Compensation	0 to 100	%	0	Immedi- ately	Adjustment Related Parameters
65 (PnACA)	4 Position Loop Integral Time Constant		0 to 5000000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately	1 01 011
66 (PnACC)	4	Positioning Completed Width	0 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	7	Immedi- ately	
67 (PnACE)	4	NEAR Signal Width	1 to 1073741824	1 reference unit	1073741824	Immedi- ately	
81 (PnB02)	4	Exponential Function Accel/Decel Time Constant	0 to 510000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately*7	
82 (PnB04)	4	Movement Average Time	0 to 510000	μs [0.1 ms]	0	Immedi- ately*7	
83 (PnB06)	4	Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immedi- ately	
84 (PnB08)	4	Homing Approach Speed	0 to 3FFFFFFFH	Rotational servomotor: 10^{-3} min ⁻¹ , Linear servomotor: 10^{-3} mm/s	5000	Immedi- ately	Command Related Parameters
85 (PnB0A)	4	Homing Creep Speed	0 to 3FFFFFFH	Rotational servomotor: 10^{-3} min^{-1} , Linear servomotor: 10^{-3} mm/s	500	Immedi- ately	
86 (PnB0C)	4	Final Travel Distance for Homing	-1073741823 to 1073741823	1 reference unit	100	Immedi- ately	

Note: When using parameters that are enabled after restarting the SERVOPACK, a CONFIG command must be input or the power must be turned OFF and then ON again.

Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during

operation.

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category
		Monitor	Selection 1	0 to F	_			
		0000Н	APOS					
		0001H	CPOS					
		0002H	PERR					
		0003H	LPOS1					
		0004H	LPOS2				Immedi- ately	
		0005H	FSPD					
		0006H	CSPD					
87 (PnB0E)	4	0007H	TRQ			1		
(0008H	ALARM				atory	Command Related
		0009H	MPOS	MPOS				Parameters
		000AH	Reserved (Indefinite value)				
		000BH	Reserved (Indefinite value))				
		000CH	CMN1 (Common monitor	1)				
		000DH	CMN2 (Common monitor	2)				
		000EH	OMN1 (Optional monitor	1)				
		000FH	OMN2 (Optional monitor	2)				
		Monitor	Selection 2	-	_			
88 (PnB10)	4	0000H to 000FH	Same as Monitor Selection	ı 1.		0	Immedi- ately	

Parameter						Set	ting	Units	Factory	Enabled	(cont d)
No.	Size		Na	me			nge	[Resolution]	Setting	Timing	Category
		Monitor (CMN1)	Selection	for SEL	_MON1	0 t	o 6	-			
		0000Н	TPOS (Target po	sition in t	he comn	nand coo	ordinates)			
		0001H	IPOS (R	Reference	position	in the co	mmand	coordinates)			
		0002H	POS_O	FSET (O: nd (POS_	ffset value SET))	e set in t	he set co	ordinates			
		0003H	TSPD (Target sp	eed)						
		0004H	SPD_LI	M (Spee	d limit va	lue)					
		0005H	TRQ_L	IM (Torq	ue (force)	limit va	alue)				
			SV_STA								
			Monitor		ommunic	eation nh	ase				
			-	00H: Ph		ation ph	iasc				
				01H: Ph							
				02H: Ph 03H: Ph							
					ontrol mo	ode					
					sition con		le				
					eed contro rque (forc		ol mode				
			byte 3:	Reserved							
			byte 4:	byte 4: Expansion signal monitor							
			bit	Name	Descr	iption	Value	Setting			
			1:40	for late	for latch		0	Latch detection not processed			
89 (PnB12)	4		bit 0	RD¥1	tion speci SVCMD TRL.LT_	C-	1	During latch detection processing	0	Immedi- ately	Command Related Parameters
		0006Н	bit 1	LT_	Processin for latch tion speci	detec-	0	Latch detection not processed			
				RD¥1	SVCMD_ TRL.LT_) C-	1	During latch detection processing			
							0	Phase C			
			bit 2,	LT SEL1R	Latch Sig	mal	1	External input signal 1			
			bit 3	SEL1R	Laten Sig	giiai	2	External input signal 2			
							3	External input signal 3			
							0	Phase C			
			bit 4,	LT	T . 1 G		1	External input signal 1			
			bit 5	SEL2R	Latch Sig	gnal	2	External input signal 2			
							3	External input signal 3			
			bit 6	Reserved	1(0)						
		0007H	Reserve	d							
		0008Н	INIT_P	GPOS (L	ow)	encode	r value c	the initial converted to a converted bits)			
		0009Н	INIT_P	GPOS (H	igh)	64-bit of encode	data for t	the initial converted to a c (higher 32 bits)			

Parameter No.	Size	Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category
8A (PnB14)	4	Monitor Select for SEL_MON2 (CMN2) 0000H to 0006H Same as Monitor Selection	0 to 6	1.	0	Immedi- ately	
8B (PnB16)	4	Origin Detection Range	0 to 250	0 to 250 1 reference unit		Immedi- ately	
8C (PnB18)	4	Forward Torque (Force) Limit	0 to 800	%	100	Immedi- ately	
8D (PnB1A)	4	Reverse Torque (Force) Limit	0 to 800	%	100	Immedi- ately	
8E (PnB1C)	4	Zero Speed Detection Range	1000 to 10000000	Rotational servomotor: 10^{-3} min ⁻¹ , Linear servomotor: 10^{-3} mm/s	20000	Immedi- ately	
8F (PnB1E)	4	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width	0 to 100000	Rotational servomotor: 10^{-3} min ⁻¹ , Linear servomotor: 10^{-3} mm/s	10000	Immedi- ately	
90 (PnB20)	4	Servo Command Control Field Enabled/Disabled bit 0	pled) plot of the control of the con		0FFF3F3FH	_	Command Related Parameters

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category
NO.		Servo Co Enabled/	ommand Status Field Disabled	read only)	0	Octung	Tilling	
		bit 0	CMD PAUSE CMP (1: E	` •				
		bit 1	CMD_CANCEL CMP(1:					
		bit 2, 3	Reserved (0: Disabled)	Endored)				
		bit 4, 5	ACCFIL (1: Enabled)					
		bit 6, 7	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		bit 8	L CMP1 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 9	L_CMP2 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 10	POS_RDY (1: Enabled)					
91	4	bit 11	PON (1: Enabled)			0FFF3F33H		
(PnB22)	-	bit 12	M_RDY (1: Enabled)			0111313311		
		bit 13	SV_ON (1: Enabled)					
		bit 14, 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		bit 16 to 19	SEL_MON1 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 20 to 23	SEL_MON2 (1: Enabled)					Command Related Parameters
		bit 24 to 27	SEL_MON3 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 28 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		I/O Bit E (Output)	nabled/Disabled	read only)	_			
		bit 0 to	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		bit 4	V_PPI (1: Enabled)					
		bit 5	P_PPI (1: Enabled)					
		bit 6	P_CL (1: Enabled)					
		bit 7	N_CL (1: Enabled)					
92	4	bit 8 bit 9 to	G_SEL (1: Enabled)			0155015011		
(PnB24)	4	11	G_SEL (0: Disabled)			01FF01F0H	_	
		bit 12 to 15	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		bit 16 to 19	BANK_SEL (1: Enabled)					
		bit 20 to 22	SO1 to SO3 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		bit 24 to 31	Reserved (0: Disabled)					

(co	nť	d)
,		~,

Parameter No.	Size		Name	Setting Range	Units [Resolution]	Factory Setting	Enabled Timing	Category
		(Input)	nabled/Disabled	read only)	-			
		bit 0	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		bit 1	DEC (1: Enabled)					
		bit 2	P-OT (1: Enabled)					
		bit 3	N-OT (1: Enabled)					
		bit 4	EXT1 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 5	EXT2 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 6	EXT3 (1: Enabled)					
		bit 7	ESTP (1: Enabled)					
	bir	bit 8	Reserved (0: Disabled)					
		bit 9	BRK_ON (1: Enabled)					Command
93	4	bit 10	P-SOT (1: Enabled)			FF0FFEFEH	_	Related
(PnB26)		bit 11	N-SOT (1: Enabled)				Parameters	
		bit 12	DEN (1: Enabled)					
		bit 13	NEAR (1: Enabled)					
		bit 14	PSET (1: Enabled)					
		bit 15	ZPOINT (1: Enabled)					
		bit 16	T_LIM (1: Enabled)					
		bit 17	V_LIM (1: Enabled)					
		bit 18	V_CMP (1: Enabled)					
		bit 19	ZSPD (1: Enabled)					
		bit 20 to 23	Reserved (0: Disabled)			1		
		bit 24 to 31	I0_STS1 to 8 (1: Enabled)					

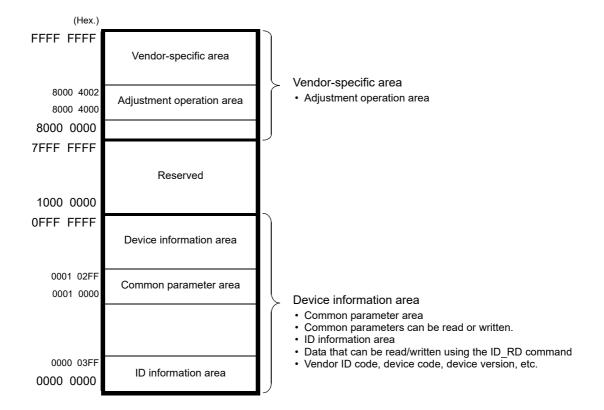
Virtual Memory Space

9.1 Virtual Memory Space	9-2
9.2 Information Allocated to Virtual Memory	9-3
9.2.1 ID Information Area	9-3
9.2.2 Common Parameter Area	9-4
9.2.3 Adjustment Operation Area	9-5

9.1 Virtual Memory Space

The virtual memory space is the memory area that can be accessed by using the read memory command (MEM_RD: 1DH) and write memory command (MEM_WR: 1EH).

By adopting the concept of virtual memory, the memory areas that vary among devices and vendors can be accessed at common addresses.



9.2 Information Allocated to Virtual Memory

The ID information, common parameter and adjustment operation areas are allocated to virtual memory.

9.2.1 ID Information Area

When accessing virtual memory using the MEM_RD or MEM_WR command, use virtual memory addresses. The address map is given below.

For details, refer to the ID_CODE value in 3.1.3 Read ID Command (ID_RD: 03H) that corresponds to the one in the following table.

Data in this area can also be read by using the ID_RD command.

	(Hex.)		ID_CODE	(Hex.)		ID_CODE	(Hex.)		ID_CODE
0000	00DF			0000 02BF	Reserved	-	0000 3FFF		
				0000 02A0	Sub Device 2 Version	A8H		Reserved	-
		List of Supported	30H	0000 029F					
		Main Commands	0011				0000 03A0	Sub Device 6 Version	E8H
					Sub Device 2 Name	A0H	0000 039F		
0000	00C0								
	00BF	Reserved	_						
0000	008C			0000 0280				Sub Device 6 Name	E0H
0000	0084	MAC Address	_	0000 027F	Reserved	-			
0000	0000	C	0011	0000 0260	Sub Device 1 Version	98H	0000 0000		
0000	0080	Supported Communication Mode	20H	0000 025F			0000 0380		
		Reserved (00000000HEX)	-					Decembed	
		Reserved (0000000HEX)	- 4DH		Sub Device 1 Name	90H		Reserved	_
		Profile Type (Current Value)	1DH			00	0000 0000		
0000	0070	Number of Transmission Bytes (Current Value)	1CH				0000 0360	Sub Device 5 Version	D8H
0000	006C	Number of Transmission Bytes	1BH	0000 0240			0000 035F		
0000	0068	Maximum Value of Communication Cycle	1AH	0000 023F					
0000	0064	Minimum Value of Communication Cycle	19H		Reserved	-			
0000	0060	Granularity of Transmission Cycle	18H	0000 0220				Sub Device 5 Name	D0H
0000	005C	Maximum Value of Transmission Cycle	17H	0000 021F					
0000	0058	Minimum Value of Transmission Cycle	16H						
0000	0054	Profile Version 3	15H		Main Device Name	80H	0000 0340		
0000	0050	Profile Type 3	14H		Main Bovios Hamo	0011	•		
0000	004C	Profile Version 2	13H					Reserved	-
0000	0048	Profile Type 2	12H						
0000	0044	Profile Version 1	11H	0000 0200			0000 0320	Sub Device 4 Version	C8H
0000	0040	Profile Type 1	10H	0000 01FF			0000 031F		
0000	003C	Reserved (0000000HEX)	-		Reserved	-			
0000	0038	Reserved (0000000HEX)	-	0000 0120					
0000	0034			0000 011F				Sub Device 4 Name	C0H
		Serial No.	06H		List of Supported	40H			
		Condition.	0011		Common Parameters	1011	0000 0300		
							0000 02FF	Reserved	-
0000	0018			0000 0100			0000 02E0	Sub Device 3 Version	B8H
0000	0014	Supported Extended Address	05H	0000 00FF			0000 02DF		
0000	0010	Device Definition File Version	04H						
0000	000C	Device Version	03H		List of Supported	38H		Sub Device 3 Name	вон
0000	8000	Device Code	02H		Subcommands			Cab Device o Naille	5011
0000	0004	Vendor ID Code	01H						
0000	0000	Reserved (0000000HEX)	-	0000 00E0			0000 02C0		

9.2.2 Common Parameter Area

When accessing virtual memory using the MEM_RD or MEM_WR command, use virtual memory addresses. The address map is given below.

Data in this area can also be read using the SVPRM_RD or SVPRM_WR command.

For details, refer to the common parameter No. in 8.2 List of Common Parameters that corresponds to the one in the following table.

Mathematical Control Mathematical Control		(Hex.)		Common Parameter No.		(Hex.)		Common Parameter No.
Note	0001	0124	Supported Unit	49H	0001	FFFF		
March Marc	0001	0120	Torque (Force) Base Unit	48H			D 1 (0000000011EV)	
0001 0114	0001	011C	Torque (Force) Unit	47H			Reserved (00000000HEX)	_
0001 0110	0001	0118	Acceleration Base Unit	46H	0001	0250		
November November	0001	0114	Acceleration Unit	45H	0001	024C	I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled	93H
0001 0108	0001	0110	Position Base Unit	44H	0001	0248	I/O Bit Enabled/Disabled	92H
0001 0104 Speed Unit	0001	010C	Position Unit	43H	0001	0244	SVCMD_STAT field Enabled/Disabled	91H
0001 0100 Reserved (00000000HEX) -	0001	0108	Speed Base Unit	42H	0001	0240	SVCMD_CTRL field Enabled/Disabled	90H
0001 00FC Reserved (0000000HEX)	0001	0104	Speed Unit	41H	0001	023C	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width	8FH
Reserved (00000000HEX)	0001	0100	Reserved (0000000HEX)	_	0001	0238	Zero Speed Detection Range	8EH
0001 00A4 0001 022C	0001	00FC			0001	0234	Reverse Torque (Force) Limit	8DH
0001 0004 Reverse Software Limit 28H 0001 0228 Monitor Select for SEL_MON2 8AH 0001 0096 Reserved (00000000HEX) - 0001 0224 Monitor Select for SEL_MON1 89H 0001 0098 Forward Software Limit 26H 0001 0220 Monitor Select for SEL_MON1 89H 0001 0094 Limit Setting 25H 0001 0210 Monitor Selection 2 88H 0001 0090 Multiturn Limit 24H 0001 0218 Final Travel Distance for Homing 86H 0001 0086 Absolute Encoder Origin Offset 23H 0001 0214 Homing Creep Speed 85H 0001 0086 Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) 22H 0001 0210 Homing Approach Speed 84H 0001 0084 Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) 21H 0001 0200 Final Travel Distance for External Positioning 83H 0001 0080 Reserved (00000000HEX) - 0001 0200 Reserved (000000000HEX) - 0001 0200 Reserved (000000000HEX) - 0001 0200 0200 Reserved (000000000HEX) - 0001 0200 Reserved (0000000000HEX) - 0001 0200 Reserved (000000000HEX) - 0001 0200 Reserved (000000000000000000000000000000000000			Reserved (0000000HEX)	_	0001	0230	Forward Torque (Force) Limit	8CH
0001 009c Reserved (00000000HEX) -	0001	00A4			0001	022C	Origin Detection Range	8BH
Novement September Septe	0001	00A0	Reverse Software Limit	28H	0001	0228	Monitor Select for SEL_MON2	8AH
DOU1 0094	0001	009C	Reserved (0000000HEX)	_	0001	0224	Monitor Select for SEL_MON1	89H
Multiturn Limit 24H 0001 0218 Final Travel Distance for Homing 86H 0001 008C Absolute Encoder Origin Offset 23H 0001 0214 Homing Creep Speed 85H 0001 008E Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) 22H 0001 0210 Homing Approach Speed 84H 0001 008E Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) 21H 0001 020C Final Travel Distance for External Positioning 83H 0001 008E Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) 21H 0001 020C Final Travel Distance for External Positioning 83H 0001 020C Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) 21H 0001 020E Movement Average Time 82H 0001 020E Exponential Function Acceleration / Deceleration Time Constant 81H 0001 003D Pulses per Scale Pitch 00H 0001 020C Exponential Function Acceleration / Deceleration Time Constant 0001 020C Reserved (00000000HEX) - 0001 020C Exponential Function Acceleration / Deceleration Time Constant 0001 020C Reserved (00000000HEX) - 0001 020C 0002C Torque (Force) Maximum Output Torque (Force) 08H 0001 019C NEAR Signal Width 67H 0001 001C Rated Torque (Force) 07H 0001 019B Position Loop Integral Time Constant 65H 0001 001E Maximum Output Speed 05H 0001 019C Position Loop Gain 63H 0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 018E Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0006 Reserved (00000000HEX) - 0001 0006 Reserved (00000000HEX) - 0001 0006 Reserved (000000000HEX) - 0001 0006 Reserved (0000000000000HEX) - 0001 0006 Reserved (000000000000000000000000000000000000	0001	0098	Forward Software Limit	26H	0001	0220	Monitor Selection 2	88H
0001 008C Absolute Encoder Origin Offset 23H 0001 0214 Homing Creep Speed 85H 0001 0088 Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) 22H 0001 0210 Homing Approach Speed 84H 0001 0084 Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) 21H 0001 020C Final Travel Distance for External Positioning 83H 0001 0208 Movement Average Time 82H 0001 0204 Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant 81H 0001 0030 Pulses per Scale Pitch 00H 0001 020C Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant 0001 020C Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Final Position Loop Independent Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Final Position Function Final Position Final Position Final Final Functi	0001	0094	Limit Setting	25H	0001	021C	Monitor Selection 1	87H
D001 0088 Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) 22H D001 0210 Homing Approach Speed 84H	0001	0090	Multiturn Limit	24H	0001	0218	Final Travel Distance for Homing	86H
December December	0001	008C	Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	23H	0001	0214	Homing Creep Speed	85H
Decitioning Decideration	0001	0088	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	22H	0001	0210	Homing Approach Speed	84H
Reserved (00000000HEX)	0001	0084	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	21H	0001	020C		83H
Deceleration Time Constant STH	0001	0080			0001	0208	Movement Average Time	82H
0001 0030 Pulses per Scale Pitch 0CH 0001 01FC Reserved (00000000HEX) —			Reserved (00000000HEX)	-	0001	0204		81H
O001 002C	0001	0034			0001	0200	Reserved (0000000HEX)	_
Reserved (00000000HEX) Control	0001	0030	Pulses per Scale Pitch	0CH	0001	01FC		
0001 0028 Resolution (Rotary) 0AH 0001 0024 Torque (Force) Multiplier 09H 0001 01A0 0001 0020 Maximum Output Torque (Force) 08H 0001 019C NEAR Signal Width 67H 0001 001C Rated Torque (Force) 07H 0001 0198 Positioning Completed Width 66H 0001 0018 Speed Multiplier 06H 0001 0194 Position Loop Integral Time Constant 65H 0001 0014 Maximum Output Speed 05H 0001 0190 Feedforward Compensation 64H 0001 0010 Rated Speed 04H 0001 018C Position Loop Gain 63H 0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 0188 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 62H 0001 0008 Motor Type 02H 0001 0180 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	002C	Linear Scale Pitch	0BH			Posaniad (00000000HEY)	
0001 0020 Maximum Output Torque (Force) 08H 0001 019C NEAR Signal Width 67H 0001 001C Rated Torque (Force) 07H 0001 0198 Positioning Completed Width 66H 0001 0018 Speed Multiplier 06H 0001 0194 Position Loop Integral Time Constant 65H 0001 0014 Maximum Output Speed 05H 0001 0190 Feedforward Compensation 64H 0001 0010 Rated Speed 04H 0001 018C Position Loop Gain 63H 0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 0188 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 62H 0001 0008 Motor Type 02H 0001 0184 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	0028	Resolution (Rotary)	0AH			rteserved (0000000011EX)	_
0001 001C Rated Torque (Force) 07H 0001 0198 Positioning Completed Width 66H 0001 0018 Speed Multiplier 06H 0001 0194 Position Loop Integral Time Constant 65H 0001 0014 Maximum Output Speed 05H 0001 0190 Feedforward Compensation 64H 0001 0010 Rated Speed 04H 0001 018C Position Loop Gain 63H 0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 0188 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 62H 0001 0008 Motor Type 02H 0001 0184 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	0024	Torque (Force) Multiplier	09H	0001	01A0		
0001 0018 Speed Multiplier 06H 0001 0194 Position Loop Integral Time Constant 65H 0001 0014 Maximum Output Speed 05H 0001 0190 Feedforward Compensation 64H 0001 0010 Rated Speed 04H 0001 018C Position Loop Gain 63H 0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 0188 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 62H 0001 0008 Motor Type 02H 0001 0184 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	0020	Maximum Output Torque (Force)	08H	0001	019C	NEAR Signal Width	67H
0001 0014 Maximum Output Speed 05H 0001 0190 Feedforward Compensation 64H 0001 0010 Rated Speed 04H 0001 018C Position Loop Gain 63H 0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 0188 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 62H 0001 0008 Motor Type 02H 0001 0184 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	001C	Rated Torque (Force)	07H	0001	0198	Positioning Completed Width	66H
0001 0010 Rated Speed 04H 0001 018C Position Loop Gain 63H 0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 0188 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 62H 0001 0008 Motor Type 02H 0001 0184 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	0018	Speed Multiplier	06H	0001	0194	Position Loop Integral Time Constant	65H
0001 000C Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type 03H 0001 0188 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant 62H 0001 0008 Motor Type 02H 0001 0184 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	0014	Maximum Output Speed	05H	0001	0190	Feedforward Compensation	64H
0001 0004 Motor Type 02H 0001 0184 Speed Loop Gain 61H 0001 0004 Encoder Type 01H 0001 0180 Reserved (00000000HEX) —	0001	0010	Rated Speed	04H	0001	018C	Position Loop Gain	63H
0001 0004	0001	000C	Semi-closed/Fully-closed Type	03H	0001	0188	Speed Loop Integral Time Constant	62H
Reserved (00000000HEX) -	0001	0008	Motor Type	02H	0001	0184	Speed Loop Gain	61H
0001 0000 Reserved (00000000HEX) – 0001 0128	0001	0004	Encoder Type	01H	0001	0180	Reserved (00000000HEV)	_
	0001	0000	Reserved (0000000HEX)	-	0001	0128	Treserved (000000001 IEA)	

9.2.3 Adjustment Operation Area

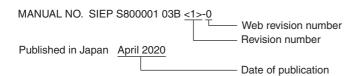
Use the MEM_RD or MEM_WR command to access this area. The address map is given below.

For the command communication procedure for adjustment operations, refer to 3.1.11 Write Memory Command (MEM_WR: 1EH).

Address		Description	Data Size (Byte)	Data Type
8000 4000HEX	Description			
0000 4000 IEX	Name Command code		2	Binary Data
8000 4002HEX	Description	The area where commands for preparing or starting adjustment op-	erations are writt	en
	Name	Start command	2	Binary Data

Revision History

The revision dates and numbers of the revised manuals are given on the bottom of the back cover.



Date of Publication	Rev. No.	Section	Revised Contents
December 2024	<2>	8.2	Partly revised
		Back cover	Revision: Address
April 2020	<1>	Front cover, Back cover	Revision: Format
		2.6.1	Addition: bits 16 to 23
		2.6.2	Addition: bits 24 to 31
		8.2	Revision: Factory setting of parameter No.92 (PnB24)
November 2013	_	_	First edition

AC Servo Drives Σ -V-MD Series **USER'S MANUAL** MECHATROLINK-III Standard Servo Profile Commands

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